

# BARACK HUSSEIN OBAMA II

I-how the election of Barack Obama marked a turning point in American society

II-how he has become a true figure of the American dream.

## Birth

1961

Critics questioned Obama's birthplace, pushing the "birther" conspiracy claiming he wasn't born in the US, despite evidence like his Hawaiian birth certificate. This baseless theory, seen as racially motivated, aimed to undermine his legitimacy as the first African American President. Though discredited, it lingers in some political circles.



## Study

1983-1991

Barack Obama studied primarily at Columbia University in New York City and Harvard Law School.



## first major job

2004

After marrying Michelle Robinson, Barack Obama entered politics as a Senator for Chicago, later becoming a US Senator and emerging as a key figure in the Democratic Party.



## 1st Presidential term

2009 -2013

During his first term, Obama tackled the 2008 economic crisis with the Obama Care plan, providing social protection for millions. He withdrew troops from Iraq, normalized relations with Cuba, and won the Nobel Peace Prize, though criticized due to ongoing conflicts. He also led the operation that resulted in Osama bin Laden's death in 2011, uniting Americans against terrorism.



## 2nd Presidential term

2013-2017

During his second term, he wanted to strengthen Obamacare, introduce gun control legislation and ratify the Paris climate agreement. Finally, he was criticized for his handling of the disclosure of confidential information by Edward Snowden.



## Obama Fondation

2017

After his presidency, Obama founded the Obama Foundation to nurture future leaders and promote civic engagement globally. Through various programs, the foundation empowers youth to make a positive impact in their communities.



## SINCE 2020

Barack Obama released his memoir "A Promised Land" offering insights into his presidency. Despite not seeking political office, he campaigned for Democratic candidates, including Joe Biden. He remains an advocate for healthcare, climate, and criminal justice reform, while also producing media content with Michelle Obama through Higher Ground Productions, focusing on themes of race and community empowerment.



## CONCLUSION

Barack Obama's presidency was historic as the first black president of the United States, symbolizing progress in a country marked by racial strife. Despite this symbolic milestone, questions remain about the tangible changes for African-Americans. Obama aimed for a united, multicultural America, drawing from both his African and white heritage. His presidency saw progress in civil service integration but limited impact in the private sector and education, with persistent discrimination. Initiatives like Obamacare targeted minority poverty, though its full impact was hindered by resistance, particularly in Southern states.