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## Code Book

for the Job Mobilities and Family Lives Data Set<br>First Wave

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Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe
Modern Mobile Living and its Relation to Quality of Life
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## 1. Introduction

The data set documented in this code book was generated by the Project Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe - Modern Mobile Living and its Relation to Quality of Life in 2007. The aim of this project was to describe job-related spatial mobilities, such as daily commuting, business travel, or job-related relocation, with representative data as well as to explore the causes and the consequences of mobility. It was funded by the European Commission and realised by a research network of social scientists in six European countries. The project was coordinated by the Johannes Gutenberg University Mainz, namely by Prof. Dr. Norbert F. Schneider. ${ }^{1}$ It started in February 2006 and ended in October 2008.

More information about the project is available on the project website www.jobmob-andfamlives.eu as well as in two book volumes. ${ }^{2}$ More information on the methodological design is available in two methodological chapters within these volumes. ${ }^{3}$ The survey documented in this code book will be addressed here as the Job Mobilities and Family Lives data set (first wave) or, short, as JobMob I.

The data set is available as a scientific use file for secondary analyses by any researcher, teacher or student at a public university or institution. It is not available for commercial use. For scientific use, only a formal permission by the primary researchers is necessary, interceded by the data archive from which you order it, guaranteeing the non-commercial purposes of the analyses as well as a reference in any publication based on the data. If you publish work that is based on analyses with Job Mob data we kindly ask you to refer to the primary researchers by the following (or an equivalent) sentence:
"The data used for the following analyses are provided by the research project
Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe (www.jobmob-and-famlives.eu)."
We also ask you to inform the primary researchers about each publication. Please use the contact e-mail address mentioned in section 9 .

[^0]
## 2. Basic Information

The Job Mob data set is based on a standardised quantitative representative survey. It was carried out between May and July 2007. Six countries participated: Germany, France, Spain, Poland, Switzerland, and Belgium. In each country a separate research team was in charge for the data collection. Responsible for the six national sample parts are:
Germany ............... Norbert F. Schneider (Johannes Gutenberg University Mainz)
France ................... Beate Collet (CNRS, Université Lunière Lyon 2)
Spain ...................... Gerardo Meil Landwerlin (Universidad Autónoma de Madrid)
Poland ................... Anna Giza-Poleszczuk (University of Warsaw)
Switzerland ........... Eric Widmer (Université de Genève) and

Vincent Kaufmann (École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne)
Belgium................ Michel Hubert (Facultés Universitaires Saint-Louis, Brussels)

## Table 1: Overview over the Survey in Key Words

| Participating countries | Germany, France, Spain, Poland, Switzerland, Belgium |
| :--- | :--- |
| Duration of field work | May to August 2007 |
| Interview technique | CATI (computer assisted telephone interviews) with landline phone <br> numbers <br> in Poland: CAPI (computer assisted personal interviews) |
| Target population | residential population, aged 25 to 54 |
| Sample size | $\mathrm{n}=7220$ (total) |
| Responsible for national | Germany: Norbert F. Schneider (Johannes Gutenberg University <br> sample parts <br> Mainz) <br> France: Beate Collet (CNRS, Lyon / Paris) <br> Spain: Gerardo Meil (Universidad Autónoma de Madrid) <br> Poland: Anna Giza-Poleszczuk (University of Warsaw) <br> Switzerland: Eric Widmer (University of Geneva) and Vincent <br> Kaufmann (École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne) <br> Belgium: Michel Hubert (Facultés Universitaires Saint-Louis, <br> Brussels) |
| Germany: SUZ, Duisburg (www.suz-umfragen.de) <br> Polling institutes <br> France: TNS Sofres (www.tns-sofres.com) <br> Spain: Metroscopia (http://metroscopia.org) <br> Poland: Millward Brown /SMG KRC (www.millwardbrown.com) <br> Switzerland: Erasm SA (www.erasm.ch) / <br> DemoSCOPE (www.demoscope.ch) |  |
| Belgium: Sonecom - Sondages Etudes Communication <br> (www.sonecom.be) |  |
| European Commission, Sixth Framework Programme for Research <br> and Technological Development, priority "Citizens and governance <br> in knowledge-based society." Budget: 1 277 350 Euro |  |
| Funding |  |

[^1]In each country a private polling institute was assigned to execute the interviews. All countries used an almost identical questionnaire, translated into the various country languages, so that the six national survey parts would be comparable and could be merged to one comprehensive data set. In total 7220 interviews were collected.

In five countries the survey was carried out by CATI technique: randomised landline phone numbers were contacted. In Poland a CAPI technique was chosen: households were visited and face-to-face interviews were carried out.

## 3. Survey Design and Sampling

The survey design was affected by two purposes. On the one hand, a description of the spread and relevance of mobility in its various forms was supposed to be measured. For this purpose representative data was necessary. On the other hand, the situation of mobile people was supposed to be analysed in a differentiated way. For this purpose a large number of mobile people needed to be interviewed. The definition of the target population as well as the sampling strategy is reflecting these two purposes.

### 3.1. Target Population

The target population of the study at hand is the residential population, aged 25 to 54 , of the participating countries. The age limit concentrates the attention on people of theoretical interest: Firstly it focuses on people with a high likelihood of being in the labour market, so that they have a realistic chance or risk of being mobile for a job. At the same time it focuses on people in a typical phase of family foundation and family life. This way mobility and its interaction with the family situation can be studied in more detail.

The target population is the residential population, not the nationals of the countries concerned. This makes it possible to take into account people who have expatriated themselves for occupational reasons. And it allows a comparison to equivalent data from national censuses. This is important, since the censuses were the external data sources used to assess the representativeness of the six national samples and, in doing so, make the corrections that were necessary (cp. section 7).

Two additional restrictions were made factually. They are not criteria for the theoretical target population; however, for methodological reasons they could not be avoided so that they become aspects of the verified target population. Firstly, respondents needed to have the language skills to participate in an interview, either in the national language(s) of the respective country or in English. Secondly, in the five countries in which CATI interviews were carried out only people with access to a landline phone were interviewed. These two
restrictions can be seen as technically necessary aspects of narrowing down the target population. A more adequate interpretation is to look at them as unavoidable biases in the sampling strategy. Therefore they are discussed in more detail in section 3.2.

The universe includes mobile and non-mobile, economically active and inactive people. One reason for including non-mobile and economically inactive people is the aim to provide representative numbers on the spread of mobile persons and specific mobility types in the population at risk. A second reason is the necessity of non-mobile and economically inactive people as a reference group for comparison: This way the specific situation of mobile persons and of various types of mobility as well as their effects on family life can be analysed.

### 3.2. Sampling Techniques in Germany, Switzerland, France, Belgium, and Spain

In Germany, Switzerland, France, Belgium, and Spain CATI technique was used. Samples were drawn by generating random (hypothetical) phone numbers. Instead of a real sampling base of all existing phone numbers out of which cases could be randomly selected, ${ }^{4}$ a theoretical range of potentially existing phone numbers was defined. There are various country-specific techniques, depending on the country-specific systems to distribute phone numbers. One example is the "Gabler-Häder technique" ${ }^{5}$ in Germany: From the landline phone numbers published in phone books the last two digits are deleted to create "number trunks" ("Nummernstämme"). To these the digit combinations $00,01,02, \ldots$ to 99 are added. This way, for each number trunk 100 potential phone numbers enter the data base. By this strategy, of course, partly non existing numbers are created and dialled. However, this circumstance creates very little extra costs by useless phone calls and no disadvantages in terms of sampling theory because among the existing numbers each still has the same chance of entering the sample.

Mobile phone numbers could not be included into this process because with the increasing number of mobile phone operators and their different systems of distributing numbers a "virtual sampling base" of potentially existing numbers could not be defined for them. Also the regional distribution cannot be controlled. Therefore it was necessary to

[^2]methodologically narrow down the target population to members of households with landline phones (cp. also section 3.1).

This is a significant limitation of the sample that has consequences for the research findings. According to a Eurobarometer survey in late $2007^{6}$ the percentages of households with no landline but only cell phone access were $11 \%$ in Germany, $16 \%$ in France, $25 \%$ in Spain, and $32 \%$ in Belgium. (Switzerland was not included in this survey.) So, a remarkable share of the population of interest has been excluded. This exclusion is problematic because the exclusive use of a mobile phone is not distributed equally over the population. The Eurobarometer survey finds households of young singles to be especially likely not to have a landline phone. Among households with singles below 30 years in the European Union the share is $54 \%$ (idem: 34 ), 30 percentage points above the overall average. Aside from young people, a higher ratio of people without a landline phone also needs to be assumed among highly Mobiles, especially Migrants. Consequently, we can suppose that the proportions of job mobile people in our sample are under-estimated by the applied technique of data collection.

A second methodological bias must be assumed: Since the participation in an interview required language skills, either in the national language of the survey country or in English, immigrants who lack these skills were unable to enter the sample. This should lead to an under-estimation of Migrants - and thereby to an under-estimation of mobile people.

Given these two insufficiencies to a true random sampling, we can assume that the percentages of mobile individuals, measured in the study at hand, are under-estimated. They must be read as minima: as the low ends of a range of realistic estimates, with the actual ratios in the population being probably somewhat higher.

In the five countries in which CATI was used, a two-level sampling technique was applied for randomisation. On the first level, the sample was based on randomly generated landline phone numbers, as described above. On the second level, the person to be interviewed within a contacted household was chosen among the eligible ones (aged 25 to 54 years old) using the last birthday method: The one whose birthday had been the most recent was to be interviewed.

Up to ten attempts were made to reach the selected person for each phone number. Interviewers made these attempts on various weekdays, at various times of day, including weekends. These efforts intended to maximise the response rate as far as possible.

[^3]
### 3.3. Sampling Techniques in Poland

Unlike in the other five participating countries, the survey in Poland was based on computer-assisted personal interviews (CAPI). Using CATI was impossible in Poland because the spread of telephone connections in the population was not wide and not unbiased enough to use it as a basis for a random sampling. At the same time, the cost of face-to-face interviews is lower in Poland than in the other countries, so that a relatively large number of interviews could be realised, despite the CAPI technique.

The sample was drawn from a state registry of all citizens - PESEL - managed by the State Register Department of the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Administration. Individuals were selected by a systematic drawing in three steps. In the first step geographical units were defined, according to 16 voivodships (districts in Poland) as well as seven community sizes (towns of 500000 citizens or more, 200 000-499 000, $100000-199000,50000-99000$, 20 000-49 000, up to 20000 , and villages). Among these geographical units several were preselected: All 19 cities of 200000 citizens or more were included into this pre-selection. Among the smaller communities a random selection was executed, with the probability of selection being proportional to the population size of the community.

In the second step socio-demographic strata were defined. These took account of sex and of age, organised in five-year-age categories (25-29 years, 30-34, etc.). Among these strata and among the pre-selected geographical units respondents were selected. Within the cities of at least 200000 inhabitants, the number of respondents drawn was proportional to the population size. Within the smaller communities, a constant number of 4 respondents each were drawn (since the higher probability of living in a large community had already been considered within the selection of communities). In each rural area, one village was preselected as a basis of sampling, with the probability being again proportional to the number of inhabitants.

In a third step, those persons who had been selected but did not participate in the survey (e.g. because of refusal) were replaced by a random route method. This method implies going from the starting point (which is the address of an unreachable person) to a new flat or house in the neighbourhood according to pre-defined general instructions for choosing a route. At the new flat or house the interviewer chooses a person as a respondent. This person must have the same sex and belong to the same five-year-age-category as the unreachable person who needs to be replaced. If such a person is not found in the new flat or house, the procedure is repeated until it takes effect.

### 3.4. Two Sampling Phases: S1 and S2

As described earlier, the survey aimed at two goals that are not easy to combine: On the one hand, its claim was to collect representative data, so that the spread of mobility in its various forms could be described. On the other hand, it intended to provide a large enough subsample of mobile people, so that the situation of these mobile people could be analysed in a differentiated way. As a consequence, the sample was divided into two subsamples, S1 and S2, collected in two different sampling phases.

The first subsample (S1) was a pure random sample, collected in the way described above (section 3.2 and 3.3). A representative sample of the residential population, aged 25 to 54 was created. This subsample S1 serves the purpose of describing mobility and other phenomena in a representative way.

The second subsample (S2) is an over-sampling of job-mobile people. It has the intention to increase the number of job-mobile people in a way that differentiated analyses for this group are possible. S2 used the same random sampling technique as S1 did, however, introducing an additional condition for a positive selection of respondents: The contacted person was only interviewed if he or she was mobile for job-related reasons. Mobiles had been identified by a set of questions about job-related mobility at the beginning of the interview (cp. section 4.3). These questions - that had been equally asked in the S1 sampling phase - were used during the S2 sampling phase as a screening interview, deciding whether or not the interview was continued afterwards. The set of questions classified people as "job mobile" if he or she fulfilled at least one of the following four sets of criteria:
(1) Long Distance Commuters (LDC): the respondent commutes daily, at least three times per week, with an overall commuting time of at least two hours (one hour each way as a mean).
(2) Overnighters: the respondent spent at least 60 overnights away from home during the last 12 months, for occupational reasons. (This could be e.g. a weekend commuting, seasonal work for several weeks once a year, or frequent but irregular business trips with overnights in hotels.)
(3) Recent Relocators: the respondent changed his or her (main) place of residence at least once since 2004 (maximum three years ago at the time of the interview), mainly for occupational reasons. The relocation had to have occurred over a distance of at least 50 km . (The relocation could be a temporary change of residence, without necessarily giving up the previous home.)
(4) Long Distance Relationships (LDR): the respondent has a partner, and both partners maintain separate households for job-related reasons. The two households need to be at least one hour away from each other.

If the contacted person turned out not to be mobile during the S 2 sampling phase the interview ended after the screening: No additional information was collected beyond sex, working for pay, having a partner, and the mobility behaviour. If he or she was classified as mobile the interview continued.

The sample sizes were defined for each sample part as well as for each participating country with respect to its population size, but also with the aim to provide large enough subsamples for country specific analyses. For S1 the intended subsample sizes were 1350 for Germany, 950 for France, and 750 for all other countries. These sample sizes were realised or exceeded (cp. table 2).

Table 2: Intended and Realised Case Numbers

|  | D | F | E | PL | CH | BE | EU6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| target population (in million) ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | 35.6 | 25.1 | 20.8 | 16.7 | 3.3 | 4.5 | 106.0 |
| intended sample size S1 | 1350 | 950 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 5300 |
| intended n of job mobile people | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 2400 |
| Sample 1 (S1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| non-mobile | 1248 | 817 | 675 | 700 | 649 | 699 | 4788 |
| mobile | 247 | 133 | 78 | 91 | 101 | 114 | 764 |
| total | 1495 | 950 | 753 | 791 | 750 | 813 | 5552 |
| Sample 2 (S2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| non-mobile (screening interv.) | 1135 | 3089 | 2864 | 1927 | 3645 | 4465 | 17125 |
| mobile (screening interviews) ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 0 | 30 | 120 | 29 | 0 | 252 | 431 |
| mobile (completed interviews) | 168 | 273 | 380 | 311 | 257 | 279 | 1668 |
| total | 1303 | 3392 | 3364 | 2267 | 3902 | 4996 | 19224 |
| S1+S2 completed interviews |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| non-mobile | 1248 | 817 | 675 | 700 | 649 | 699 | 4788 |
| mobile | 415 | 406 | 458 | 402 | 358 | 393 | 2432 |
| total | 1663 | 1223 | 1133 | 1102 | 1007 | 1092 | 7220 |

Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.
${ }^{A}$ Numbers reflect the residential population aged 25 to 54 years.
${ }^{B}$ This category reflects people who have been identified as job mobile in S2, but a full interview was not conducted because the interviewee refused to participate or did not have enough time.

For S2 there was only an indirect definition of the sample sizes: The overall number of job-mobile people, interviewed during S1 or S2, was intended to be at least 400. The more
job-mobile people happened to be in the S 1 subsample the fewer interviews needed to be conducted in S2. This aim could be realised in all countries, except in Switzerland and Belgium where the number of mobiles remained slightly below 400 .

## 4. Questionnaire

The questionnaire design had to face three challenges: Firstly it had to create new instruments to adequately measure the phenomenon of job-related spatial mobility - in all its various forms - since no established measurement instruments existed. Secondly, it had to fit questions concerning job-mobility and many other topics - that potentially could interact with job-mobility - in an adequate length for a telephone interview. Thirdly, one common questionnaire was to be designed to collect data in six different countries, so that comparable results for those six countries could be generated.

### 4.1. Questionnaire Development and Pre-Tests

Aside from the purely linguistic aspects, constructing a common transnational questionnaire is a challenge because of the cultural and social, even legal, differences specific to the subject of study. For this reason, there are many, especially socio-demographic, aspects for which a certain question is well established in one national context, but a different one in another. Therefore not only for the phenomenology of job-related mobility, but also for many basic aspects new questions needed to be developed for the common questionnaire, for example for having a partner or for working for pay. Theses questions were constructed in comprehensive face-to-face discussions among the entire international group of project researchers. As far as possible, questions from other (international) surveys were adopted.

The innovations within the questionnaire as well as its cross-cultural ambition underlined the necessity to test the measurement instrument before its use in the field. Two pre-tests were conducted. The first one was based on a small number of selected participants and carried out in December 2006 by the researchers themselves. The second one was conducted in March 2007 with samples of $\mathrm{n}=40$ per country by the polling institutes which were responsible for the fieldwork. Here, not only the questionnaire itself but also its transformations into CATI software were tested, under the conditions that also applied during the fieldwork (interviews from a call centre, with certain interviewer staff, certain hardware, software, etc.). Based on the results of these pre-tests the questionnaire as well as the CATI programming was improved.

The problem of cultural differences thus was not solved simply by designing an identical questionnaire for the six countries. As Alwin et al. have noted ${ }^{7}$ it is mainly a problem of "functional equivalence." The most important criterion is not to choose identical formulations but: Do the questions asked in the different countries stand in identical relationships to the intended theoretical dimensions? In other words, how do we capture the same concept or a similar phenomenon in the face of very different social realities? This problem is often not solved by literal replication, as the same question asked in different socio-cultural and linguistic contexts may not have the same meaning.

### 4.2. Translation Process

Carrying out a common survey for six European countries is fraught with an additional major difficulty, that of translation. First, a reference questionnaire was created in English, which was then translated into the five languages used in the consortium countries: German, Spanish, French, Polish, and Dutch. The French and German versions served as second level reference versions. They were checked against each other by a bilingual social scientist and project member (in the sense of speaking French and German practically as mother tongues) to ensure that they corresponded to each other. The Dutch, Polish, and Spanish versions were then checked against one of the second-level reference versions. In cases of deviations the English reference formulation was checked one more time to find the most adequate translation. Finally, the French translation was converted into two additional, Belgian and Swiss, versions, and the German translation was adjusted for Switzerland. This way, the questionnaire could be administered in the national languages of the countries concerned, and the English version could be offered as an alternative to respondents who were not sufficiently fluent in the survey countries' national language(s).

### 4.3. Content

The final questionnaire was divided into seven major sections (A to G) and 17 topics (cp. table 3), covering more than 350 questions. The screening, enabling us to determine whether or not the contacted person is mobile, constitutes the first section of the questionnaire (A). It is followed by questions about the respondent's spatial and national origins (B), whilst the third section consists of questions about the interviewee's family (C). The fourth section asks for a description of the respondent's occupational situation and work history (D). In the fifth part, only job mobile people are asked to assess and describe in detail their mobile lives (E).

[^4]The sixth section collects information about the potential and desire to become or to remain occupationally mobile (F). Finally, the seventh and last section of the questionnaire contains a series of questions about socio-demographic facts and other personal characteristics, such as language skills and income level, as well as attitudes and health-related questions (G).

Table 3: Overview over the Questionnaire Content

## A) Screening

1) Identification of Job Mobility (in S2 used as screening for Job Mobile People) Employment Status, Daily Long-Distance Commuters, Overnighters, Recent Relocators, Long-Distance Relationships, Job Mobility of the Partner

## B) Origin and Place

2) Life History
3) Place of Living
C) Family Life
4) Partnership
5) Occupational Situation of the Partner
6) Children, Childcare, Grandchildren, Household and Parents
7) Quality of Partnership, Division of Labour and Housework

## D) Work I

8) Job Biography
9) Current Occupational Situation (a): Working for Pay
10) Current Occupational Situation (b): Not Working for Pay
E) Job Mobility (only for job mobile people)
11) Phenomenology of Job Mobility

Daily Long-Distance Commuters, Overnighters, Shuttlers (Overnighters I),
Vari-Mobiles (Overnighters II), Long-Distance Relationships, Recent Relocators
12) Circumstances of Job Mobility
13) Consequences of Job Mobility

## F) Work II

14) Readiness to Become Job Mobile

## G) Individual Characteristics

15) Attitudes Regarding Job, Job Mobility and Family
16) Health, Stress and Satisfaction
17) Socio Demographics

Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.
Obviously, not all questions were asked for each respondent. The questionnaire is organised in a system of filters, based on the answers to prior questions. Especially the fact whether or not a respondent is job mobile and in which way he or she is mobile activates and
inactivates specific sets of questions in which the mobile life style is described in more detail.
All in all, an interview was designed to last 45 minutes for a job mobile respondent and 30 minutes for a non-mobile respondent. The factual survey time varied considerably with the language used. So, for example, the time needed to administer the French questionnaire in Switzerland ( 47 minutes on average for mobile respondents) was noticeably longer than the average survey time in Spain ( 32 minutes for mobile respondents).

Although the questionnaire is almost identical in all six participating countries, it did nevertheless allow for a few minor national variations. Most of these variations were indispensable in order to take into account certain national specific circumstances. These include, for example, additions to the marital status in several countries (e.g. "PaCS" in France or the German "Eingetragene Lebenspartnerschaft" for homosexual couples), a specific legal alternative to maternal leave in Belgium ("time credit"), the distinction of a semi-public "sector of associations" (in addition to the public and the private sector of occupation) in France and Belgium, questions regarding language barriers in Belgium and Switzerland, and items regarding the attachment to the very distinct regions in Belgium and Spain (cp. table 4).

A few national deviations also reflect different settings of thematic priorities of the national research teams. These deviations concern the regional distribution of friendship networks, the occupational situation of the respondent's partner, the last occupation of currently non-employed respondents as well as the question whether or not the first own home after moving out from the parents was owned or rented (cp. table 4).

The educational level was adjusted according to the various national school systems and later harmonised according to the international ISCED classification (cp. section 6.3). In addition to an open household income question, deviating only in Switzerland and Poland regarding the currency, respondents were able to give their incomes based on categories. Here, the scale was built around the national median household income, symmetrically at plus and minus 15,30 , and 50 percent of the median. ${ }^{8}$ Thus, the question is equivalent between countries because the amounts in the answer categories deviate (cp. section 4.1).

[^5]Table 4: Nation-Specific Questions and Question Variations

| variable | content of question | asked only in |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| v01001 | Do you currently have paid work? <br> [if the respondent is not sure whether his activity counts as a job:] This may include short-time employment, casual work, student jobs, ... or military service or "time credit." | Belgium |
| v01021 | Does your partner currently have paid work? [if the respondent is not sure whether an activity counts as a job:] This may include short-time employment, casual work, student jobs, ... or military service or "time credit." | Belgium |
| v02014 | Did you own or rent the dwelling where you first moved when you left your parents' home? | Spain |
| v03007 | How intensely attached do you feel to the region you live in? | Spain, Belgium |
| v03012 | How often do you have contact with your good friends, by phone or in person? | Switzerland |
| v03013 | Which statement fits best: <br> (1) Most of my friends know each other. <br> (2) Some of my friends know each other. <br> (3) Few of my friends know each other. | Switzerland |
| v04006 | What is your current legal marriage status? <br> ... (5) PaCS / eingetragene Partnerschaft | Germany, Belgium, France, Switzerland |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { v05004, } \\ & \text { v0500501-04 } \\ & \text { v09003 } \\ & \text { v0900401-04 } \\ & \text { v10002 } \end{aligned}$ | What is/are your partner's current occupation(s)? / <br> What is/are your current occupation(s)? / <br> What was your last occupation? <br> $\rightarrow$ No open description of the occupation was stored, but only pre-coded 3-digit SOC codes (cp. section 6.4). | Spain |
| v05004 | What is your partner's current occupation? | Germany, France, Spain |
| v0500501-04 | What are your partner's current occupations? | Germany, France, Spain |
| v05008 | Which of your partner's jobs is his/her main job? | Germany, France, Spain |
| v06066 | Are you currently on maternal or parental leave or "time credit." | Belgium |
| v08001 | In which year did your first job start? [if the respondent is not sure whether an activity counts as a job:] This may include short-time employment, casual work, student jobs, ... or military service or "time credit." | Belgium |
| v09013 | Is that a private or a public employer or an association? <br> ... (3) Sector of associations | France, Belgium |
| v09014 | Is that a private or a public employer? | Germany, Poland, Spain, Switzerland |
| v10002 | What was your last occupation? | all, except Poland |
| v11073 | When you moved, did you cross a language barrier? | Switzerland, Belgium |
| v17011a, b | Net household income, as an open question | all, except Spain |
| v17012 | Net household income: answered openly or in categories? | all, except Spain |

[^6]
## 5. Fieldwork

The fieldwork was carried out between May and August 2007, with minor differences between the six participating countries ( cp. table 5).

Table 5: Beginning and End of Fieldwork

|  | beginning of fieldwork | end of fieldwork |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Germany | 10.5 .2007 | 9.7 .2007 |
| France | 30.7 .2007 | 21.5 .2007 |
| Spain | 18.5 .2007 | 25.6 .2007 |
| Poland | 5.6 .2007 | 30.7 .2007 |
| Switzerland | 10.5 .2007 | 18.8 .2007 |
| Belgium | 11.5 .2007 | 15.8 .2007 |
| Sole |  |  |

Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.
As described earlier, each national team of researchers was in charge of organising the fieldwork in its own country. In each country a private polling institute was assigned to execute the interviews (cp. table 1). Contracts with these institutes ensured equal sampling procedures and an equal quality standard. The translated questionnaire was provided by the researchers.

In five countries - in Germany, France, Spain, Switzerland, and Belgium - the survey was carried out by CATI technique: randomised landline phone numbers were contacted. To do this and to include phone numbers that are not listed in phone books the polling institutes generated virtual phone numbers: numbers that could be valid phone numbers, according to the scheme in which the national telephone company/ies distributes numbers, but that do not necessarily exist. The non-existent numbers are then dialled, and the interviewer learns only by trial and error when number doesn't exist or belongs to a fax or an office or similar. This procedure does not violate the principals of random sampling since every existing number still has the same chance of entering the sample. However, it increases the effort of sampling and reduces the ratio between realised interviews and dialled numbers. For this reason it is important not to evaluate the ratio of realised interviews divided by contacted phone numbers (gross sample) but the ratio of realised interviews divided by contacted phone numbers minus all non-selective drop-outs (net sample) - in other words: the response rate.

However, there are two difficulties of calculating a response rate in this case: One is that each polling institute has slightly different ways of coding drop-outs so that the numbers are not perfectly comparable from one country to another. The second difficulty is that there are drop-outs by immediate refusal of which it is uncertain whether or not they belong to a person in the target population and whether or not they are selective. Therefore in table 6 and 7 two
response rates are calculated (A and B). One represents the maximum, the other the minimum response rate.

Table 6: Number of Phone Numbers and Contacts

|  | Germany | France | Spain | Switzerland | Belgium |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| total no. of phone numbers generated | 38660 | 38367 | 51388 | 16201 | 84366 |
| non-existent phone numbers | 5388 | 1123 | 2863 | 1111 | 29831 |
| existent phone numbers | 33272 | 37244 | 48525 | 15090 | 54535 |
| contact without any person inside target population ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | 11449 | 2879 | 20480 | 7137 | 11381 |
| no contact (phone never answered) ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 6110 | 10594 | 5732 | 1182 | 17823 |
| immediate refusals ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 10682 | $16596{ }^{\text {E }}$ | 6330 | 1897 | 15064 |
| contact with a person inside the target population ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 5031 | 7175 | 15983 | 4874 | 10267 |
| immediate contacts | - ${ }^{\text {F }}$ | 4428 | 10481 | - ${ }^{\text {F }}$ | 4367 |
| abandons on immediate contact | - ${ }^{\mathrm{F}}$ | 1227 | 7875 | - | 54 |
| completed interviews ${ }^{\text {D }}$ | _- ${ }^{\text {F }}$ | 3201 | 2606 | _- ${ }^{\text {F }}$ | 4313 |
| contacts with appointment | $5031{ }^{\text {F }}$ | 2747 | 5502 | $48742^{\text {F }}$ | 5900 |
| refusals | $2180{ }^{\text {F }}$ | 468 | 1588 | $274{ }^{\text {F }}$ | 1946 |
| abandons | $53^{\mathrm{F}}$ | 1080 | 2438 |  | 2355 |
| completed interviews ${ }^{\text {D }}$ | $2798{ }^{\text {F }}$ | 1199 | 1476 | $4600{ }^{\text {F }}$ | 1599 |
| response rate (completed interviews divided by contacts with a person inside the target population plus immediate refusals plus numbers with no contact) | 12,8\% | 12,8\% | 14,6\% | 57,8\% | 13,7\% |

Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.
${ }^{\text {A }}$ This category contains phone numbers of private households in which no person, aged 25 to 54, is living as well as phone numbers of offices, fax numbers etc.
${ }^{B}$ This category contains phone numbers of which it is unclear whether or not they belong to a person who is part of the target population, so that it is unclear to which degree these numbers represent a potentially selective drop out.
${ }^{C}$ This category contains phone numbers of private households in which at least one person, aged 25 to 54, is living. However, this person has not necessarily been contacted in person. A different household member who is not part of the target population might have answered the phone.
${ }^{D}$ The number of "completed interviews" includes screening interviews in the S2 sampling phase that did not lead into full interviews (because the contacted person was identified as non-mobile).
${ }^{E}$ This is the sum of actual refusals $(14748)$ and other situations where we cannot determine whether or not the household was part of the target population.
${ }^{F}$ Appointments and immediate contacts were not distinguished in the documentation of the fieldwork by the polling institutes.

In Poland, as described earlier, a CAPI technique was chosen: households were visited and face-to-face interviews carried out. Therefore the drop-outs are partly caused by different reasons and the categories in table 6 do not all correspond to the situation in Poland. A slightly modified overview for Poland is presented in table 7.

Table 7: Number of Addresses and Contacts in Poland

|  | Poland |
| :---: | :---: |
| total number of addresses visited | 3651 |
| addresses without any contacted person inside the target population ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | 1927 |
| addresses without contact to a person ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 188 |
| addresses with a contacted person inside the target population | 1536 |
| immediate interview | 1396 |
| abandons | 0 |
| completed interviews ${ }^{\text {C }}$ | 1396 |
| contacts with appointments | 22 |
| refusals | 4 |
| abandons | 1 |
| completed interviews ${ }^{\text {C }}$ | 17 |
| contacts with refusals | 118 |
| response rate (completed interviews divided by contacts with a person inside the target population plus addresses without contact to a person) | 82,0\% |
| Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe. <br> ${ }^{\text {A }}$ This category contains addresses of private households in which no person, aged 25 to 54, is living. <br> ${ }^{\text {B }}$ This category contains addresses of which it is unclear whether or not they belong to a person who is part of the target population, so that it is unclear to which degree these addresses represent a potentially selective drop out. <br> ${ }^{\text {C }}$ The number of "completed interviews" includes screening interviews in the S2 sampling phase that did not lead into full interviews (because the contacted person was identified as non-mobile). |  |

## 6. Operationalisation: Special Indicators

Based on the questions in the questionnaire (cp. appendix) a number of indicators were generated for further analyses that can additionally be found in the data set. These and other variables that are not directly measured by the questionnaire are documented in the following.

### 6.1. Technical Indicators

The data set has a few technical indicators necessary for identifying cases (id) or subsamples (sample, country) or for weighting. They also include the reduced household size (rhs): the number of persons in the respondent's household who are 25 to 54 years old and thereby belong to the target population. These indicators are listed in table 8 . The construction of weights is explained in section 7.

Table 8: Technical Indicators

| id | anonymous individual identity number for each respondent <br> (distributed by the polling institutes) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| sample | (1) sample part S1 | (2) sample part S2 |
| country | (1) Germany <br> (3) Spain <br> (5) Poland | (2) France <br> (4) Switzerland <br> (6) Belgium |
| rhs | reduced household size: number of persons, aged 25-54, in the household |  |
| w_nation | weight for analyses on national level or differentiated by nation |  |
| w_mob_nation | weight for analyses of job-mobile people only on national level <br> or differentiated by nation |  |
| w_proportion | weight for descriptive analyses on European level |  |
| w_mob_proportion | weight for descriptive analyses of job-mobile people only <br> on European level |  |
| w_equal | weight for causal analyses on European level |  |
| w_mob_equal | weight for causal analyses of job-mobile people only on European level |  |

Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.

### 6.2. Job Mobility

Not only for analyses, comparing mobile people (in various forms of mobility) to nonmobile people, but already for the screening and filtering during the interview (cp. section 3.4) the survey needed to define who shall be considered as job mobile and who not. Indicators were calculated based on the answers respondents gave to questions in the first interview section (cp. table 3). The criteria have already been mentioned in section 3.4. Based on these criteria the indicators mob1 (Long Distance Commuters), mob2 (Overnighters), mob3 (Recent Relocators), and mob4 (Long Distance Relationships) were generated for identifying specific forms of mobility (cp. table 9) as well as the indicator mob which summarises the four and identifies people who are mobile in any form.

Furthermore the indicator mob5 has been generated to identify respondents with a partner who is mobile (in any of the mobility forms distinguished) as well as mob3mig to distinguish Recent Relocators who have crossed a national border ("Migrants") from those who haven't ("Movers").

Three typology variables have been generated for describing the quantity of various mobility forms in comparison: mobility01, mobility01a, and mobility02. Here a hierarchical system of mobility types is differentiated. The four forms used for the definition and filtering are distinguished in mobility01. Multi-Mobiles, a fifth form, refer to people who combine at least two of the mobility types.

Table 9: Indicators for Measuring Job Mobility

| mob1 | The respondent is mobile as a Long Distance Commuter (LDC): He commutes daily, at least three times per week, with an overall commuting time of at least two hours each day. <br> (1) applies <br> (0) doesn't apply |
| :---: | :---: |
| mob2 | The respondent is mobile as an Overnighter: He spent at least 60 overnights away from home during the last 12 months, for occupational reasons. (1/0) |
| mob3 | The respondent is mobile as a Recent Relocators: He changed his (main) place of residence at least once since 2004, mainly for occupational reasons. The relocation occurred over a distance of at least 50 km . (1/0) |
| mob3year | Year of the last job-related move between 2004 and 2007, bridging at least 50km, defining a Recent Relocator as such. |
| mob3mig | The respondent is mobile as a Recent Relocators and has crossed a national border with this recent relocation for job-related reasons (Migrant). (1/0) |
| mob4 | The respondent is mobile in a Long Distance Relationship (LDR): He has a partner, both partners maintain separate households for job-related reasons, at least one hour away from each other. (1/0) |
| mob | The respondent is mobile in at least one of the ways measured in mob1, mob2, mob3, or mob4. (1/0) |
| mob5 | The respondent's partner is mobile in at least one of the ways corresponding to mob1, mob2, mob3, or mob4. (1/0) |
| mobility01 | 1 Long Distance Commuter (LDC) <br> 2 Overnighter <br> 3 Recent Relocator <br> 4 in Long Distance Relationship (LDR) <br> 5 Multi-Mobile (mobile in more than one way) <br> 6 Experienced (sub form of non-mobile) <br> 7 Rejector (sub form of non-mobile) <br> 8 Unchallenged (sub form of non-mobile) |
| mobility01a | 1 Long Distance Commuter (LDC) <br> 2 Overnighter / in Long Distance Relationship (LDR) <br> 3 Recent Relocator <br> 5 Multi-Mobile (mobile in more than one way) <br> 6 Experienced (sub form of non-mobile) <br> 7 Rejector (sub form of non-mobile) <br> 8 Unchallenged (sub form of non-mobile) |
| mobility02 | 1 Long Distance Commuter (LDC) <br> 2 Shuttler (sub form of Overnighter) <br> 3 Vari-Mobile (sub form of Overnighter) <br> 4 in Long Distance Relationship (LDR) <br> 5 Mover (sub form of Recent Relocator) <br> 6 Migrant (sub form of Recent Relocator) <br> 8 Multi-Mobile (mobile in more than one way) <br> 10 Experienced (sub form of non-mobile) <br> 11 Rejector (sub form of non-mobile) <br> 12 Unchallenged (sub form of non-mobile) |

[^7]Because of small case numbers of people in a Long Distance Relationship this category is collapsed with Overnighters ${ }^{9}$ in mobility01a.

The four main forms are further differentiated into sub forms in mobility02. Shuttlers are Overnighters who commute regularly (for example weekly) always to the same work place and who have a second residence near this work place, as it is true for weekend commuters, but they could also commute in different rhythms for example bi-weekly. Vari-Mobiles are all other Overnighters: they commute irregularly or in a specific rhythm to varying workplaces, e.g. consultants. This category includes also people with "mobile jobs" like truck drivers. Movers are Recent Relocators who did not cross a national border when relocating. Migrants are Recent Relocators who did cross a national border.

The non-mobile people are differentiated into three sub forms: Experienced have been job-mobile in the past. Rejectors never have been mobile but they at least once have been confronted with the chance or the demand to become mobile and have (always) refused. (People who have refused to become mobile at least once in their biography but have been mobile at least one other time are considered as Experienced because the experience of mobility was considered more important for the social reality.) The Unchallenged have never been confronted with such an opportunity or demand.

### 6.3. Education (ISCED)

The question regarding the respondent's highest educational degree was asked in all six countries. Given the different national school systems, however, the answer categories could not be standardised. Six different national questions were used. Partly, these national school levels are stored in the data set in the variables education_D (Germany), education_F (France), education_CH (Switzerland), and education_B (Belgium). The Polish educational degrees are translated into ISCED levels (see below) and stored as education_PL. The Spanish educational level was not stored.

For using education in analyses beyond the national level a common indicator was generated later on and stored as $v 08010$ in the data set. This indicator recodes the various national school levels into comparable general categories, based on the ISCED-97 classification ("International Standard Classification of Education") - which is an adaptation of the earlier ISCED classification from 1976.

[^8]The same was done regarding the partner's highest educational degree. However, only a few national degrees were stored in the data set; mostly they were pre-coded directly into the common ISCED based classification. The common variable for the partner's education is v05001; national indicators are education_partner_F (France) and education_partner_PL (Poland, translated into ISCED levels).

The ISCED-97 classification distinguishes seven levels of education: from level 0 to level 6 , with a further differentiation of ISCED level 5 into 5 a and 5 b. Level 0 and 1 represent (pre) primary education. Level 2, 3 and 4 are forms of secondary education. Level 5 and 6 represent tertiary education. For each level a description of contents, typical ages and typical durations is defined that allow the translation of national educational degrees into the ISCED classification (cp. table 10). ${ }^{10}$

Table 10: ISCED Classification

| ISCED level | description of ISCED level |
| :---: | :---: |
| ISCED 0 | Pre-primary education. It begins at the age of 2 or 3 years and lasts about 3 or 4 years. It provides a bridge between home and a school based atmosphere. |
| ISCED 1 | Primary education. It begins at ages between 5 and 7 and lasts about 5 years. It marks the beginning of systematic studies, which are characteristic of primary education, e.g. reading, writing and mathematics. |
| ISCED 2 | First stage of secondary education. It begins at the ages between 10 and 13 and lasts about 3 to 6 years. The programmes at this level are usually more subject-oriented, using subjectspecialized teachers. |
| ISCED 3 | Second stage of secondary education. It begins at the age of 15 or 16 and lasts about three years. The programmes at this level are also (like ISCED 2) more subject-oriented, using subject-specialized teachers. A period of on-the-job training or experience may be necessary, sometimes formalised in apprenticeships. |
| ISCED 4 | Programmes designed to prepare students for studies at ISCED level 5, e.g. pre-degree foundation courses or short vocational programmes. It begins at the age of 18 or 19 and lasts about three years. |
| ISCED 5a | Tertiary education. It begins at the age of 18 or 19, lasts about 3 or more years and leads to a university or postgraduate university degree or the equivalent. The programmes are devoted to advanced study and original research and are not based on course-work only. |
| ISCED 5b | Tertiary education. It begins at the age of 18 or 19 , lasts about 3 or 4 years and leads to an award not equivalent to a first university degree. It is practically oriented, occupationspecific, and mainly designed to acquire the skills needed for a particular occupation. |
| ISCED 6 | Tertiary education. It describes tertiary programmes that lead directly to the award of an advanced research qualification, usually talking about 3 years. This includes the US American PhD, the German "Promotion," and the French "doctorat." |

[^9]The ISCED-97 classification still seemed too differentiated to be useful as a common

[^10]category system: Applied to JobMob I data, several level or categories would have remained empty or showed very low case numbers. Therefore the classification was slightly modified by collapsing two times two ISCED levels to one category (cp. table 11). The result corresponds to the categories of the indicators in the data set $v 08010$ (respondent's educational degree) and $v 05001$ (respondent's partner's educational degree).

Table 11: Classification of Education in the Data Set

| value in v08010 and v05001 | value label in v08010 and v05001 | ISCED level |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | none | none |
|  |  | ISCED 0 |
| 2 | primary / elementary school | ISCED 1 |
| 3 | lower-level secondary | ISCED 2 |
| 4 | upper-level secondary | ISCED 3 |
| 5 | tertiary / university | ISCED 4 |
| 6 | PhD | ISCED 5a/b |
| 9000 | other | ISCED 6 |

Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.

### 6.4. Occupation (ISCO)

The survey asked people to describe several occupations. Respondents who were currently working for pay were asked about their current occupation. If there was more than one, interviewees could describe up to four occupations. Respondents who were currently not working for pay were asked about their last occupation - with Poland as an exception where this question was not asked. In France, Spain and Germany, respondents with a partner working for pay were asked about the partner's current occupation or, if there was more than one, about up to four occupations (cp. table 12). This way the survey contains eleven string variables with open descriptions of occupations (in the language in which the respondent was interviewed).

To be able to work with this information the open descriptions, in a first step, were postcoded into the ISCO-88 classification ("International Standard Classification of Occupations"). ISCO-88 is a four digit code that classifies occupations in a hierarchical system. The first digit distinguishes 10 major groups (e.g. $2=$ "professionals"). With the second digit included 28 sub-major groups can be distinguished (e.g. $21=$ "science and engineering professionals"). The first three digits identify 116 sub-groups (e.g. $211=$ "physicists, chemists and related professionals"). The full four-digit-code classifies 390 unit groups (e.g. $2114=$ "geologists and geophysicists").

With two exceptions, the major groups each are characterised by one skill level. The skill level indicates the level of complexity of the tasks that the occupations have. (It is partly defined on the basis of the educational classification ISCED and partly on the basis of the professional training required for the kind of jobs.) In the major groups 1 (legislators, senior officials and managers) and 0 (armed forces) skills vary too much to apply the concept. The other major groups each correspond to one out of four skill levels: The highest (fourth) skill level is characteristic for major group 2 ("professionals"), the third skill level for major group 3 ("technicians and associate professionals"), the lowest (first) skill level for major group 9 ("elementary occupations"). The major groups 4 to 8 all correspond to the second skill level. ${ }^{11}$

Table 12: Variables Describing Occupation and Job Prestige

|  | open description | ISCO-88 | SIOPS | ISEI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| respondent's current only occupation | v09003 | isco88_a | siops_a | isei_a |
| respondent's current 1st occupation | v0900401 | isco88_b ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | siops_b ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | isei_b ${ }^{\text {A }}$ |
| respondent's current 2nd occupation | v0900402 | isco88_c ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | siops_c ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | isei_c ${ }^{\text {A }}$ |
| respondent's current 3rd occupation | v0900403 | isco88_d ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | siops_d ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | isei_d ${ }^{\text {A }}$ |
| respondent's current 4th occupation | v0900404 | isco88_e ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | siops_e ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | isei_e ${ }^{\text {A }}$ |
| respondent's last occupation ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | v10002 | ex_isco88 | ex_siops | ex_isei |
| partner's only occupation ${ }^{\text {C }}$ | v05004 | p_isco88_a | p_siops_a | p_isei_a |
| partner's 1st occupation ${ }^{\text {C }}$ | v0500501 | p_isco88_b | p_siops_b | p_isei_b |
| partner's 2nd occupation ${ }^{\text {C }}$ | v0500502 | p_isco88_c | p_siops_c | p_isei_c |
| partner's 3rd occupation ${ }^{\text {C }}$ | v0500503 | p_isco88_d | p_siops_d | p_isei_d |
| partner's 4th occupation ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | v0500504 | p_isco88_e | p_siops_e | p_isei_e |

Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.
${ }^{A}$ not available for Poland.
${ }_{C}^{B}$ asked only to people who are currently not working for pay.
${ }^{\text {C }}$ asked only in Germany, France, and Spain.
There are two exceptions: In Poland not all occupations of the respondent were postcoded. There are ISCO, SIOPS and ISEI codes only for one occupation (if there is more than one: for the first occupation). This implies, as mentioned above, that no information about any further occupation was collected.

[^11]In Spain there was no post-coding but a pre-coding according to the classification SOC2000 ("Standard Occupational Classification") in its three-digit version. Pre-coding means: The interviewer immediately translated the respondent's description into a code during the interview - no verbal description was stored in the data set. SOC is an occupational classification designed by the United States Department of Labor, used in adjusted versions by the UK, Canada, Spain and other nations. SOC also defines four levels, organised similarly to ISCO. ${ }^{12}$ The Spanish SOC-2000 codes were later on translated into ISCO-88 codes using a translation table provided by the British Economic and Social Data Service (ESDS Government). ${ }^{13}$

### 6.5. Job Prestige (SIOPS and ISEI)

There are tables how to translate ISCO-88 codes into scores on various prestige scales. ${ }^{14}$. A prestige scale is a scale that measures prestige as a vertical dimension of social inequality. Job prestige is a social status, based on the reputation of the occupation and the professional position a person has. A doctor or lawyer for example ranks higher on the prestige scale than a detergence or factory worker. Other prestige scales include further aspects, such as the highest educational degree a person has. Prestige scales are usually created by surveys, asking people how much reputation they consider certain professions to have. This way, an empirical basis is created for numeric scores, replacing the subjective attitude of the researcher by an inter-subjective "public opinion."

For supporting analyses with JobMob I, ISCO-88 codes in the data set were translated into scores on two prestige scales: SIOPS and ISEI. The corresponding indicators can be found in table 12.

SIOPS ("Standard International Occupational Prestige Scale") is a very popular job prestige scale. The scale was developed by Donald Treiman ${ }^{15}$ in the 1970s in a survey in 55 countries using ISCO-68 occupations. Later on SIOPS was adjusted to ISCO-88. The scores rank theoretically from 0 (low prestige) to 100 (high prestige). Given the fact that each score is an average evaluation of many respondents scores close to 0 or 100 practically do not exist.

ISEI ("International Socio-economic Index of Occupational Status") was published by

[^12]Harry B. G. Ganzeboom et al. in $1992^{16}$. Here, the occupation is combined with information about the income and education. Grounds for calculation were 74000 male full-time employed respondents, aged 21 to 64 . The data come from 31 surveys in 16 different countries. The thought behind this scale is that every occupation requires a specific degree of education and that it corresponds with a specific wage level.

### 6.6. Region and Place of Living (NUTS/LAU)

In the survey, respondents were asked where - in which town or village - they lived. People with several places of residence were supposed to mention up to four different places of living. Respondents who had moved within the last three years within the country for occupational reasons were also asked in which town they had lived before the move. All these answers were, at first, noted by the interviewer in detail and later on post-coded into a LAU2 code. The se LAU2 codes are stored as v03001 (place of living), v03003a, v03003b, v03003c, $v 03003 d$ ( $1^{\text {st }}$ to $4^{\text {th }}$ place of living) and $v 11072$ (former place of living).

LAU2 is the most detailed level of a hierarchical system of regional codes, called NUTS and LAU. The system has six levels: from NUTS0 to NUTS3, followed by LAU1 and LAU2. Each level is a sub-division of the previous level, defining smaller regional parts within the larger regions of this previous level. Each level adds new digits to the numerical code. So, if regions are coded in LAU2 any higher aggregated NUTS level can be created by dropping digits from the right. One exception: LAU2 does define sub-regions of LAU1, but it adds different digits to the NUTS3 code than LAU1 does, so it is not as easy to switch from LAU2 to LAU1 level.

There is more than one variation of the NUTS/LAU code system. There is a European standard version provided by Eurostat; however it does not include the two LAU levels and thereby is less detailed than other versions developed by EU member states. The version used here is the German version of the Official Community Code, AGS ("Amtlicher Gemeindeschlüssel"), provided by the German statistical office. Originally AGS is a ten-digit code on the lowest LAU2 level. Here the NUTS0 level information on the nation state (two digits) is left out - which leaves an eight-digit code stored in the variables $v 03001, v 03003 a, v 03003 b$, $v 03003 c, v 03003 d$ and $v 11072$ in the data set. (The information on the nation state is available in the variable country in the data set.) As mentioned above, the LAU2 level also does not imply the LAU1 level information (which includes four digits, although it is less detailed as LAU2). The following table 13 gives an overview on the levels and the digits in which they

[^13]are represented within the eight-digit code in the data set. ${ }^{17}$
Table 13: NUTS and LAU Levels

| level | average size of regions | example | digits |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| NUTS0 | nation state | Germany, France, Spain, ... | - |
| NUTS1 | 3 million -7 million <br> inhabitants | D: Bundesländer (federal states); F: Z.E.A.T.; <br> E: Comunidades autónomas | $1+2$ |
| NUTS2 | $800000-3$ million <br> inhabitants | D: Regierungsbezirke (administrative districts); | 3 |
| NUTS3 | $150000-800000$ <br> inhabitants | F: régions; E: Comunidades y ciudades autónomas |  |
| LAU1 |  | breise / kreisfreie Städte (counties / county | $4+5$ |
| LAU2 |  | D: Gemeindeverbände (municipalities associations) | - |

Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.
To clarify how the codes are read an example shall illustrate the system. The village Memmelsdorf near the town Bamberg in Northern Bavaria (Germany) has the LAU2 code 09471159. How the digits in this code are read is illustrated in table 14.

Table 14: Example for a Coding according to NUTS/LAU

| Code | NUTS0 | NUTS1 | NUTS2 | NUTS3 | LAU2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 00 | Germany |  |  |  |  |
| 0009 |  | Bayern (Bavaria) |  |  |  |
| 00094 |  | Oberfranken <br> (Upper Franconia) |  | Bamberg |  |
| 0009471 |  |  |  | Memmelsdorf |  |
| 0009471159 |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.
There are two basic strategies how to use the regional codes in data analyses. Firstly analyses can be differentiated not only by nation but also by regions within the countries. Mobility or the effects of mobility may look different in the German and in the French speaking part of Switzerland, in the North and in the South of France, in East and in West Germany etc. Analyses can differentiate between such regions if the LAU2 code is

[^14]transformed into a less differentiated level, such as NUTS1 or NUTS2.
A second strategy of using the regional codes is taking into account characteristics of the region a respondent lives in, as macro or meso level context variables. Analyses can, for example, differentiate between urban and rural places. Analyses can use a regional unemployment rate or the ratio of Roman Catholics within a community as explaining variables in a causal analysis. National statistical offices and other institutions provide such regional statistics. The LAU2 code (or a higher level code) can then be used as a break variable to match new variables to the data set and add the extra regional information needed.

### 6.7. National Indicators

A few variables in the data set reflect questions that were only asked or indices that were only generated in a specific country. These variables are marked with a letter at the end of the variable name: "_D" for Germany, "F" for France, "_PL" for Poland, "_CH" for Switzerland, and "_B" for Belgium. (There are no indicators for Spain in the data set.) They can be used for analyses that are restricted to one national subsample. Aside from nation specific educational degrees (cp. section 6.3) these are variables classifying or characterising regions within the country (cp. table 15).

Table 15: National Indicators

| variable name | variable description |
| :--- | :--- |
| education_D | educational degree of respondents in Germany |
| region_D | regions (16 federal states) in Germany |
| education_F | educational degree of respondents in France |
| education_partner_F | educational degree of respondents' partners in France |
| region_F | regions in France (grouped into 8 zones) |
| education_CH | educational degree of respondents in Switzerland |
| region_CH | regions in Switzerland (grouped into 7 zones) |
| municipality_size_CH | number of inhabitants of the municipality |
| municipality_type_CH | classification of the municipality (centralisation typology) |
| education_PL | educational degree of respondents in Poland (in ISCED levels) |
| education_partner_PL | educational degree of respondents' partners in Poland (in ISCED levels) |
| region_PL | regions in Poland (grouped into 6 zones) |
| education_B | educational degree of respondents in Belgium |
| region_B | regions (Wallonia, Flanders, Brussels) in Belgium |

Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.

## 7. Weighting

As described earlier, the survey - or at least its first subsample S 1 - is based on random sampling and representative. However, as any survey it has to deal with characteristic biases. For ensuring that descriptive analyses actually are as representative as possible weighting factors were constructed, and it is recommended to weight the data when analysing them.

### 7.1. Biases

Generally, there are two sorts of biases and, accordingly, two sorts of weights: The more common type is the non-response bias. It comes through the fact that people - even if they have an equal chance of being contacted - do not have an equal chance of participating. People with little time or with low education, for example, are more likely to refuse, so that they are under-represented in surveys, even if the sampling strategy had been a perfect random sampling. The exact direction and extent of non-response biases are unforeseeable and not calculable before the fieldwork is over. They can only be evaluated after the data set is complete and only inasmuch as references are available. A reference is necessary to know the "true" distribution of a certain variable (such as age, gender, education etc.) in the target population. Only if this information is known and the distribution of a variable in the sample can be compared to the corresponding accurate distribution in the target population a nonresponse bias can be assessed. And only then a weight can be calculated to correct the bias. A weight that corrects a non-response bias is called an adjustment weight.

The design bias is different. It comes through an imperfection of the random sampling strategy which has the consequence that individuals do not all have equal chances of being contacted. The advantage of a design bias is often that it is foreseeable and calculable in its direction and strength, even before the fieldwork has started, simply by reflecting the sampling strategy. Therefore a weight that corrects the bias can be calculated early and it can be calculated precisely so that the bias is actually eliminated from the weighted results. A weight that corrects a design bias is called a design weight.

In the JobMob I data set there are non-response biases (A, cp. table 16) as well as two design biases (B) and (C). And there is a last bias: a design bias concerning only the international level (D). It is based on the fact that several national subsamples were merged to one "European" data set. However, this bias is a special case as will be explained below.

The non-response bias (A) appears in all countries and is especially strong in the five countries in which CATI technique was used. Its main effect is that women and people with high educational degrees are severely over-represented (which is typical for surveys, especially those using CATI).

The first design bias (B) is based on the fact that not individuals but households were contacted by the strategy of using landline phone numbers. We can expect that all people living in the same household usually share one landline phone number. So if every landline phone number has an equal chance of being dialled, a person living in a single household has a higher chance of being selected as a target person than a person living with many people (in the age of 25 to 54) in the same household. This bias appears only in the five countries which used CATI, not in Poland.

The second design bias (C) is caused by the deliberate over-sampling of job-mobile people in S2. It leads to the fact that (in all six countries) job-mobile people are overrepresented in the full sample (S1 plus S2).

The last bias (D) is not as obvious as the previous ones. Its identification is dependent from the answer to a question: Which proportion should the national subsamples have in an international survey? Do they need to reflect the countries' population sizes? Or, to be more precise: Do they need to reflect the sizes of the target populations in each countries (the residential populations, aged 25 to 54)? In this case the Swiss and the Belgian subsamples would need to be much smaller than the German one. Or should the national subsamples be of equal size? Does the proportion matter at all? In the literature different answers can be found. Therefore different solutions are offered in terms of different weighting factors.

Table 16: Biases in the Data Set

| no. | type of bias | bias | reason for bias |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (A) | non-response bias | over-representation of women and <br> people with high educational degrees | unequal participation rates |
| (B) | design bias | over-representation of people in small <br> households (with a small number of <br> people aged 25 to 54 in the household) | contact through landline phone <br> numbers |
| (C) | design bias | over-representation of job mobile <br> people | deliberate over-sampling <br> in S2 |
| (D) | (international) <br> design bias | disproportional compilation of national <br> samples | disproportional definition of <br> national sample sizes |

[^15]
### 7.2. Calculation of Weights

The weighting procedure started with correcting the design biases (C) and (B).

## Correcting the over-representation of job mobile people

The second design bias (C) is the over-sampling of job mobile people. This oversampling was deliberate and happened for a good reason: For analysing the situation of job mobile people a decent data base was supposed to be available. The larger number of cases increases the reliability of results concerning job mobile people and reduces their standard errors (no matter whether a weight, correcting the over-representation, is turned on or not). For non-descriptive analyses and for analyses that are reduced to the subsample of job mobile people the over-sampling does not need to be corrected. Therefore three of the provided weighting factors do not correct this bias (cp. table 17).

For descriptive analyses with all people, mobile and non-mobile, the over-sampling needs to be corrected by a design weight ( $w c_{i}$ with $i$ being the specific individual). The number of mobiles collected within the S 1 sampling phase must be regarded as the best estimate for the true share of mobiles in the target population. Every mobile respondent that comes in during the S 2 sampling phase falsifies this proportion. So, the weight $w c_{i}$ needs to weight down the number of mobile people in the sample to the number of mobile people in S1. And it must not change the number of non-mobile people in any way:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{wc}_{\mathrm{i}}=\frac{n(\text { Mobiles })_{S 1}}{n(\text { Mobiles })_{S \mid+S 2}} & \text { for mobile respondents } \\
\mathrm{wc}_{\mathrm{i}}=1 & \text { for non-mobile respondents }
\end{array}
$$

## Correcting the over-representation of people in small households

The first design bias (B) is the over-representation of people, living in households with few people or only one person, aged 25-54. If a household with just one individual in the relevant age group is contacted then this person has a $100 \%$ chance to be selected as a target person. If a household with two individuals in the relevant age range is contacted then each of these two individuals has a $50 \%$ chance to be chosen (with the last birthday method). The more people, aged 25-54, are in a household, the lower is the chance for each individual in that household to be interviewed. The chance is reversed proportional to the number of people, aged 25 to 54 , in the household (in the following referred to as the "reduced household size" rhs).

The design weight correcting this bias $\left(w b_{i}\right)$ therefore needs to be proportional to the reduced household size (since it needs to be reversed proportional to the individual's chance of entering the sample). If the weight would not need to be case-neutral it could simply be
calculated as:

$$
\mathrm{wb}_{\mathrm{i}}=\mathrm{rhs}_{\mathrm{i}}
$$

However, then the reported sample size in weighted results would be clearly higher than the actual sample size. To avoid this effect of up-weighting, a correction factor is added that makes the weight $w b_{i}$ case-neutral:

$$
\mathrm{wb}_{\mathrm{i}}=\mathrm{rhs}_{\mathrm{i}} * \mathrm{n} / \Sigma\left(\mathrm{rhs}_{\mathrm{i}}\right)
$$

The goal of weighting is not a set of weighting factors that each correct one bias, but one or a few weights that correct several or all biases simultaneously. Therefore a next question must be: How can a weight $w b c_{i}$ be calculated, based on $w b_{i}$ and $w c_{i}$, that corrects bias (B) and (C) at the same time? If $w b_{i}$ and $w c_{i}$ would simply be multiplied both bias corrections would be slightly falsified because $w b_{i}$ and $w c_{i}$ are not statistically independent. Therefore, to make $w b_{i}$ and $w c_{i}$ statistically independent $w b_{i}$ was calculated for mobiles and for nonmobiles separately. In each of the two subsamples the respective subsample's $n$ and $\Sigma\left(\mathrm{rhs}_{\mathrm{i}}\right)$ was used. This way $w b_{i}$ and $w c_{i}$ could be simply multiplied in order to generate a weighting factor $w b c_{i}$ that corrects both design biases simultaneously.

## Correcting the non-response bias

In a next step the adjustment weight $\left(w a_{i}\right)$ needed to be implemented, correcting the nonresponse bias (A). For this purpose census data, provided by the national statistical offices of the participating countries, was used to assess and adjust a number of distributions. With minor deviations in all six countries the same set of variables was used:

1) age, measure in 10-year brackets: 25-34 / 35-44 / 45-54
2) sex: female / male
3) education, based on the ISCED classification (cp. section 6.3), collapsed into three categories: ISCED level 0-2 / level 3-4 / level 5-6
4) one aspect of family composition, with national variation, depending on available statistics:
a) presence of children under 18 in the household (yes/no)
b) presence of children in the household (yes/no)
c) having children under 18 (yes/no)
d) having children (yes/no)
e) living with a partner in the same household (yes/no)
f) marital status (married/not married)
5) one aspect of geographic distribution, with national variation.

Inasmuch as the availability of census data made it possible, variables were crosstabulated, so that their joint two- or more-dimensional distribution could be compared with the census data reference and corrected accordingly. This was the case in all countries, at least for age and sex.

The adjustment weighting process involved at least four variables in each country plus a correction through design weights $w b c_{i}$ that needed to remain constant. For calculating the weights the French SAS macro "Calmar" (short for "calage sur marge") was used. Calmar adjusts the margins of a defined set of variables simultaneously to pre-defined distributions ${ }^{18}$. These distributions were taken from the census data. The adjustment is done in a calibration procedure. This procedure is also called "raking" or "iterative proportional fitting." In this case the design weights $w b c_{i}$ were defined as the initial weights.

Aside from adjusting the margins, Calmar minimises the sum of all distances between initial weights $w b c_{i}$ and final weights wabc ${ }_{i}$. For measuring this distance Calmar offers several possibilities. In the study at hand a distance was used based on a log function. In order to avoid an increased standard error for any under-represented sub group a limit was defined: No adjustment weight was allowed to exceed 1.3.

## Correcting the disproportional compilation of national samples

All the previously described weights were calculated on the national level. Their result, the final weight wabci, can be used for any analysis on the national level. This means: It can be used either as long as the data for one single country is analysed or as long as all analyses are differentiated by country, so that no statistic for two or more countries is calculated. Therefore the weight is referred to as national weight or, by its variable name, as w_nation in table 17.

For calculating statistics for two or more countries a last issue needs to be addressed. The last step, the handling of bias (D), considers the merged six country sample and the proportion of the six national subsample sizes within this merged data set.

The national subsample sizes vary between 1007 for Switzerland and 1663 for Germany (or, after correcting the oversampling of mobile people through a design weight, between 750 and 1495). These variations reflect to some degree the differences between the sizes of the six

[^16]target populations (the numbers of inhabitants, aged 25 to 54, in each country). However, they are not nearly proportional to them.

The relative national subsample sizes have an effect on the results: the "sample size effect." Every ratio (e.g. the ratio of job mobile people) will be somewhat higher and every relationship between variables will be somewhat stronger in one national subsample than in another. The higher the relative subsample size of a given country is, the higher the influence of this country's ratios and relationships on the results will be when analysing the overall data set. So, it matters whether 1007 or 1663 , whether 750 or 1495 cases from of any specific country enter the comprehensive data file, especially when ratios and relationships strongly differ between the countries. This means: For analyses with data from two or more countries the relative national subsample sizes need to be adjusted. But what are the right relative subsample sizes? Two strategies seem legitimate.

Table 17: Overview over Weighting Factors

| weight | correction of biases |  | recommended usage |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | A | B | C | D |  |
| w_nation | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | - | $\begin{array}{l}\text { weight for analyses on national level or differentiated } \\ \text { by nation }\end{array}$ |
| w_mob_nation | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | - | - | $\begin{array}{l}\text { weight for analyses of job-mobile people only on } \\ \text { national level or differentiated by nation }\end{array}$ |
| w_proportion | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark^{\text {A }}$ | weight for descriptive analyses on European level |$]$| w_mob_proportion |
| :--- |
| w_equal |
| w_mob_equal |
| $\checkmark$ |

[^17]The first option, which shall be referred to as proportional weighting (w_proportion), is to assign to each subsample the relative weight that the corresponding country's target population has in the total six country population. In other words: The weighted $n$ of small countries (such as Switzerland or Belgium) should be small, and the weighted $n$ of big countries (such as Germany or France) should be big, reflecting the actual proportions of the countries' numbers of inhabitants, aged 25 to 54 . This strategy is used frequently, for example, in the European Social Survey (ESS). It allows analyses that are representative for the total target population in the six countries. This strategy treats the country variable just as any other socio-demographic variable, requesting that it ought to show the same distribution
in the sample as would be found in the (six country) target population.
This method is appropriate inasmuch as representing the target population is the only purpose of a sample. It implies that each individual's characteristics are of equal importance to the statistical means, ratios and relationships. We recommend to generally applying the strategy of proportional weighting in all descriptive or univariate analyses (means and ratios).

The second option, which shall be referred to as equal weighting ( $w$ _equal), implies that all subsample sizes should appear as equal in the analyses. This strategy is less common. It can be justified by the fact that a single nation's population is a much more logical target population than the population of six countries combined. National contexts - such as culture, policies, etc. - are homogeneous in the one case and rather heterogeneous in the other. Macro level contexts, however, undoubtedly have a strong impact on individual behaviour. In the case of a national analysis, these contexts are mainly kept constant, causing a certain level in response behaviour, but no variance. In the case of a six country analysis, they do cause variance. And if the sample is proportionally weighted, the results are affected unevenly by the various macro level contexts, giving more importance to large countries' policies and cultures.

For this reason, it is a legitimate alternative not to represent the population of the six countries proportionally but to represent the various macro level contexts evenly. This means: letting each of the six countries enter the comprehensive sample with an equal relative subsample size. We recommend to generally applying this strategy of equal weighting in all bivariate and multivariate analyses.

## 8. Ascertainment Errors

Two ascertainment errors occurred during the fieldwork. Due to insufficiencies in the implementation of the filtering system less information was collected than intended by the questionnaire design.

The first error was caused by wrong programming of filter instructions. It lead to the fact that questions regarding the willingness to become mobile (questions 14.001 to 14.007 , variables v14001 to 14007 in the data set) were asked to too few people in three of the six countries. These countries are: Germany, Switzerland, and Belgium. France, Spain, and Poland have correct data regarding these questions.

In Germany, only people working for pay were asked. People not working for pay should have been asked whether they would be willing to be mobile in order to get a job, but weren't. This concerns the willingness to move to a foreign country (14.004), to travel one hour or
more one way each day to get to the job (14.005), to travel once a week someplace where you stay overnight and return only on weekends (14.006), and the willingness to go frequently on business trips that require overnights away from home (14.007). Only the first item in this row, the willingness to move to another region, was asked to both, people working for pay (14.003) and people not working for pay (14.002).

In Switzerland and Belgium, also the question regarding the willingness to move to another region was not asked to people not working for pay. For these two countries, v14002 is empty. (The answers of people working for pay are stored in v14003.) In these two countries also the question whether or not a person who is not working for pay would like to have a job (14.001) was not asked. Also this variable (v14001) is empty.

In Belgium finally, filter problems also filtered out most people working for pay in the questions 14.004 to 14.007 , so that the respective variables have very few valid cases (below $\mathrm{n}=30$ ). Belgium has usable data only for v14003 - the question regarding the willingness to move to another region, answered by people working for pay.

The second error is an ascertainment error only in a larger sense. It is based on a slight deficiency of reliability of an indicator that later on was used for filtering. The indicator is mob3, the identification of Recent Relocators (people who have relocated for job-related reasons across a distance of at least 50 km within three years prior to the interview). It is calculated on the basis of v01015 ("Have you ever moved at least 50 km since 2004?"), v01016 and 101017 ("Was this move / at least one of these moves mainly for your own jobrelated reasons?"). And it is used as a filter for all questions that were only supposed to be addressed to Recent Relocators.

As it is easy imaginable some answers to these questions were imprecise, e.g. because respondents had difficulties in remembering relocation dates or distances. This was detected because, later on in the interview, interviewees reported a detailed relocation biography (questions 02.016 to 02.022 , variables v 02016 to $\mathbf{v} 0202215$ ). In the process of data cleaning, the answers from this relocation biography have been compared to the indicator mob3, and in some cases that seemed obvious enough the indicator has been corrected: Some respondents who had been identified as Recent Relocators during the interview have been coded as not being Recent Relocators afterwards and vice-versa.

For people who have been coded as not being Recent Relocators afterwards the answers to questions that should have only been asked to Recent Relocators have been deleted. What was not possible, of course, was to insert information for those who later on have been coded as Recent Relocators, but weren't identified as such during the interview. For these
respondents data in several questions, describing the situation of Recent Relocators in more detail, are missing. This concerns 45 cases among 700 Recent Relocators in the data set.

## 9. Contact information

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## 10.Appendix

The following pages present the English master questionnaire used in the survey JobMob I. This version was the first one to be formulated. The other questionnaire versions, in German, French, Polish, Spanish, and Dutch, are translations based on this master version (cp. section 4.2).

## QUESTIONNAIRE CONTENT

## A) Screening

1) Identification of Job Mobility

Employment Status, Daily Long-Distance Commuters, Overnighters, Recent Relocators, Long-Distance Relationships, Job Mobility of the Partner

## B) Origin and Place

2) Life History
3) Place of Living

## C) Family Life

4) Partnership
5) Occupational Situation of the Partner
6) Children, Childcare, Grandchildren, Household and Parents
7) Quality of Partnership, Division of Labour and Housework

## D) Work I

8) Job Biography
9) Current Occupational Situation (a): Working for Pay
10) Current Occupational Situation (b): Not Working for Pay

## E) Job Mobility (only for job mobile people)

11) Phenomenology of Job Mobility

Daily Long-Distance Commuters, Overnighters, Shuttlers (Overnighters I),
Vari-Mobiles (Overnighters II), Long-Distance Relationships, Recent Relocators
12) Circumstances of Job Mobility
13) Consequences of Job Mobility

## F) Work II

14) Readiness to Become Job Mobile

## G) Individual Characteristics

15) Attitudes Regarding Job, Job Mobility and Family
16) Health, Stress and Satisfaction
17) Socio Demographics

## Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe - $1^{\text {st }}$ Wave English Master Questionnaire

## A) Screening

| $\mathbf{0 0 . 0 1 0} \quad$ v00010 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: - |
| [Do not ask, only note:] Sex of respondent <br> (1) male$\quad$(1) female |

## 1) Identification of Job Mobility

## Employment Status

I would like to start with some questions concerning your professional life.
01.001 v01001

Filter rules: -
Do you currently have paid work that provides a significant contribution to your income?
[If clarification is necessary:] This may include short-time employment, casual work, student jobs, or military service - if it makes a difference for you in terms of your financial means. It also includes being on maternal or parental leave [in Belgium add: "... or 'time credit'"].
[If clarification is necessary:] We also are interested in illegal employment. And be sure that we will not report anything you tell us to any official office.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$01.002 \quad \mathrm{v} 01002$
Filter rules: v01001 = 0
Have you ever had paid work like this?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$01.003 \quad \mathrm{v} 01003$
Filter rules: v01002 = 1
In which year did your last job end?
$\qquad$ (year)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

Daily Long-Distance Commuters

| 01.004 $\quad$ v01004 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: v01001 = 1 |
| On a normal workday, how long does it take to get from home to work? |
| [If clarification is necessary:] ... from door to door - on an average day, with the means of transportation |
| you use mostly? |


| minutes |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| (9996) doesn't apply / I work at home. | (9997) I can't say, it varies too much. |
| (9998) don't want to say | (9999) don't know |

$01.005 \quad$ v01005
Filter rules: v01001 = 1 and v01004 $=9997$
Does it vary strongly because you have to combine several jobs?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $01.006 \quad$ v01006

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ and v01004 $=9997$
On an average month how often do you spend at least one hour to get from home to work?
(1) 12 days a month or more
(0) less than 12 days a month
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

### 01.007 v01007

Filter rules: v01001 $=1$ and v01004 $\geq 30$ and v01004 $<9991$
Do you normally need about the same time for the way back?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
01.008 v01008

Filter rules: v01001 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01004 \geq 30$ and $\mathrm{v} 01004<9991$ and $\mathrm{v} 01007=0$
How much time does it usually take to get back home?
$\qquad$ minutes
(9996) doesn't apply / I work at home.
(9997) I can’t say, it varies too much. (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

### 01.009 v01009

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ and $((\mathrm{v} 01007=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01004 \geq 60)$ or ( $\mathrm{v} 01007=0$ and $\mathrm{v} 01004+\mathrm{v} 01008 \geq 120$ and $\mathrm{v} 01008<9991$ ) ) and $\mathrm{v} 01004<9991$
How often per week do you usually make this round trip?
$\qquad$ times
(9997) I can't say, it varies too much.
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $01.010 \quad$ v01010

Filter rules: v01009 = 9997
Please think of a typical week. Would that be at least three times?
(1) three times or more
(0) less than three times
(9997) I can't say, it varies too much.
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

Computing an indicator for identifying Long-Distance Commuters:
mob1 $=1$ if $((\mathrm{v} 01007=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01004 \geq 60$ and $\mathrm{v} 01004<9991)$
or $(\mathrm{v} 01007=0$ and $\mathrm{v} 01004+\mathrm{v} 01008 \geq 120$ and $\mathrm{v} 01004<9991$ and $\mathrm{v} 01008<9991)$ )
and ( $(\mathrm{v} 01009 \geq 3$ and $\mathrm{v} 01009<9991)$ or $(\mathrm{v} 01009=9997$ and $\mathrm{v} 01010=1)$ )
mob1 $=0$ in all other cases

## Overnighters

## $01.011 \quad$ v01011

Filter rules: v01001 = 1 or (v01002 = 1 and v01003 > 2005)
Some people frequently spend overnights away from home for job-related reasons. We do not mean night-shifts, but rather overnights due to job-related travels, seasonal work or working too far away to return home every day. In the last 12 months, have you spent nights away from home for these kinds of job-related reasons?
[If clarification is necessary:] These overnights can be in one piece - that would mean staying away from home over the course of two months. Or the overnights can be spread out over many short trips, for example two overnights every week.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$01.012 \quad v 01012 a / v 01012 b / v 01012 c$
Filter rules: $(\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or $(\mathrm{v} 01002=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01003>2005))$ and $\mathrm{v} 01011=1$
Could you tell me roughly: How many overnights did you spend in the last 12 months away from home for job-related reasons? If it is easier for you, you can tell me the number of overnights in an average working week or an average month.
a. $\qquad$ overnights per year
b. $\qquad$ overnights per month
c. $\qquad$ overnights per week
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$01.013 \quad \mathrm{v} 01013$
Filter rules: $(\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or $(\mathrm{v} 01002=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01003>2005))$ and ( v01012 $<60$ or v01012 $<6$ or v01012 $<2$ )
Some people are working parts of the year far away from home. Did you have such a working experience in the last 12 months?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$01.014 \quad v 01014$
Filter rules: v01013 = 1
Have you spent at least 60 overnights away from home in the last 12 months?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## Computing an indicator for identifying Overnighters:

$\operatorname{mob} 2=1$ if $\mathrm{v} 01012 \geq 60$ or $\mathrm{v} 01012 \geq 6$ or $\mathrm{v} 01012 \geq 2$ or $(\mathrm{v} 01013=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01014=1)$
mob2 $=0$ in all other cases

Recent Relocators

## $01.015 \quad v 01015$

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or $(\mathrm{v} 01002=1$ and v01003 > 2003)
Have you ever moved at least 50 km since 2004?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$01.016 \quad \mathrm{v} 01016$

Filter rules: $(\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or $(\mathrm{v} 01002=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01003>2003))$ and $\mathrm{v} 01015=1$
How often?
$\qquad$ times (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$01.017 \quad$ v01017
Filter rules: $(\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or $(\mathrm{v} 01002=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01003>2003))$ and $\mathrm{v} 01015=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01016=1$
Was this move mainly for your own job-related reasons?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
01.018 v01018

Filter rules: ( $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or (v01002 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01003>2003$ ) ) and v01015 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01016>1$
Was at least one of these moves mainly for your own job-related reasons?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

Computing an indicator for identifying Recent Relocators:
mob3 $=1$ if $\mathrm{v} 01015=1$ and $(\mathrm{v} 01017=1$ or v01018 = 1)
mob3 $=0$ in all other cases

## Long-Distance Relationships

## $01.019 \quad v 01019$

Filter rules: -
Do you currently have a stable relationship?
[If clarification is necessary:] Is there any person who you yourself define as your partner?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $01.020 \quad$ v01020

Filter rules: v01019 = 1
Do you and your partner live together in a common household?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $01.021 \quad v 01021$

Filter rules: v01019 = 1
Does your partner currently have paid work that provides a significant contribution to his/her income?
[If clarification is necessary:] This may include short-time employment, casual work, student jobs, or military service - if it makes a difference for your partner in terms of his/her financial means.
It also includes being on maternal or parental leave [in Belgium add: "... or 'time credit'"].
[If clarification is necessary:] We also are interested in illegal employment. And be sure that we will not report anything you tell us to any official office.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$01.022 \quad$ v01022
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01020=0$ and $\mathrm{v} 01021=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$
If your and your partner's job situations would allow it: Would you share a common household?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$01.023 \quad$ v01023

Filter rules: (S1-interview and $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01020=0$ ) or
( S2-interview and $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01020=0$ and $\mathrm{v} 01021=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01022=1$ )
How long does it usually take you to travel between your residences?
[If clarification is necessary:] ... from door to door - on an average day, with the means of transportation you use mostly?
minutes
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

Computing an indicator for identifying Long-Distance Relationships:
mob4 $=1$ if $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01020=0$ and $\mathrm{v} 01021=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01022=1$ and $v 01023 \geq 60$ and $v 01023<9001$
mob4 $=0$ in all other cases

## Job Mobility of the Partner

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01021=1$ and $(\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or $(\mathrm{v} 01002=1$ and v01003 > 2003 ) )
I would also like to know whether your partner is currently mobile in one of the ways that we have talked about.

## $01.024 \quad$ v01024

Filter rules: v01019 = 1 and v01021 = 1
On a normal workday, how long does it take your partner to get from home to work, one way?
[If clarification is necessary:] ... from door to door - on an average day, with the means of transportation [ he / she ] uses mostly?
$\qquad$ minutes
(9996) doesn't apply / He/She works at home.
(9997) I can't say, it varies too much. (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $01.025 \quad$ v01025

Filter rules: v01019 = 1 and v01021 = 1 and v01024 $\geq 60$ and v01024<9991
How often per week does he/she usually make this trip?
$\qquad$ times
(9997) I can't say, it varies too much.
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$01.026 \quad$ v01026
Filter rules: v01019 = 1 and v01021 = 1
Did she/he spend overnights away from home in the last 12 months, due to job-related reasons?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $01.027 \quad v 01027$ / v01027b / v01027c

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01021=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01026=1$
Could you tell me roughly: How many overnights did he/she spend in the last 12 months away from home for job-related reasons? If it is easier for you, you can tell me the number of overnights in an average working week or an average working month.
a. $\qquad$ overnights per year
b. $\qquad$ overnights per month
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
c. $\qquad$ overnights per week
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know


How often is he/she usually doing this? You can tell me either per month or per year, whichever is more comfortable to calculate.
a. $\qquad$ times per month
(9997) I can't say, it varies too much.
(9998) don't want to say
b. $\qquad$ times per year
(9999) don't know
(9998) don't want to say
(9997) I can't say, it varies too much.
(9999) don't know

## $01.030 \quad$ v01030

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01021=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01020=0$
Did your partner move a distance of at least 50 km since 2004, mainly for [ his / her ] own job-related reasons?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

```
Computing an indicator for identifying job mobile partners:
mob5 = 1 if v01019 = 1 and v01021 = 1 and
(( v01024 \geq60 and v01024<9991 and v01025 \geq3 )
or (v01026 = 1 and ( (v01027\geq60 and v01027<9991) or
    (v01027\geq6 and v01027<9991) or (v01027 \geq2 and v01027<9991)))
or v01030 = 1)
mob5 = 0 in all other cases
```

Filter rules: S2-interview and mob1 $=0$ and mob2 $=0$ and mob3 $=0$ and mob4 $=0$
This was the last question. I thank you very much for your interest and participation in our study.
[interview ends]
Filter rules: S2-interview and ( mob1 = 1 or mob2 = 1 or mob3 = 1 or mob4 = 1)
The main interview starts now. First of all, I have some questions about your life history.

## Filter rules: S1-interview

Now, I have some questions about your life history.

## B) Origin and Place

## 2) Life History

| 02.001 | v02001 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: - |  |
| In which year were you born? <br> (year) | $(9998)$ don't want to say (9999) don't know |


| 02.002 | $\mathrm{v} 02002 / \mathrm{v} 02002 \mathrm{a} / \mathrm{v} 02002 \mathrm{~b}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: - |  |

In which country were you born?
[Do not read out - just mark:]
(01) Albania
(02) Austria
(03) Belarus
(04) Belgium
(05) Bosnia/Herzegovina
(06) Bulgaria
(07) Croatia
(08) Czech Republic
(09) Denmark
(11) Finland
(12) France
(10) Estonia
(14) German Democratic Republic
(15) Greece
(16) Hungary
(17) Iceland
(18) Ireland
(19) Italy
(20) Latvia
(21) Lithuania
(22) Luxembourg
(23) Macedonia
(24) Moldavia
(25) the Netherlands
(26) Norway
(27) Poland
(28) Portugal
(29) Rumania
(30) Russia
(31) Serbia
(32) Slovakia
(33) Slovenia
(34) Spain
(35) Sweden
(36) Switzerland
(37) Soviet Union (USSR)
(38) Turkey
(39) Ukraine
(40) United Kingdom
(41) Yugoslavia
(50) other European: $\qquad$ (v02002a)
(60) other Non-European: $\qquad$ (v02002b) (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don’t know

| $\mathbf{0 2 . 0 0 3}$ v02003 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: $\mathbf{v 0 2 0 0 2} \neq$ [code for survey country] |
| In which year did you move to [ survey country ] ? <br> (year) |

[If the respondent takes time, continue with next question as an alternative.]

## $02.004 \quad$ v02004

Filter rules: v02002 $\neq$ [code for survey country]
Or is it easier to tell me how old you were when you moved to [survey country] ?
$\qquad$ (age)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

### 02.005 v02005

Filter rules: v02002 = [code for survey country]
Have you ever lived 1 year or longer outside of [survey country ] ?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

| $\mathbf{0 2 . 0 0 6}$ v02006 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: v02002 $\neq$ [code for survey country] |

After you came to [survey country] have you ever lived 1 year or longer outside of [ survey country ] ?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
02.007 v02007

Filter rules: v02005 $=1$ or v02006 $=1$
How often in total?
$\qquad$ times
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

| 02.008 | $v 0200801 / v 0200802 / v 0200803 / \ldots / v 0200843 / v 02008 a / v 02008 b$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: - |  |

What is your citizenship?
[Multiple answers possible] [Do not read out - just mark:]

| 01. Albania | (1) applies <br>  <br> (9998) don't want to say | (9996) I do not have any citizenship. <br> (9999) don't know |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 02. Austria | (1) applies $(0)$ doesn't apply <br>  $(9998)$ don't want to say | (9996) I do not have any citizenship. <br> (9999) don't know |
| 03. Belarus | (1) applies $(0)$ doesn't apply <br>  $(9998)$ don't want to say | (9996) I do not have any citizenship. |

[Analogue:]
04. Belgium
05. Bosnia/Herzegovina
06. Bulgaria
07. Croatia
08. Czech Republic
09. Denmark
10. Estonia
11. Finland
12. France
13. Germany
14. German Democratic Republic
15. Greece
16. Hungary
17. Iceland
18. Ireland
19. Italy
20. Latvia
21. Lithuania
22. Luxembourg
23. Macedonia
24. Moldavia
25. the Netherlands
26. Norway
27. Poland
28. Portugal
29. Rumania
30. Russia
31. Serbia
32. Slovakia
34. Spain
35. Sweden
33. Slovenia
37. Soviet Union (USSR)
38. Turkey
39. Ukraine
40. United Kingdom
41. Yugoslavia
42. other European: $\qquad$ (v02008a)
43. other Non-European:

## $02.009 \quad$ v02009

## Filter rules: -

What about your parents, is their country of origin the same as yours?
(0) no
(1) yes, both
(2) my father yes, but not my mother
(3) my mother yes, but not my father (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $02.010 \quad v 02010 / v 02010 a / v 02010 b$

Filter rules: v02009 $=0$ or v02009 $=3$

## What is the country of origin of your father?

[Do not read out - just mark:]
(01) Albania
(04) Belgium
(07) Croatia
(10) Estonia
(13) Germany
(15) Greece
(18) Ireland
(21) Lithuania
(24) Moldavia
(27) Poland
(30) Russia
(33) Slovenia
(36) Switzerland
(39) Ukraine
(50) other European:
(60) other Non-European:
(9998) don't want to say
(02) Austria
(05) Bosnia/Herzegovina
(08) Czech Republic
(11) Finland
(14) German Democratic Republic
(16) Hungary
(19) Italy
(22) Luxembourg
(25) the Netherlands
(28) Portugal
(31) Serbia
(34) Spain
(37) Soviet Union (USSR)
(40) United Kingdom
(17) Iceland
(03) Belarus
(06) Bulgaria
(09) Denmark
(12) France
(20) Latvia
(23) Macedonia
(26) Norway
(29) Rumania
(32) Slovakia
(35) Sweden
(38) Turkey
(41) Yugoslavia

## $02.011 \quad$ v02011 / v02011a / v02011b

Filter rules: v02009 $=0$ or v02009 $=2$
And your mother? What is her country of origin?
[Do not read out - just mark:]
(01) Albania
(04) Belgium
(02) Austria
(03) Belarus
(07) Croatia
(10) Estonia
(05) Bosnia/Herzegovina
(06) Bulgaria
(08) Czech Republic
(09) Denmark
(11) Finland
(12) France
(13) Germany
(14) German Democratic Republic
(15) Greece
(16) Hungary
(17) Iceland
(18) Ireland
(21) Lithuania
(24) Moldavia
(27) Poland
(30) Russia
(33) Slovenia
(36) Switzerland
(19) Italy
(22) Luxembourg
(20) Latvia
(25) the Netherlands
(23) Macedonia
(28) Portugal
(26) Norway
(31) Serbia
(29) Rumania
(34) Spain
(37) Soviet Union (USSR)
(32) Slovakia
(40) United Kingdom
(35) Sweden
(38) Turkey
(41) Yugoslavia
(50) other European: $\qquad$ (v02011a)
(60) other Non-European: $\qquad$ (v02011b) (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| 02.012 | $\mathrm{v02012}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: - |  |

In which year did you move out from your parents' home?
[If clarification is necessary:] We are interested in the year where you, for the first time in your life, had an own, independent household: a household where you could live on your own without visiting your parents on a weekly basis. Don't count a minimal accommodation during military service or a "granny flat" in your parents' house if you still had meals with your parents.

> (year) (9996) doesn't apply / I still live at my parents' home.
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[If the respondent takes time, continue with next question as an alternative.]

| 02.013 | v 02013 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: - |  |
| Or is it easier to tell me how old you were when you moved out? |  |

Or is it easier to tell me how old you were when you moved out?
[If clarification is necessary:] We are interested in the year where you, for the first time in your life, had an own, independent household: a household where you could live on your own without visiting your parents on a weekly basis. Don't count a minimal accommodation during military service or a "granny flat" in your parents' house if you still had meals with your parents.

| (age) | (9996) doesn't apply / I still live at my parents' home. |
| :---: | :---: |
| (9998) don't want to say | (9999) don't know |

## $02.014 \quad$ v02014

Filter rules: only in Spain / v02012 $\neq 9996$ and v02013 $\neq 9996$
Did you own or rent the dwelling where you first moved when you left your parents' home?
(1) own
[incl. owned by partner]
(2) rent
(3) place was owned by the parents
(4) lived rent-free [e.g. in a place owned by other relatives or friends or the employer]
(9000) other (9995) question was not asked
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $02.015 \quad$ v02015 <br> Filter rules: v02012 $=9996$ and v02013 $=9996$

At that time, did you move at least $50 \mathbf{k m}$ away from your parents?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

Filter rules: v02012 $\neq 9996$ and v02013 $\neq 9996$ and $\mathrm{v} 02015=1$

## Including this first move out of your parent's home, ...

| $\mathbf{0 2 . 0 1 6} \quad$ v02016 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: v02012 $\neq 9996$ and v02013 $\neq 9996$ |

## How many times did you move at least $50 \mathbf{~ k m}$ ?

[The respondent should also report about the move he/she mentioned at the beginning.]
[If clarification is necessary:] Count every move where you either gave up the previous home, or where you went some place temporarily (without giving up the previous home) if you stayed at the second place for about a year or longer.
$\qquad$ times
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$\mathbf{0 2 . 0 1 7} \mathbf{v 0 2 0 1 7}$
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 02012 \neq 9996$ and $\mathrm{v} 02013 \neq 9996$ and $\mathrm{v} 02016=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 02015 \neq 1$

In which year was that move?
[The respondent should also report about the move he/she mentioned at the beginning.]
$\qquad$ (year)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$02.018 \quad v 0201801$ / v0201802 / v0201803 / ... / v0201815
Filter rules: v02012 $\neq 9996$ and $v 02013 \neq 9996$ and $v 02016>1$ and v02016<9991
In which years were these moves?
[The respondent should also report about the move he/she mentioned at the beginning.]

| 01. (year) | (9998) don't want to say |
| :---: | :---: |
| 02. _ (year) | (9998) don't want to say |
| 03. $\quad$ - (year) | (9998) don't want to say |
| 04. __ (year) | (9998) don't want to say |
| 05. _ (year) | (9998) don't want to say |
| 06. (year) | (9998) don't want to say |
| 07. | (9998) don't want to say |
| $08 . \quad$ (year) | (9998) don't want to say |
| 09. (year) | (9998) don't want to say |
| 10. | (9998) don't want to say |
| 11. (year) | (9998) don't want to say |
| 12. _ (year) | (9998) don't want to say |
| 13. $\longrightarrow$ (year) | (9998) don't want to say |
| 14. | (9998) don't want to say |
| 15. | (9998) don't want to say |

(9999) don't know
(9999) don't know
(9999) don't know
(9999) don't know
(9999) don't know
(9999) don't know
(9999) don't know
(9999) don't know
(9999) don't know
(9999) don't know
(9999) don't know
(9999) don't know
(9999) don't know
(9999) don't know
(9999) don't know
$02.019 \quad v 02019$
Filter rules: v02012 $\neq 9996$ and v02013 $\neq 9996$ and v02016 $=1$
Was that move mainly for your own job-related reasons?
[The respondent should also report about the move he/she mentioned at the beginning.]
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $02.020 \quad v 0202001$ / v0202002 / v0202003 / ... / v0202015

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 02012 \neq 9996$ and $\mathrm{v} 02013 \neq 9996$ and $\mathrm{v} 02016>1$ and v02016<9991
Which of these moves have been for your own job-related reasons?
[The respondent should also report about the move he/she mentioned at the beginning.]

1. [v0201801* $]$
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
2. [ v0201802* $]$
(1) applies
(9998) don't want to say
(0) doesn't apply
(9999) don't know
3. [v0201803* $]$
(1) applies (0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
4. [v0201804*]
5. [v0201805*]
6. [v0201806* $]$
7. [v0201807* ${ }^{*}$ ]
8. [v0201808* ${ }^{*}$ ]
9. [v0201809* $]$
10. [v0201810**
11. [v0201811* ${ }^{*}$ ]
12. [v0201812*]
13. [v0201813* $]$
14. [v0201814*]
15. [v0201815*]
*The answer categories correspond to the years mentioned above, in the variables v0201801, v0201802 etc.
$02.021 \quad v 02021$

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 02012 \neq 9996$ and $\mathrm{v} 02013 \neq 9996$ and $\mathrm{v} 02016=1$
Was this move across national borders?
[The respondent should also report about the move he/she mentioned at the beginning.]
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$02.022 \quad \mathrm{v} 0202201 / \mathrm{v} 0202202$ / v0202203 /... / v0202215
Filter rules: v02012 $\neq 9996$ and v02013 $\neq 9996$ and v02016 > 1 and v02016<9991
Which of these moves were across national borders?
[The respondent should also report about the move he/she mentioned at the beginning.]

1. [ v0201801]
(1) applies (9998) don't want to say
(0) doesn't apply
(9999) don't know
2. [v0201802]
(1) applies
(9998) don't want to say
(0) doesn't apply
(9999) don't know
3. [v0201803]
(1) applies (9998) don't want to say
(0) doesn't apply
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
4. [ v0201804]
5. [ v0201805]
6. [ v0201806]
7. [ v0201807]
8. [ v0201808]
9. [ v0201809]
10. [v0201810]
11. [ v0201811]
12. [v0201812]
13. [v0201813]
14. [v0201814]
15. [ v0201815 ]

Computing the most recent year of job-related relocation that defines Recent Relocators: mob3year $=$ maximum ( v 02017 x , v0201801x, v0201802x, v0201803x, v0201804x, v0201805x, v0201806x, v0201807x, v0201808x, v0201809x, v0201810x, v0201811x, v0201812x, v0201813x, v0201814x, v0201815x)
... with .
$\mathrm{v} 02017 \mathrm{x}=\mathrm{v} 02017$ if mob3 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 02019=1$
$\mathrm{v} 0201801 \mathrm{x}=\mathrm{v} 0201801$ if mob3 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 0202001=1$
$\mathrm{v} 0201802 \mathrm{x}=\mathrm{v} 0201802$ if $\mathrm{mob} 3=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 0202002=1$
$\mathrm{v} 0201803 \mathrm{x}=\mathrm{v} 0201803$ if $\mathrm{mob} 3=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 0202003=1$
[...]
Computing an indicator for Migrants (Recent Relocators who crossed a national border):
mob3mig $=1$ if mob3year $=v 02017 \mathrm{x}$ and $\mathrm{v} 02021=1$
mob3mig $=1$ if mob3year $=v 0201801 \mathrm{x}$ and $\mathrm{v} 0202201=1$
mob3mig $=1$ if mob3year $=v 0201802 \mathrm{x}$ and $\mathrm{v} 0202202=1$
mob3mig $=1$ if mob3year $=v 0201803 \mathrm{x}$ and $\mathrm{v} 0202203=1$
[...]
mob3mig $=1$ if mob3year $=v 0201815 \mathrm{x}$ and $\mathrm{v} 0202215=1$
$\mathbf{m o b 3 m i g}=0$ in all other cases

## 3) Place of Living



In which places do you live?
Please, start with the one that you would call your main home.
[If clarification is necessary:] We mean your main residence, where your centre of life is situated.

1. $\qquad$ (LAU2 code, 8 digits)
(999999998) don't want to say (999999999) don't know
2. $\qquad$ (LAU2 code, 8 digits)
(999999998) don't want to say (999999999) don't know
3. (999999998) don't want to say (LAU2 code, 8 digits) (999999998) don't want to say (999999999) don't know
4. 

(999999998) don't want to say (LAU2 code, 8 digits)
(999999999) don't know

## Filter rules: v03001 $=999999997$

Please answer the following questions with respect to your main home, the one that you mentioned first.

## $03.004 \quad$ v03004

Filter rules: v03001 $\neq 999999996$
Do you own or rent your dwelling, either personally or as part of a couple?
(1) own [incl. owned by partner]
(2) rent
(3) place was owned by the parents
(4) lived rent-free [e.g. in a place owned by other relatives or friends or the employer]
(9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$03.005 \quad$ v03005
Filter rules: v03001 $=999999996$
How intensely attached do you feel to your own four walls? Please tell me on a scale of 1 to 10 , where 1 is "not at all attached," and 10 is "strongly attached"?
[The question refers to the place mentioned in v03001 or v0300301.]
(1) not at all attached
(2)
(3)
(4) (5)
(6) (7)
(8) (9)
(10) strongly attached (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$03.006 \quad$ v03006
Filter rules: v03001 $=999999996$
How intensely attached do you feel to the town/city/village you live in? Please tell me on a scale of 1 to 10 , where 1 is "not at all attached," and 10 is "strongly attached"?
[The question refers to the place mentioned in v03001 or v0300301.]
(1) not at all attached
(2) (3)
(4)
(5)
(6) (7) (8)
(9)
(10) strongly attached (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
03.007 v03007

Filter rules: only in Belgium and Spain / v03001 $=999999996$
Now how about your attachment to the region you live in, how intensely attached do you feel, once again on the same scale?
[The question refers to the place mentioned in v03001 or v0300301.]
(1) not at all attached
(2) (3)
(4) (5)
(6) (7)
(8) (9)
(10) strongly attached (9995) question was not asked
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| 03.008 | v 03008 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: - |  |
| And how itt |  |

And how intensely attached do you feel to [ survey country ] ?
(1) not at all attached
(2) (3)
(4) (5)
(6) (7) (8)
(9) (10) strongly attached (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$03.009 \quad$ v03009
Filter rules: v02002 $\neq$ [code for survey country]
And how intensely attached do you feel to the country where you were born?
(1) not at all attached
(2)
(3)
(4)
(5)
(6)
(7) (8)
(9)
(10) strongly attached
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| $\mathbf{0 3 . 0 1 0} \quad \mathrm{v03010}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: -- |
| How ata |

How attached do you feel to Europe?
(1) not at all attached
(2) (3)
(4)
(5)
(6) (7) (8)
(9) (10) strongly attached
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| 03.011 | v03011 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: - |  |

I am going to read three statements. Which fits you best?
(1) Most of your friends live close to where you live.
(2) Most of your friends are concentrated in another location.
(3) Most of your friends are in multiple locations across [ survey country ] or beyond.
(9996) doesn't apply / I have no friends.
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$03.012 \quad$ v03012
Filter rules: only in Switzerland
How often do you have contact with your good friends, by phone or in person?
[If clarification is necessary:] Contact can mean visits, long phone calls, common activities, going out together, etc.
(1) daily
(2) a few times a week
(3) about once a week
(4) once or several times a month
(5) several times a year
(6) never
(9995) question was not asked
(9996) doesn't apply / I have no friends.
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$03.013 \quad \mathrm{v} 03013$

Filter rules: only in Switzerland
I'm going to read three more statements. Which one fits you best?
(1) Most of my friends know each other.
(2) Some of my friends know each other.
(3) Few of my friends know each other.
(9995) question was not asked
(9996) doesn't apply / I have no friends.
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## C) Family Life

## 4) Partnership

| 04.001 $\quad$ v04001 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ |

I would like to ask some more questions about your partner. In which year did your relationship begin, approximately?
[If clarification is necessary:] We mean in what year did the two of you start defining yourselves as being a couple (as dating). We do not (necessarily) mean the year where you first met, the start of cohabitation/ living together or the marriage date.


| $\mathbf{0 4 . 0 0 3} \quad$ v04003 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: v01019 $=1$ |

Are you married to this person?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$04.004 \quad$ v04004

Filter rules: v01019 = 1 and v04003 $=1$
In what year did you marry?
$\qquad$ (year)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$04.005 \quad$ v04005
Filter rules: v01019 = 1 and v04003 $=1$
Is this your first marriage?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $04.006 \quad$ v04006

Filter rules: v04003 $=1$
What is your current legal marriage status?
[It is possible to read out some categories in case the respondent does not understand the question.]
(1) Never married
(2) Married or remarried, but living separated
(3) Divorced
(4) Widowed
(5) PaCS [only in France, Belgium, Switzerland] / eingetragene Partnerschaft [only in Germany] (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| $\mathbf{0 4 . 0 0 7} \quad$ v04007 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Filter rules: $\mathbf{v 0 1 0 1 9 = 1}$ |
| tis |

In which year was your partner born?
$\qquad$ (year)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

| 04.008 | v0400801 / v0400802 / v0400803 / ... / v0400843 / v04008a / v04008b |
| :---: | :---: |
| Filter rules: v01019 = 1 |  |

## What is your partner's citizenship?

[Multiple answers possible] [Do not read out - just mark:]

1. Albania
(1) applies ( 0 ) doesn't apply
(9996) $\mathrm{He} /$ She does not have any citizenship. (9998) don't want to say
2. Austria
(1) applies (0) doesn't apply (9999) don't know (9998) don't want to say
3. Belarus
(1) applies (0) doesn't apply (9998) don't want to say
(9996) $\mathrm{He} /$ She does not have any citizenship. (9999) don't know
(9996) $\mathrm{He} /$ She does not have any citizenship. (9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
4. Belgium
5. Bosnia/Herzegovina
6. Bulgaria
7. Croatia
8. Czech Republic
9. Denmark
10. Estonia
11. Finland
12. France
13. Germany
14. Greece
15. German Democratic Republic
16. Ireland
17. Hungary
18. Iceland
19. Lithuania
20. Italy
21. Latvia
22. Moldavia
23. Luxembourg
24. Macedonia
25. Poland
26. the Netherlands
27. Norway
28. Russia
29. Portugal
30. Rumania
31. Slovenia
32. Serbia
33. Slovakia
34. Switzerland
35. Spain
36. Sweden
37. Ukraine
38. Soviet Union (USSR)
39. Turkey
40. United Kingdom
41. Yugoslavia
42. other European:
43. other Non-European: $\qquad$ (v04008a) (v04008b)

## 5) Occupational Situation of the Partner

$05.001 \quad$ v05001

Filter rules: v01019 = 1
Which is the highest educational level that your partner/spouse has achieved so far?
(1) none
(2) primary / compulsory / elementary school
(3) lower-level secondary
(4) upper-level secondary / high school
(5) tertiary / university / college
(6) PhD , postdoctoral
(9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know


Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and ( v01021 $=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 05002=1$ )
Does your partner currently have more than one job?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$05.004 \quad$ v05004
Filter rules: only in France and Germany /
$\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 01021=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 05002=1$ ) and $\mathrm{v} 05003=0$
What is your partner's current occupation? How is his/her work described?
(9995) question was not asked (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$05.005 \quad$ v0500501 / v0500502 / v0500503 / v0500504
Filter rules: only in France and Germany /
$\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 01021=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 05002=1$ ) and $\mathrm{v} 05003=1$
What are your partner's current occupations?
01.
(9995) question was not asked (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
02.
(9995) question was not asked (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
03.
(9995) question was not asked (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
04.
(9995) question was not asked (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $05.006 \quad$ v05006

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 01021=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 05002=1$ ) and v05003 = 0
How many hours does your partner usually work per week?
[If clarification is necessary:] Including paid and unpaid overtime.
(9997) I can't say, it varies too much.
(9998) don't want to say
$\mathbf{0 5 . 0 0 7}$ v05007
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and ( v01021 $=1$ or v05002 = 1) and v05003 = 1

For all jobs together, how many hours does your partner usually work per week? [If clarification is necessary:] Including paid and unpaid overtime.
$\qquad$ hours
(9997) I can't say, it varies too much.
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

### 05.008 v05008

Filter rules: only in France and Germany /
$\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 01021=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 05002=1$ ) and $\mathrm{v} 05003=1$
Which of your partner's jobs is his/her main job?
[If there is no (one) main job:] For the following questions we need to talk about one particular job.
So, maybe we talk the one that pays most. Which one would that be?
[Note according to the order as jobs were mentioned in 05.005.]
(1) the first one
(2) the second one
(3) the third one
(4) the forth one
(9995) question was not asked
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

Filter rules: only in France and Germany /
$\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $(\mathrm{v} 01021=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 05002=1)$ and $\mathrm{v} 05003=1$

## In this main job ...

Filter rules: only in Poland, Belgium, Spain and Switzerland /
$\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 01021=1$ or v05002 = 1 ) and $\mathrm{v} 05003=1$
In your partner's main job ...
[If there is no (one) main job:] For the following questions we need to talk about one particular job. So, maybe we talk the one that pays most. ... In this job ...
$\mathbf{0 5 . 0 0 9}$ v05009
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and ( v01021 $=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 05002=1$ )

Does he/she have a fixed-term or an open-ended work contract?
(1) open-ended
(2) fixed-term (including seasonal work, apprenticeship, temping and temporary work)
(3) $\mathrm{He} /$ She does not have a work contract at all.
(4) $\mathrm{He} /$ She is self-employed.
(9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $05.010 \quad$ v05010

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and ( v01021 = 1 or v05002 = 1 )
How free is your partner in deciding when to start and when to end his/her work day? [If clarification is necessary:] It is not enough if he/she has varying work hours, but can he/she personally influence from when to when he/she works?
(1) $\mathrm{He} /$ She is totally or mainly free to choose his/her work hours.
(2) Within certain limits he/she has some flexibility to choose his/her work hours.
(3) $\mathrm{He} / \mathrm{She}$ is not at all free to choose his/her work hours.
(9997) I can't say, it varies too much. (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
05.011 v05011

Filter rules: -
I am speaking now about your past: How many partnerships have you had that lasted at least one year, excluding your current one?
$\qquad$ (number of partnerships) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

| $05.012 \quad$ v05012 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: - <br> And how many partnerships have you had where you lived together with your partner, <br> excluding your current one? <br> (number of partnerships) |

## 6) Children, Childcare, Grandchildren, Household and Parents

| $06.001 \quad$ v06001 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: - |
| Do your have any chith |

Do you have any children, including step, foster or adopted children, living either with you or somewhere else?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.002 \quad$ v06002

Filter rules: v06001 = 1
How many children do you have all in all?


Among those children, do you have step, foster or adopted children?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don’t want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.004 \quad$ v06004

Filter rules: v06003 = 1
How many?
___ (no. of step, foster, ad. children) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$\mathbf{0 6 . 0 0 5}$ v06005
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 1 and v06002 $<9991$
Do all of them permanently live with you in your household?
[All above mentioned children count - own children, step children etc.]
[If clarification is necessary:] If any of your children also has a household on its own and only stays with you, for example, on weekends it is a "no".
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

Filter rules: v06002 > 1 and v06002 < 9991
Let's talk about the oldest of your children.
$06.006 \quad$ v06006
Filter rules: v06001 = 1
In which year was that child born?
___ (year) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.007 \quad v 0600701$ / v0600702 / v0600703 / v0600704 / v0600705
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and ( v06002 $=1$ or v06003 = 1 )

## Is that child...

[Multiple answers possible] [Read out answer categories:]

1. your own [biological child]
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
2. a step child
3. an adopted child
4. a foster child
5. other kind of link
$06.008 \quad$ v06008
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and ( v06002 = 1 or v06005 = 0 )
Is this child living within your household?
(1) yes, permanently
(2) yes, from time to time
(3) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$06.009 \quad$ v06009
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and ( v06008 = 2 or v06008 = 3 )
Where does this child stay when not with you?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If clarification is necessary:] Has it moved out? Is it living with another person?
(1) with the other parent
(2) with other social parents (foster, grandparents, adoptive parents)
(3) institution (children's home, boarding school, dormitory, prison, military, seminary etc.)
(4) left home, moved out, lives on his or her own or with a partner
(5) dead, no contact, disappeared
(9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.010 \quad v 06010$

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and $(\mathrm{v} 06008=2$ or $\mathrm{v} 06008=3)$ and $\mathrm{v} 06009 \neq 5$ and v06009 < 9001
How often do you have contact with this child?
(0) never
(1) once or several times a year
(2) at least once a month
(3) at least once a week
(9997) irregular, hard to predict
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 = 2
Let's talk about the youngest of your children.
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 2 and v06002 < 9991
Let's talk about the second oldest of your children.
$06.011 \quad v 06011$
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 1 and v06002 < 9991
In which year was that child born?
(year) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don’t know
$06.012 \quad v 0601201$ / v0601202 / v0601203 / v0601204 / v0601205
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 1 and v06002 < 9991 and v06003 = 1
Is that child...
[Multiple answers possible] [Read out answer categories:]

1. your own [biological child]
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
2. a step child
3. an adopted child
4. a foster child
5. other kind of link

## $06.013 \quad$ v06013

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 $>1$ and v06002 $<9991$ and v06005 $=0$

## Is this child living within your household?

(1) yes, permanently
(2) yes, from time to time
(3) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.014 \quad v 06014$

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and v06002 > 1 and v06002 < 9991 and ( $\mathrm{v} 06013=2$ or v06013 = 3 )
Where does this child stay when not with you?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If clarification is necessary:] Has it moved out? Is it living with another person?
(1) with the other parent
(2) with other social parents (foster, grandparents, adoptive parents)
(3) institution (children's home, boarding school, dormitory, prison, military, seminary etc.)
(4) left home, moved out, lives on his or her own or with a partner
(5) dead, no contact, disappeared
(9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.015 \quad v 06015$

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002>1 and v06002 $<9991$ and ( v06013 = 2 or v06013 = 3 ) and $\mathrm{v} 06014 \neq 5$ and $\mathrm{v} 06014<9001$
How often do you have contact with this child?
(0) never
(1) once or several times a year
(2) at least once a month
(3) at least once a week
(9997) irregular, hard to predict
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 = 3

## Let's talk about the youngest of your children.

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 3 and v06002 < 9991
Let's talk about the third oldest of your children.

## $06.016 \quad$ v06016

Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 2 and v06002 < 9991
In which year was that child born?
__ (year) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.017 \quad$ v0601701 / v0601702 / v0601703 / v0601704 / v0601705
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 2 and v06002 $<9991$ and v06003 $=1$
Is that child...
[Multiple answers possible] [Read out answer categories:]

1. your own [biological child]
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
2. a step child
3. an adopted child
4. a foster child
5. other kind of link

## $06.018 \quad v 06018$

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 $>2$ and v06002 $<9991$ and v06005 $=0$

## Is this child living within your household?

(1) yes, permanently
(2) yes, from time to time
(3) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.019 \quad v 06019$

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and v06002 > 2 and v06002 < 9991 and ( $\mathrm{v} 06018=2$ or v06018 = 3 )
Where does this child stay when not with you?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If clarification is necessary:] Has it moved out? Is it living with another person?
(1) with the other parent
(2) with other social parents (foster, grandparents, adoptive parents)
(3) institution (children's home, boarding school, dormitory, prison, military, seminary etc.)
(4) left home, moved out, lives on his or her own or with a partner
(5) dead, no contact, disappeared
(9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.020 \quad v 06020$

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 2 and v06002 $<9991$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 06018=2$ or $\mathrm{v} 06018=3$ ) and $\mathrm{v} 06019 \neq 5$ and $\mathrm{v} 06019<9001$
How often do you have contact with this child?
(0) never
(1) once or several times a year
(2) at least once a month
(3) at least once a week
(9997) irregular, hard to predict
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 = 4

## Let's talk about the youngest of your children.

Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 4 and v06002 < 9991
Let's talk about the forth oldest of your children.
$06.021 \quad v 06021$
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 3 and v06002 < 9991
In which year was that child born?
_ (year) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.022 \quad v 0602201 / v 0602202 / v 0602203 / v 0602204 / \mathrm{v} 0602205$
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 3 and v06002 $<9991$ and v06003 $=1$
Is that child...
[Multiple answers possible] [Read out answer categories:]

1. your own [biological child]
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
2. a step child
3. an adopted child
4. a foster child
5. other kind of link
$06.023 \quad$ v06023
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002>3$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002<9991$ and $\mathrm{v} 06005=0$

## Is this child living within your household?

(1) yes, permanently
(2) yes, from time to time
(3) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| $\mathbf{0 6 . 0 2 4}$ v06024 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 3 and v06002<9991 and ( v06023 = 2 or v06023 = 3 ) |
| Where does this child stay when not with you? |
| [Do not read out - just mark.] |
| [If clarification is necessary:] Has it moved out? Is it living with another person? |
| (1) with the other parent |
| (2) with other social parents (foster, grandparents, adoptive parents)  <br> (3) institution (children's home, boarding school, dormitory, prison, military, seminary etc.)  <br> (4) left home, moved out, lives on his or her own or with a partner  <br> (5) dead, no contact, disappeared $(9000)$ other <br> (9998) don't want to say $(9999)$ don't know |

## $06.025 \quad$ v06025

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 3 and v06002 < 9991 and
$(\mathrm{v} 06023=2$ or $\mathrm{v} 06023=3)$ and $\mathrm{v} 06024 \neq 5$ and $\mathrm{v} 06024<9001$
How often do you have contact with this child?
(0) never
(1) once or several times a year
(2) at least once a month
(3) at least once a week
(9997) irregular, hard to predict
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 = 5

## Let's talk about the youngest of your children.

Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 5 and v06002 < 9991
Let's talk about the fifth oldest of your children.
$06.026 \quad$ v06026
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 4 and v06002 < 9991
In which year was that child born?
(year) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.027 \quad \mathbf{v 0 6 0 2 7 0 1}$ / v0602702 / v0602703 / v0602704 / v0602705
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 4 and v06002 <9991 and v06003 = 1
Is that child...
[Multiple answers possible] [Read out answer categories:]

1. your own [biological child]
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
2. a step child
3. an adopted child
4. a foster child
5. other kind of link

## $06.028 \quad$ v06028

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 $>4$ and v06002 $<9991$ and v06005 $=0$

## Is this child living within your household?

(1) yes, permanently
(2) yes, from time to time
(3) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.029 \quad v 06029$

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and v06002 > 4 and v06002 < 9991 and ( $\mathrm{v} 06028=2$ or v06028 = 3 )
Where does this child stay when not with you?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If clarification is necessary:] Has it moved out? Is it living with another person?
(1) with the other parent
(2) with other social parents (foster, grandparents, adoptive parents)
(3) institution (children's home, boarding school, dormitory, prison, military, seminary etc.)
(4) left home, moved out, lives on his or her own or with a partner
(5) dead, no contact, disappeared
(9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.030 \quad$ v06030

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 4 and v06002 < 9991 and
( v06028 = 2 or v06028 = 3) and v06029 $\neq 5$ and $\mathrm{v} 06029<9001$
How often do you have contact with this child?
(0) never
(1) once or several times a year
(2) at least once a month
(3) at least once a week
(9997) irregular, hard to predict
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 $=6$

## Let's talk about the youngest of your children.

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 6 and v06002 $<9991$
Let's talk about the sixth oldest of your children.

| $\mathbf{0 6 . 0 3 1}$ v06031 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 5 and v06002 $<9991$ |

In which year was that child born?
_ (year) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.032 \quad \mathrm{v} 0603201 / \mathrm{v} 0603202$ / v0603203 / v0603204 / v0603205
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 5 and v06002 $<9991$ and v06003 $=1$
Is that child...
[Multiple answers possible] [Read out answer categories:]

1. your own [biological child]
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
2. a step child
3. an adopted child
4. a foster child
5. other kind of link

## $06.033 \quad v 06033$

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 $>5$ and v06002 $<9991$ and v06005 $=0$

## Is this child living within your household?

(1) yes, permanently
(2) yes, from time to time
(3) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| $\mathbf{0 6 . 0 3 4} \mathbf{v 0 6 0 3 4}$ |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 5 and v06002 < 9991 and ( v06033 = 2 or v06033 = 3 ) |
| Where does this child stay when not with you? |
| [Do not read out - just mark.] |
| [If clarification is necessary:] Has it moved out? Is it living with another person? |
| (1) with the other parent |
| (2) with other social parents (foster, grandparents, adoptive parents)  <br> (3) institution (children's home, boarding school, dormitory, prison, military, seminary etc.)  <br> (4) left home, moved out, lives on his or her own or with a partner  <br> (5) dead, no contact, disappeared (9000) other <br> (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know |

## $06.035 \quad v 06035$

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 5 and v06002 < 9991 and
( v06033 = 2 or v06033 = 3 ) and $\mathrm{v} 06034 \neq 5$ and $\mathrm{v} 06034<9001$
How often do you have contact with this child?
(0) never
(1) once or several times a year
(2) at least once a month
(3) at least once a week
(9997) irregular, hard to predict
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 $=7$

## Let's talk about the youngest of your children.

Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 7 and v06002 < 9991
Let's talk about the seventh oldest of your children.

| $\mathbf{0 6 . 0 3 6} \quad$ v06036 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 6 and v06002 $<9991$ |

In which year was that child born?

| (year) $\quad$ (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know |
| :--- |
| $\mathbf{0 6 . 0 3 7} \quad \mathbf{v 0 6 0 3 7 0 1} / \mathbf{v 0 6 0 3 7 0 2} / \mathbf{v 0 6 0 3 7 0 3} / \mathbf{v 0 6 0 3 7 0 4} / \mathbf{v 0 6 0 3 7 0 5}$ |
| Filter rules: $\mathbf{v} 06001=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002>6$ and $\mathbf{v} 06002<9991$ and $\mathbf{v} 06003=1$ |

Is that child...
[Multiple answers possible] [Read out answer categories:]

1. your own [biological child]
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
2. a step child
3. an adopted child
4. a foster child
5. other kind of link

## $06.038 \quad \mathrm{v} 06038$

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 $>6$ and v06002 $<9991$ and v06005 $=0$

## Is this child living within your household?

(1) yes, permanently
(2) yes, from time to time
(3) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.039 \quad v 06039$

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and v06002 > 6 and v06002 < 9991 and ( $\mathrm{v} 06038=2$ or v06038 $=3$ )
Where does this child stay when not with you?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If clarification is necessary:] Has it moved out? Is it living with another person?
(1) with the other parent
(2) with other social parents (foster, grandparents, adoptive parents)
(3) institution (children's home, boarding school, dormitory, prison, military, seminary etc.)
(4) left home, moved out, lives on his or her own or with a partner
(5) dead, no contact, disappeared
(9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.040 \quad$ v06040

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 $>6$ and v06002 $<9991$ and
( v06038 = 2 or v06038 = 3 ) and $\mathrm{v} 06039 \neq 5$ and $\mathrm{v} 06039<9001$
How often do you have contact with this child?
(0) never
(1) once or several times a year
(2) at least once a month
(3) at least once a week
(9997) irregular, hard to predict
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 $=8$

## Let's talk about the youngest of your children.

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and v06002 > 8 and v06002 $<9991$
Let's talk about the eighth oldest of your children.

## $06.041 \quad$ v06041

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and v06002 > 7 and v06002 < 9991
In which year was that child born?
__ (year) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.042 \quad v 0604201 / v 0604202$ / v0604203 / v0604204 / v0604205
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 $>7$ and v06002 $<9991$ and v06003 $=1$
Is that child...
[Multiple answers possible] [Read out answer categories:]

1. your own [biological child]
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
2. a step child
3. an adopted child
4. a foster child
5. other kind of link
$06.043 \quad$ v06043
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002>7$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002<9991$ and $\mathrm{v} 06005=0$

## Is this child living within your household?

(1) yes, permanently
(2) yes, from time to time
(3) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.044 \quad v 06044$

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and v06002 > 7 and v06002 $<9991$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 06043=2$ or v06043 = 3 )
Where does this child stay when not with you?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If clarification is necessary:] Has it moved out? Is it living with another person?
(1) with the other parent
(2) with other social parents (foster, grandparents, adoptive parents)
(3) institution (children's home, boarding school, dormitory, prison, military, seminary etc.)
(4) left home, moved out, lives on his or her own or with a partner
(5) dead, no contact, disappeared
(9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.045 \quad$ v06045

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 $>7$ and v06002 $<9991$ and
$(\mathrm{v} 06043=2$ or $\mathrm{v} 06043=3$ ) and $\mathrm{v} 06044 \neq 5$ and $\mathrm{v} 06044<9001$
How often do you have contact with this child?
(0) never
(1) once or several times a year
(2) at least once a month
(3) at least once a week
(9997) irregular, hard to predict
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 = 9

## Let's talk about the youngest of your children.

Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 9 and v06002 < 9991
Let's talk about the ninth oldest of your children.

| $\mathbf{0 6 . 0 4 6}$ v06046 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 8 and v06002 < 9991 |

In which year was that child born?
_ (year) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don’t know
$06.047 \quad$ v0604701 / v0604702 / v0604703 / v0604704 / v0604705
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 8 and v06002 <9991 and v06003 = 1
Is that child...
[Multiple answers possible] [Read out answer categories:]

1. your own [biological child]
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
2. a step child
3. a foster child
$06.048 \quad$ v06048
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002>8$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002<9991$ and $\mathrm{v} 06005=0$

## Is this child living within your household?

(1) yes, permanently
(2) yes, from time to time
(3) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.049 \quad v 06049$

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and v06002 > 8 and v06002 $<9991$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 06048=2$ or v06048 = 3 )
Where does this child stay when not with you?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If clarification is necessary:] Has it moved out? Is it living with another person?
(1) with the other parent
(2) with other social parents (foster, grandparents, adoptive parents)
(3) institution (children's home, boarding school, dormitory, prison, military, seminary etc.)
(4) left home, moved out, lives on his or her own or with a partner
(5) dead, no contact, disappeared
(9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.050 \quad$ v06050

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 $>8$ and v06002 $<9991$ and
$(\mathrm{v} 06048=2$ or $\mathrm{v} 06048=3$ ) and $\mathrm{v} 06049 \neq 5$ and $\mathrm{v} 06049<9001$
How often do you have contact with this child?
(0) never
(1) once or several times a year
(2) at least once a month
(3) at least once a week
(9997) irregular, hard to predict
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and $\mathrm{v} 06002=10$

## Let's talk about the youngest of your children.

Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 10 and v06002 < 9991
Let's talk about the tenth oldest of your children.
$06.051 \quad$ v06051
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 9 and v06002 <9991
In which year was that child born?
(year) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don’t know
$06.052 \quad v 0605201$ / v0605202 / v0605203 / v0605204 / v0605205
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and $v 06002>9$ and $v 06002<9991$ and v06003 $=1$
Is that child...
[Multiple answers possible] [Read out answer categories:]

1. your own [biological child]
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
2. a step child
3. an adopted child
4. a foster child
5. other kind of link
$06.053 \quad$ v06053
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002>9$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002<9991$ and $\mathrm{v} 06005=0$

## Is this child living within your household?

(1) yes, permanently
(2) yes, from time to time
(3) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.054 \quad$ v06054

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002>9$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002<9991$ and $(\mathrm{v} 06053=2$ or v06053 $=3$ )
Where does this child stay when not with you?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If clarification is necessary:] Has it moved out? Is it living with another person?
(1) with the other parent
(2) with other social parents (foster, grandparents, adoptive parents)
(3) institution (children's home, boarding school, dormitory, prison, military, seminary etc.)
(4) left home, moved out, lives on his or her own or with a partner
(5) dead, no contact, disappeared
(9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.055 \quad$ v06055

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 $>9$ and v06002 $<9991$ and
$(\mathrm{v} 06053=2$ or $\mathrm{v} 06053=3)$ and $\mathrm{v} 06054 \neq 5$ and $\mathrm{v} 06054<9001$
How often do you have contact with this child?
(0) never
(1) once or several times a year
(2) at least once a month
(3) at least once a week
(9997) irregular, hard to predict
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 = 11

## Let's talk about the youngest of your children.

Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 11 and v06002 < 9991
Let's talk about the eleventh oldest of your children.

## $06.056 \quad$ v06056

Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 10 and v06002 < 9991
In which year was that child born?
(year) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.057 \quad$ v0605701 / v0605702 / v0605703 / v0605704 / v0605705
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 $>10$ and v06002 $<9991$ and v06003 =1
Is that child...
[Multiple answers possible] [Read out answer categories:]

1. your own [biological child]
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
2. a step child
3. an adopted child
4. a foster child
5. other kind of link
$06.058 \quad$ v06058
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 10 and v06002 $<9991$ and v06005 $=0$

## Is this child living within your household?

(1) yes, permanently
(2) yes, from time to time
(3) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.059 \quad$ v06059

Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 $>10$ and v06002 $<9991$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 06058=2$ or v06058 $=3$ )
Where does this child stay when not with you?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If clarification is necessary:] Has it moved out? Is it living with another person?
(1) with the other parent
(2) with other social parents (foster, grandparents, adoptive parents)
(3) institution (children's home, boarding school, dormitory, prison, military, seminary etc.)
(4) left home, moved out, lives on his or her own or with a partner
(5) dead, no contact, disappeared
(9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.060 \quad$ v06060

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002>10$ and v06002 $<9991$ and $(\mathrm{v} 06058=2$ or $\mathrm{v} 06058=3)$ and $\mathrm{v} 06059 \neq 5$ and $\mathrm{v} 06059<9001$
How often do you have contact with this child?
(0) never
(1) once or several times a year
(2) at least once a month
(3) at least once a week
(9997) irregular, hard to predict
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and (v06002 $=12$ or ( v06002 > 12 and v06002 < 9991 ) )
Let's talk about the youngest of your children.
$06.061 \quad v 06061$
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 11 and v06002<9991
In which year was that child born?
$\qquad$ (year)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.062 \quad \mathrm{v} 0606201$ / v0606202 / v0606203 / v0606204 / v0606205
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 11 and v06002 < 9991 and v06003 = 1

## Is that child...

[Multiple answers possible] [Read out answer categories:]

1. your own [biological child]
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## [Analogue:]

2. a step child
3. an adopted child
4. a foster child
5. other kind of link
$06.063 \quad$ v06063
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 11 and v06002 $<9991$ and v06005 $=0$

## Is this child living within your household?

(1) yes, permanently
(2) yes, from time to time
(3) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.064 \quad$ v06064

Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 11 and v06002 $<9991$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 06063=2$ or v06063 $=3$ )
Where does this child stay when not with you?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If clarification is necessary:] Has it moved out? Is it living with another person?
(1) with the other parent
(2) with other social parents (foster, grandparents, adoptive parents)
(3) institution (children's home, boarding school, dormitory, prison, military, seminary etc.)
(4) left home, moved out, lives on his or her own or with a partner
(5) dead, no contact, disappeared
(9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.065 \quad v 06065$

Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 11 and v06002 < 9991 and
$(\mathrm{v} 06063=2$ or $\mathrm{v} 06063=3)$ and $\mathrm{v} 06064 \neq 5$ and $\mathrm{v} 06064<9001$
How often do you have contact with this child?
(0) never
(1) once or several times a year
(2) at least once a month
(3) at least once a week
(9997) irregular, hard to predict
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.066 \quad$ v06066

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and $(\mathrm{v} 06006 \geq 2000$ or v06011 $\geq 2000$ or v06016 $\geq 2000$ or $v 06021 \geq 2000$ or $v 06026 \geq 2000$ or $v 06031 \geq 2000$ or $v 06036 \geq 2000$ or $v 06041 \geq 2000$ or v $06046 \geq 2000$ or $v 06051 \geq 2000$ or $v 06056 \geq 2000$ or $v 06061 \geq 2000$ )
Are you currently on maternal or parental leave? [in Belgium add: "... or 'time credit'"]
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

### 06.067 v06067

Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and $\mathrm{v} 06002=1$ and v06006 $\geq 1994$
Do you pay anyone to care for your child, such as a nanny or a day mother?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.068 \quad$ v06068

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and $v 06002>1$ and $(v 06006 \geq 1994$ or v06011 $\geq 1994$ or v06016 $\geq 1994$ or $v 06021 \geq 1994$ or $v 06026 \geq 1994$ or $v 06031 \geq 1994$ or $v 06036 \geq 1994$ or $\mathrm{v} 06041 \geq 1994$ or $v 06046 \geq 1994$ or $v 06051 \geq 1994$ or $\mathrm{v} 06056 \geq 1994$ or $\mathrm{v} 06061 \geq 1994$ )
Do you pay anyone to care for any of your children, such as a nanny or a day mother?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.069 \quad$ v06069
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06067=1$
How often do you have someone care for your child for pay?
(1) daily
(2) weekly
(3) a few times a month
(4) more seldom
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$06.070 \quad v 06070$
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 > 1 and v06068 $=1$
How often do you have someone care for your children for pay?
(1) daily
(2) weekly
(3) a few times a month
(4) more seldom
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$06.071 \quad$ v06071
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06006 \geq 2000$
in France: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06006 \geq 2003$
Is your child attending kindergarten or a day nursery?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.072 \quad v 06072$
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 $>1$ and ( v06006 $\geq 2000$ or v06011 $\geq 2000$ or v06016 $\geq 2000$ or $v 06021 \geq 2000$ or $v 06026 \geq 2000$ or $v 06031 \geq 2000$ or v06036 $\geq 2000$ or $v 06041 \geq 2000$ or $v 06046 \geq 2000$ or $v 06051 \geq 2000$ or v06056 $\geq 2000$ or $v 06061 \geq 2000$ ) in France: $v 06001=1$ and $v 06002>1$ and $(v 06006 \geq \underline{2003}$ or $v 06011 \geq \underline{2003}$ or $\ldots$
Are any of your children attending kindergarten or a day nursery?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$06.073 \quad$ v06073a / v06073b
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06006 \geq 1988$ and $\mathrm{v} 06006 \leq 2001$
Think about a normal school-day. At what time is your child usually coming home from school?
[If clarification is necessary:] If your child is coming one time around noon and then leaving a second time, take the first time your child comes home.
a. $\qquad$ (hour)
(9998) don't want to say
(9006) doesn't apply / My child doesn't attend school.
$\qquad$ (minute) (9006) doesn't apply / My child doesn't attend school. (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$\mathbf{0 6 . 0 7 4} \quad$ v06074a $/ v 06074 b$
Filter rules: $v 06001=1$ and $v 06002>1$ and $((v 06006 \geq 1988$ and $v 06006 \leq 2001)$ or
$(v 06011 \geq 1988$ and $v 06011 \leq 2001)$ or $(v 06016 \geq 1988$ and $v 06016 \leq 2001)$ or
$(v 06021 \geq 1988$ and $v 06021 \leq 2001)$ or $(v 06026 \geq 1988$ and $v 06026 \leq 2001)$ or
$(v 06031 \geq 1988$ and $v 06031 \leq 2001)$ or $(v 06036 \geq 1988$ and $v 06036 \leq 2001)$ or
$(v 06041 \geq 1988$ and $v 06041 \leq 2001)$ or $(v 06046 \geq 1988$ and $v 06046 \leq 2001)$ or
$(v 06051 \geq 1988$ and $v 06051 \leq 2001)$ or $(v 06056 \geq 1988$ and $v 06056 \leq 2001)$ or
$(v 06061 \geq 1988$ and $v 06061 \leq 2001))$

Think about a normal school-day. At what time is the first child usually coming home from school?
[If clarification is necessary:] We mean the first child that comes home - not the oldest child.
If your children are coming one time around noon and then leaving a second time, take the first time your children come home.
a. $\qquad$ (hour)
(9006) doesn't apply / None of my children attends school. (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$\ldots$ and $\mathbf{b}$. $\qquad$ (minute) (9006) doesn't apply / None of my children attends school. (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.075 \quad$ v06075

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and v06002 $=1$ and v06006 $\geq 1994$
Is your child ever in the care of its grandparents?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.076 \quad$ v06076
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 $>1$ and ( v06006 $\geq 1994$ or v06011 $\geq 1994$ or v06016 $\geq 1994$ or $v 06021 \geq 1994$ or $v 06026 \geq 1994$ or $v 06031 \geq 1994$ or $v 06036 \geq 1994$ or $\mathrm{v} 06041 \geq 1994$ or $v 06046 \geq 1994$ or $\mathrm{v} 06051 \geq 1994$ or $\mathrm{v} 06056 \geq 1994$ or $\mathrm{v} 06061 \geq 1994$ )

## Are your children ever in the care of their grandparents?

(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $06.077 \quad$ v06077

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and $v 06002=1$ and $v 06075=1$
How often is your child in the care of their grandparents?
Is that daily, weekly, a few times a month, or more seldom?
(1) daily
(2) weekly
(3) a few times a month
(4) more seldom
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
06.078
v06078
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002>1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06076=1$
How often are your children in the care of their grandparents?
Is that daily, weekly, a few times a month, or more seldom?
(1) daily
(2) weekly
(3) a few times a month
(4) more seldom (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$06.079 \quad$ v06079

## Filter rules: -

[Do not read out - only note if mentioned:]
Parents of respondent (and respondent's partner) are not alive anymore?
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
$06.080 \quad$ v06080
Filter rules: $\mathbf{v} 06001=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06002=1$ and v06006 $\geq 1994$
Is your child ever in the care of other relatives or friends?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.081 \quad$ v06081

Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 1 and ( v06006 $\geq 1994$ or v06011 $\geq 1994$ or v06016 $\geq 1994$ or v06021 $\geq 1994$ or v06026 $\geq 1994$ or v06031 $\geq 1994$ or $v 06036 \geq 1994$ or v06041 $\geq 1994$ or $\mathrm{v} 06046 \geq 1994$ or $\mathrm{v} 06051 \geq 1994$ or v06056 $\geq 1994$ or v06061 $\geq 1994$ )
Are your children ever in the care of other relatives or friends?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don’t know

## $06.082 \quad v 06082$

Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06002 $=1$ and v06080 $=1$
How often are other relatives or friends taking care of your child?
Is that daily, weekly, a few times a month, or more seldom?
(1) daily
(2) weekly
(3) a few times a month
(4) more seldom
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$06.083 \quad v 06083$
Filter rules: v06001 $=1$ and v06002 > 1 and $\mathrm{v} 06081=1$
How often are other relatives or friends taking care of your children?
Is that daily, weekly, a few times a month, or more seldom?
(1) daily
(2) weekly
(3) a few times a month
(4) more seldom
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$06.084 \quad v 06084$
Filter rules: v06001 = 1
Do you intend to have or adopt another child within the next $\mathbf{3}$ years?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.085 \quad$ v06085
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v06006 < 1990
Do you have grandchildren?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

| $\mathbf{0 6 . 0 8 6} \quad$ v06086 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06085=1$ |

How many?
___ (number of grandchildren) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.087 \quad$ v06087

Filter rules: v06001 = 0
How important are job-related reasons for the fact that you not have children? Are they not important at all, not important, important or very important?
(1) not important at all
(2) not important
(3) important
(4) very important
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$06.088 \quad \mathrm{v} 06088$
Filter rules: v06001 $=0$ and v06087>1 and v06087 < 9001 and v01001 $=0$
Is it a reason that you currently don't have a job?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$06.089 \quad v 06089$
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=0$ and $\mathrm{v} 06087>1$ and v06087 < 9001 and v01019 $=1$ and v01021 $=0$
Is it a reason that your partner currently doesn't have a job?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$06.090 \quad v 06090$
Filter rules: v06001 $=0$ and v06087>1 and v06087 < 9001 and mob4 $=1$
Is it a reason that you and your partner are maintaining two different households for your job?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$06.091 \quad v 06091$
Filter rules: v06001 $=0$ and v06087>1 and v06087 < 9001 and mob2 $=1$
Is it a reason that you are often away overnight for your job?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$06.092 \quad v 06092$
Filter rules: v06001 $=0$ and v06087 > 1 and v06087 < 9001 and mob1 $=1$
Is it a reason that you currently have a long commute for your job?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$06.093 \quad v 06093$
Filter rules: v06001 $=0$ and v06087>1 and v06087 < 9001 and mob3 $=1$
Has it to do with the fact that you moved for your job?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.094 \quad$ v06094
Filter rules: v06001 $=0$ and v06087>1 and v06087 < 9001 and mob5 $=1$
Is it a reason that your partner currently is mobile for her/his job?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$06.095 \quad$ v06095
Filter rules: v06001 $=0$ and v06087>1 and v06087 < 9001 and v01001 $=1$
Is your job a reason - for example too much work, stress, or responsibility?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.096 \quad v 06096$
Filter rules: v06001 = 0 and v06087>1 and v06087 < 9001 and v01019 = 1 and v01021 =1
Is your partner's job a reason?
[If clarification is necessary:] ... for example too much work, stress, or responsibility?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $06.097 \quad v 06097$

Filter rules: v06001 = 0 and v06087>1 and v06087 < 9001
Is your financial situation a reason?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $06.098 \quad$ v06098

Filter rules: v06001 = 0
Do you intend to have or adopt a child within the next 3 years?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don’t know
06.099 v06099
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=0$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 06001=0$ or $(\mathrm{v} 06008 \neq 1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06013 \neq 1$ and $v 06018 \neq 1$ and $v 06023 \neq 1$ and $v 06028 \neq 1$ and $v 06033 \neq 1$ and $v 06038 \neq 1$ and $v 06043 \neq 1$ and $v 06048 \neq 1$ and $v 06053 \neq 1$ and $v 06058 \neq 1$ and $v 06063 \neq 1$ ) ) and $\mathrm{v} 06079 \neq 1$ and $\mathrm{v} 02012 \neq 9996$ and $\mathrm{v} 02013 \neq 9996$
Do any of your parents live within a distance within 20 minutes from your home?
[If clarification is necessary:] With any means of transportation available to you.
[If clarification is necessary:] We also mean step parents.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$06.100 \quad$ v06100
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=0$ and v06001 $=1$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 06005=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 06008=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 06013=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 06018=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 06023=1$ or v06028 $=1$ or v06033 $=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 06038=1$ or v06043 = 1 or $v 06048=1$ or $v 06053=1$ or $v 06058=1$ or v06063 = 1) and v06079 $\neq 1$
and $\mathrm{v} 02012 \neq 9996$ and $\mathrm{v} 02013 \neq 9996$
Do any of your parents or the grandparents of your children live within a distance within 20 minutes from your home?
[If clarification is necessary:] With any means of transportation available to you.
[If clarification is necessary:] We also mean step parents.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

### 06.101 v06101

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01020=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06079 \neq 1$ and $\mathrm{v} 02012 \neq 9996$ and v02013 $=9996$
Do any of your parents or your partner's parents live within a distance within 20 minutes from your home?
[If clarification is necessary:] With any means of transportation available to you.
[If clarification is necessary:] We also mean step parents.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don’t want to say
(9999) don’t know

### 06.102 <br> v06102

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01020=0$ and $\mathrm{v} 06079 \neq 1$ and $\mathrm{v} 02012 \neq 9996$ and v02013 $=9996$
Do any of your parents or your partner's parents live within a distance within 20 minutes from your home?
[If clarification is necessary:] With any means of transportation available to you.
[If clarification is necessary:] We also mean step parents.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know


## 7) Quality of Partnership, Division of Labour and Housework

## Filter rules: v01019 = 1

Now I will read a few statements that might describe your partnership, and I would like you to tell me for each of them how much you agree.

```
07.001 v07001
Filter rules: v01019 = 1
```

In your leisure time you have most activities together with your partner. Please tell me whether you fully disagree, somewhat disagree, somewhat agree, or fully agree?
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$07.002 \quad$ v07002
Filter rules: v01019 = 1
You don't have to see one another every day in order to have a good relationship or partnership.
[If clarification is necessary:] Do you fully disagree, somewhat disagree, somewhat agree, or fully agree?
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$07.003 \quad$ v07003
Filter rules: v01019 = 1
When you go out with friends, visit them, or host them you do this most often together. [If clarification is necessary:] Do you fully disagree, somewhat disagree, somewhat agree, or fully agree?
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$07.004 \quad$ v07004
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and ( $(\mathrm{v} 06005=1$ and ( v06006 $\geq 1994$ or v06011 $\geq 1994$ or v06016 $\geq 1994$ or v06021 $\geq 1994$ or v06026 $\geq 1994$ or v06031 $\geq 1994$ or $\mathrm{v} 06036 \geq 1994$ or $\mathrm{v} 06041 \geq 1994$ or v06046 $\geq 1994$ or $v 06051 \geq 1994$ or v06056 $\geq 1994$ or $\mathrm{v} 06061 \geq 1994)$ ) or ( $\mathrm{v} 06008=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06006 \geq 1994$ ) or ( $\mathrm{v} 06013=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06011 \geq 1994$ ) or ( $v 06018=1$ and $v 06016 \geq 1994)$ or ( $v 06023=1$ and $v 06021 \geq 1994)$ or ( $v 06028=1$ and $v 06026 \geq 1994)$ or ( $v 06033=1$ and $v 06031 \geq 1994)$ or ( $v 06038=1$ and $v 06036 \geq 1994$ ) or ( $v 06043=1$ and $v 06041 \geq 1994$ ) or ( $v 06048=1$ and $v 06046 \geq 1994$ ) or ( $v 06053=1$ and $v 06051 \geq 1994$ ) or ( $\mathrm{v} 06058=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06056 \geq 1994$ ) or ( $\mathrm{v} 06063=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06061 \geq 1994$ ) )
Who cares for children? Is that only you, mainly you, mainly your partner, only your partner, or you and your partner equally?
(1) only you
(2) mainly you
(3) you and your partner equally
(4) mainly your partner
(5) only your partner
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

### 07.005 v07005

Filter rules: v01019 = 1 and v01020 = 1
Who of you spends time in handling housework? Is that only you, mainly you, mainly your partner, only your partner, or you and your partner equally?
[If clarification is necessary:] Think of cooking, grocery shopping, doing laundry, or even organizing and supervising a household help.
(1) only you
(2) mainly you
(3) you and your partner equally
(4) mainly your partner
(5) only your partner
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

### 07.006 v07006

Filter rules: -
Do you pay anyone frequently to do household work for you?
[Household work can include housecleaning, laundry, yard maintenance - but not child care.]
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## D) Work I

Now, let's talk about your paid work.

## 8) Job Biography

$08.001 \quad$ v08001
Filter rules: v01001 = 1 or v01002 $=1$
In which year did your first job start?
[If clarification is necessary:] We mean paid work that provides a significant contribution to your income. [If clarification is necessary:] This may include short-time employment, casual work, student jobs, or military service - if it makes a difference for you in terms of your financial means. It also includes being on maternal or parental leave [in Belgium add: "... or 'time credit'"].
(year)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

| $08.002 \quad \mathrm{v} 08002$ |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ |
| Hew many difer |

How many different employers did you have in your job career, including your current one?
[If the respondent can't recall (easily):] If you are not sure, please try to estimate as well as possible.
__ (number of employers) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$08.003 \quad$ v08003
Filter rules: v01001 $=0$ and v01002 = 1
How many different employers did you have in your job career?
[If the respondent can't recall (easily):] If you are not sure, please try to estimate as well as possible.
$\qquad$ (number of employers)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

Filter rules: v01001 = 1 and v08002 > 1
Thinking about all jobs that you had, excluding your current one, ...

Filter rules: v01001 $=0$ and $\mathrm{v} 01002=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 08003>0$
Thinking about all jobs that you had, ...

## $08.004 \quad$ v08004

Filter rules: $(\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or v01002 = 1 ) and (v08002 > 1 or v08003 > 0 )
Did any of them involve a daily commuting at least 1 hour one way?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$08.005 \quad$ v08005
Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v01002 = 1 ) and (v08002 > 1 or v08003 > 0 )
Did any of them involve spending part of the week far away from home?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
08.006 v08006
Filter rules: $(\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or v01002 = 1 ) and (v08002>1 or v08003>0)
Did any of them involve working parts of the year far away from home?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
08.007 v08007

Filter rules: $(\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or v01002 = 1 ) and (v08002>1 or v08003>0)
Did any of them involve going regularly on long business trips?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$08.008 \quad$ v08008
Filter rules: $(\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or v01002 = 1 ) and (v08002 > 1 or v08003 > 0 )
Did any of them involve relocating over a distance of at least $50 \mathbf{k m}$ ?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$08.009 \quad$ v08009
Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v01002 = 1 ) and (v08002>1 or v08003>0)
Did any of them involve moving to another country?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

| 08.010 $\quad \mathbf{0 8 0 1 0}$ |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: - |
| Which is the highest educational level that you have achieved so far? |
| (1) none (2) primary / compulsory / elementary school <br> (3) lower-level secondary (4) upper-level secondary / high school <br> (5) tertiary / university / college (6) PhD, postdoctoral <br> (9000) other  <br> (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know |

08.011 v08011

Filter rules: -
Are you currently enrolled in a university or school or getting a professional training?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## 9) Current Occupational Situation (a): Working for Pay

## Filter rules: v01001 $=0$ and v06066 $=1$

Earlier you said that you currently are on maternal or parental leave. [in Belgium add: "... or 'time credit'"] I'd like to ask a few questions about the job from which you are currently on leave.

| $\mathbf{0 9 . 0 0 1}$ v09001 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: v01001 $=1$ or v06066 $=1$ |
| (2 1 |

Do you currently have more than one job?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

| 09.002 $\quad$ v09002 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: $(\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or v06066 = 1) $)$ and v09001 =1 |
| How many different jobs do you currently have, all in all? |
| (number of jobs) |

09.003 v09003

Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1 ) and v09001 = 0
What is your current occupation? How is your work described?
Please be as detailed as possible.
(9999) don’t know

| $09.004 \quad$ v0900401 /v | 0403 / v0900404 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1) and v09001 = 1 |  |
| What are your current occupations? (Please be as detailed as possible.) |  |
| 01. |  |
| (9998) don't want to say | (9999) don’t know |
| 02. |  |
| (9998) don't want to say | (9999) don't know |
| 03. |  |
| (9998) don't want to say | (9999) don't know |
| 04. |  |
| (9998) don't want to say | (9999) don’t know |

```
Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1 ) and v09001 = 1
```

For all your jobs together, ...

| 09.005 v09005 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1) |

How many hours do you usually work per week?
[If clarification is necessary:] Including paid and unpaid overtime.
[If the respondent has difficulties answering:] If it varies strongly, please estimate what the average number of hours might be.
hours
(9998) don't want to say
(9997) I can’t say, it varies too much.
(9999) don't know

| $\mathbf{0 9 . 0 0 6}$ v09006 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: $(\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or v06066 $=1)$ and v09001 $=1$ and v09002 = 2 |

Do you consider yourself to have one main job and one second job, or are both jobs equally important?
[If clarification is necessary:] Which job would you rather keep if you had to choose?
Is there an easy answer to that?
(1) I have one main and one second job.
(2) Both jobs are equally important.
(9001) The jobs are not comparable. (e.g. "One defines who I am, the other earns more money.")
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| 09.007 | v09007 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1) and v09001 = 1 and v09002>2 |  |
| Do yo more | yourself to have one main job and several second job ly important? |

[If clarification is necessary:] Which job would you rather keep if you had to choose?
Is there an easy answer to that?
(1) I have one main job.
(2) Two or more jobs are equally important. (9001) The jobs are not comparable. (e.g. "One defines who I am, the other earns more money.") (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

```
Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1 ) and v09001 = 1 and ( v09006 = 1 or v09007 = 1 )
```

Ok. For the following questions, let's only talk about this main job.
Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1) and v09001 = 1 and ( v09006 > 1 or v09007 > 1 )
Ok. So, just in order to answer the next questions, let's pick one of your jobs and only talk
about this one in the following. If there is any difference, let's take the one that pays more.

| $\mathbf{0 9 . 0 0 8} \mathbf{v 0 9 0 0 8}$ |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: $(\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or v06066 = 1) and v09001 $=1$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 09006=1$ or v09007 = 1) |

Which of your jobs is your main job?
[Note according to the order as jobs were mentioned in 09.004:]
(1) the first one
(2) the second one
(3) the third one
(4) the forth one
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $09.009 \quad$ v09009

Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1 ) and v09001 = 1 and ( v09006 > 1 or v09007>1)

## Which of your jobs should we talk about?

[Note according to the order as jobs were mentioned in 09.004:]
(1) the first one
(2) the second one
(3) the third one
(4) the forth one
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1 ) and v09001 = 1
In this job ...
$09.010 \quad$ v09010
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or v06066 $=1$
Are you employed by someone else or self-employed?
(1) self-employed
(2) employed
(3) helping in a family business
(9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| $\mathbf{0 9 . 0 1 1}$ v09011 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1) |  |
| In which year did the job start? <br> (year) |  |

[If the respondent takes time, continue with next question as an alternative.]
$09.012 \quad v 09012$
Filter rules: $\mathbf{v} 01001=1$ or v06066 $=1$
Or is it easier to tell me how old you were when the job started?
$\qquad$ (age)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$09.013 \quad v 09013$
Filter rules: only in France and Belgium / ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1 ) and v09010 = 2
Is that a private or a public employer or an association?
(1) Public or semi-public sector
(2) Private sector
(3) Sector of associations
(9995) question was not asked
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$09.014 \quad$ v09014
Filter rules: only in Germany, Spain, Poland and Switzerland /
( $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 06066=1$ ) and $\mathrm{v} 09010=2$
Is that a private or a public employer?
(1) Public or semi-public sector
(2) Private sector
(9995) question was not asked
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $09.015 \quad$ v09015 / v09015a

Filter rules: v01001 $=1$ or v06066 $=1$
In which branch of activity are you working?
[Do not read out - just mark:]
First Sector
(01) Agriculture, hunting, fishing, forestry, gardening

Second Sector
(11) Mining and quarrying
(12) Electricity, gas and water supply
(13) Construction
(14) Manufacturing (industrial) / chemistry
(15) Manufacturing (crafts)
(16) Repair, maintenance, cleaning
Service Sector
(21) Transport
(23) Hotels, restaurants, entertainment
(25) Real estate, renting
(27) Health, medicine

Knowledge-based Sector
(31) Financial services, insurances
(32) Consultancy, accountancy (for law, taxes, business affairs)
(33) Education, science
(34) Communication, information, new economy
(35) Representation of interests (parties, unions, associations, etc.)
(36) Public administration, defence, police, judicial Other
(41) other branch, not listed: $\qquad$ (v09015a) (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $09.016 \quad v 09016$

Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1 ) and v09010 > 1
Are you supervising other employees?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$09.017 \quad$ v09017
Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1 ) and v09010 = 1
Are you supervising employees?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$09.018 \quad v 09018$
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or v06066 $=1$
Are you being supervised in your work by other people?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $09.019 \quad \mathrm{v} 09019$

Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1 ) and v09010 > 1
Do you have a fixed-term or an open-ended work contract?
(1) open-ended
(2) fixed-term [including seasonal work, apprenticeship, temping and temporary work]
(3) I do not have a work contract at all. (9000) other
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| 09.020 v09020a / v09020b |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: $(\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or v06066 $=1)$ and $\mathrm{v} 09010>1$ and $\mathrm{v} 09019=2$ |
| What is its overall length? |

[Type in only years or only months or two numbers that add up to the total length (e.g. "2 years and 6 months")

- do not type in the overall length twice (e.g. "2 years or 24 months").]
a. $\qquad$ years
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
... and $\mathbf{b}$. $\qquad$ months
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$09.021 \quad v 09021$
Filter rules: v01001 $=1$ or v06066 $=1$
How often do you work whole days at home? Is that at least one day per week, at least one day per month, or more seldom?
(1) at least one day per week
(2) at least one day per month
(3) more seldom / never (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$09.022 \quad$ v09022
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or v06066 $=1$
How free are you in deciding when to start and when to end your work day?
[If clarification is necessary:] It is not enough if you have varying work hours, but can you personally influence from when to when you work?
(1) You are totally or mainly free to choose your work hours.
(2) Within certain limits you have some flexibility to choose your work hours.
(3) You are not at all free to choose your work hours.
(9997) I can't say, it varies too much.
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$09.023 \quad$ v09023
Filter rules: $\mathbf{v} 01001=1$ or v06066 $=1$
Does your company / the institution you work for have more than one location?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$09.024 \quad v 09024$
Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1 ) and v09023 $=1$
Are they all in the same region, all in [survey country], spread over Europe or world wide?
(1) same region
(2) national
(3) spread over Europe
(4) world-wide
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$09.025 \quad v 09025$
Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1 ) and v09023 = 1 and v09024 > 1 and v09010 = 2
Were you ever offered a transfer to a different location within your company / organization?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$09.026 \quad v 09026$
Filter rules: ( v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1) and v09023 = 1 and v09024 > 1 and v09025 = 1 Did you take it?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know


## 10) Current Occupational Situation (b): Not Working for Pay


(9999) don’t know

| $10.003 \quad$ v10003 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01001=0$ and $\mathrm{v} 06066 \neq 1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01002=1$ |
| In which year did your last job start? <br> (year) |

## E) Job Mobility

## 11) Phenomenology of Job Mobility

Daily Long-Distance Commuters

## Filter rules: mob1 = 1

In the beginning you said, that you have a very long commute to work. ...

### 11.001 v11001

Filter rules: $\mathrm{mob} 1=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 09001=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 09002=2$
Is this commute related to your first job or second job?
(1) first job
(2) second job
(9) both jobs
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.002 \quad v 11002$

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ and v09001 $=1$ and v09002 > 2
To which of your jobs is this commute related?
(1) first job
(2) second job
(3) third job
(4) fourth job
(9) to two or more jobs
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

### 11.003 v11003

Filter rules: mob1 = 1
Can you estimate the kilometres between your home and workplace?
[If clarification is necessary:] We mean the actual route that you drive, not the direct distance as the crow flies.
[If the respondent doesn't know precisely:] Maybe you can just give a rough estimate? km (9000) $1,000 \mathrm{~km}$ or more (9997) I can't say, it varies too much. (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don’t know

## $11.004 \quad$ v11004

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$
How many means of transportation do you use, in order to get to work, on a typical trip?
$\qquad$ (number)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.005 \quad$ v11005

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ and v11004 $=1$
Which one would that be?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If the respondent answers "car":] "By car" means you drive yourself, is that right?
[If clarification is necessary:] Are you participating in a car pool or do you have a driver?

| (01) walking | (02) bicycle |
| :--- | :--- |
| (03) motorcycle / moped / motor-assisted bicycle |  |
| (04) car: driving yourself | (05) car: in a car pool |
| (06) car: with driver | $(07)$ taxi |
| (08) public bus | (09) subway / metro / street car / city train / tram |
| (10) train | (11) air-plane |
| (12) ship / boat | $(9000)$ other |
| (9998) don't want to say | $(9999)$ don't know |

## $11.006 \quad$ v11006

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ and v11004 $\geq 2$
Please tell me which ones these would be. Please start with the one you are bridging the most kilometres
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If the respondent answers "car":] "By car" means you drive yourself, is that right?
[If clarification is necessary:] Are you participating in a car pool or do you have a driver?
(01) walking
(02) bicycle
(03) motorcycle / moped / motor-assisted bicycle
(04) car: driving yourself
(05) car: in a car pool
(06) car: with driver
(07) taxi
(08) public bus
(09) subway / metro / street car / city train / tram
(10) train
(12) ship / boat
(11) air-plane
(9000) other
(9999) don't know
(9998) don't want to say

### 11.007 v11007

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11004 \geq 2$
... And the second means of transportation ...?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If the respondent answers "car":] "By car" means you drive yourself, is that right?
[If clarification is necessary:] Are you participating in a car pool or do you have a driver?
(01) walking
(02) bicycle
(03) motorcycle / moped / motor-assisted bicycle
(04) car: driving yourself
(05) car: in a car pool
(06) car: with driver
(07) taxi
(08) public bus
(09) subway / metro / street car / city train / tram
(10) train
(11) air-plane
(12) ship / boat
(9000) other
(9001) no second means of transportation
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.008 \quad$ v11008

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ and v11007 $\neq 9001$ and v11004 $\geq 3$
... And the third means of transportation ...?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If the respondent answers "car":] "By car" means you drive yourself, is that right?
[If clarification is necessary:] Are you participating in a car pool or do you have a driver?
(01) walking
(02) bicycle
(03) motorcycle / moped / motor-assisted bicycle
(04) car: driving yourself
(05) car: in a car pool
(06) car: with driver
(07) taxi
(08) public bus
(09) subway / metro / street car / city train / tram
(10) train
(11) air-plane
(12) ship / boat
(9000) other
(9001) no third means of transportation
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| $11.009 \quad$ v11009 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ |

Since which year have you been commuting one hour or more?
___ (year) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.010 \quad \mathrm{v} 11010$

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ and ( v11009 $=2006$ or v11009 $=2007$ )
And since which month?
_ (month) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## Overnighters

## Filter rules: mob2 = 1

In the beginning you said, that you have spent many overnights far from your home because of your job. ...

### 11.011 v11011

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and v09001 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 09002=2$
Was your travel related to your first or second job?
(1) first job
(2) second job
(9) both jobs
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.012 \quad \mathrm{v} 11012$

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and v09001 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 09002>2$
To which of your jobs was your overnight travel related?
(1) first job
(2) second job
(3) third job
(4) fourth job
(9) to two or more jobs
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

### 11.013 <br> v11013a / v11013b

Filter rules: mob2 = 1
Once you are away from your home, how many days or weeks in a row do you usually spend?
a. $\qquad$ days in a row
(9000) partly some days in a row, partly some weeks in a row, in a consistent pattern (9997) I can't say, it varies too much. (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
b. $\qquad$ weeks in a row
(9000) partly some days in a row, partly some weeks in a row, in a consistent pattern (9997) I can't say, it varies too much. (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.014 \quad$ v11014a / v11014b

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$
How often are you usually doing this? You can tell me either per month or per year, whichever is more comfortable to calculate.
a. $\qquad$ times per month
(9997) I can’t say, it varies too much.
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
b. $\qquad$ times per year (9997) I can't say, it varies too much. (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| 11.015 v11015 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Filter rules: mob2 = 1 and v01019 = 1 |  |
| When you and your partner are separated from one another over a longer period of time for job-related reasons, in which way do you communicate? Please, start with the means of communication you use most. You can name up to three. |  |
| (01) landline telephone | (02) mobile phone / mobile-fix hybrid (e.g. Genion) |
| (03) internet telephone (e.g. "skype") | (04) e-mail |
| (05) ICQ, MSN (or similar) | (06) chat rooms in the internet |
| (07) web blog | (08) other internet-based medium |
| (09) post mail / regular mail / "snail mail" |  |
| (9000) other <br> (9998) don't want to say | (9006) doesn't apply / We do not communicate. (9999) don't know |
| 11.016 v11016 |  |
| Filter rules: mob2 = 1 and v01019 = 1 and v11015 <9001 |  |
| ... And the second means of communication...? <br> [Do not read out - just mark:] |  |
| (01) landline telephone | (02) mobile phone / mobile-fix hybrid (e.g. Genion) |
| (03) internet telephone (e.g. "skype") | (04) e-mail |
| (05) ICQ, MSN (or similar) | (06) chat rooms in the internet |
| (07) web blog | (08) other internet-based medium |
| (09) post mail / regular mail / "snail mail" |  |
| (9000) other | (9001) no further means of communication |
| (9998) don't want to say | (9999) don't know |
| 11.017 v11017 |  |
| Filter rules: mob2 = 1 and v01019 = 1 and v11016<9001 and v11015 <9001 |  |
| ... And the third means of communication...? [Do not read out - just mark:] |  |
| (01) landline telephone | (02) mobile phone / mobile-fix hybrid (e.g. Genion) |
| (03) internet telephone (e.g. "skype") | (04) e-mail |
| (05) ICQ, MSN (or similar) | (06) chat rooms in the internet |
| (07) web blog | (08) other internet-based medium |
| (09) post mail / regular mail / "snail mail" |  |
| (9000) other | (9001) no further means of communication |
| (9998) don't want to say | (9999) don't know |
| 11.018 v11018 |  |
| Filter rules: mob2 = 1 and v01019 = 1 |  |
| How often do you communicate? |  |
| (1) several times per day | (2) about once a day |
| (3) a few times per week | (4) less frequently |
| (9998) don't want to say | (9999) don't know |

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$
I will read out some statements, which might describe your situation.
$11.019 \quad \mathrm{v} 11019$

Filter rules: mob2 = 1
You are informed well ahead of time about your time table. Please tell me whether you fully disagree, somewhat disagree, somewhat agree, or fully agree.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$11.020 \quad$ v11020
Filter rules: mob2 = 1
You can arrange the length and the frequency of your stay by yourself.
[If clarification is necessary:] Do you fully disagree, somewhat disagree, somewhat agree, or fully agree?
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.021 \quad v 11021$

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$
Some people go to work in the same place almost every day, others are often working at different work sites. Which describes you better?
(1) the same workplace most days of the year
(2) different work sites over the year
(3) My workplace itself is mobile (e.g. truck driver, seaman etc.)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

### 11.022 <br> v11022

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and v11021 $=1$
Some people have an accommodation near their workplace since the work place is to far away from their primary residence. Is this true for you?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## Shuttlers (Overnighters I)

| $11.023 \quad \mathbf{v 1 1 0 2 3 0 1} / \mathbf{v 1 1 0 2 3 0 2} / \mathbf{v 1 1 0 2 3 0 3} / \ldots / \mathbf{~} 1102310$ |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11021=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11022=1$ |

How are your accommodated near your working place?
[Multiple answers possible] [Do not read out - just mark.]
[If clarification is necessary:] Where do you sleep?

1. rented house / apartment
(1) applies
(9998) don't want to say
2. relatives and friends

(1) applies | (0) doesn't apply |
| :--- |
| (9998) don't want to say |

[Analogue:]
03. own house / apartment
04. in a flat share
05. hotel
06. guest house
07. container
08. barracks
09. I spend the nights in a means of transportation (e.g. truck, airplanes, train, ship)
10. others

## $11.024 \quad$ v11024

Filter rules: $\mathrm{mob} 2=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11021=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11022=1$
How long does it take to get from your primary household to your second accommodation near this working place?
[If clarification is necessary:] ... from door to door - on an average day, with the means of transportation you use mostly?
$\qquad$ minutes
(9996) doesn't apply / I work at home.
(9997) I can't say, it varies too much. (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.025 \quad$ v11025

Filter rules: mob2 = 1 and v11021 $=1$ and v11022 $=1$
How many means of transportation do you use, in order to get from your primary residence to your second accommodation, on a typical trip?
$\qquad$ (number)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.026 \quad$ v11026

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and v11021 $=1$ and v11022 $=1$ and v11025 $=1$
Which one would that be?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If the respondent answers "car":] "By car" means you drive yourself, is that right?
[If clarification is necessary:] Are you participating in a car pool or do you have a driver?
(01) walking (02) bicycle
(03) motorcycle / moped / motor-assisted bicycle
(04) car: driving yourself
(06) car: with driver
(05) car: in a car pool
(08) public bus
(07) taxi
(10) train
(09) subway / metro / street car / city train / tram
(12) ship / boat
(11) air-plane
(9998) don't want to say
(9000) other
(9999) don't know

### 11.027 v11027

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and v11021 $=1$ and v11022 $=1$ and v11025 $\geq 2$
Please tell me which ones these would be. Please, start with the one with which you are bridging the most kilometres.
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If the respondent answers "car":] "By car" means you drive yourself, is that right?
[If clarification is necessary:] Are you participating in a car pool or do you have a driver?
(01) walking (02) bicycle
(03) motorcycle / moped / motor-assisted bicycle
(04) car: driving yourself
(06) car: with driver
(08) public bus
(05) car: in a car pool
(07) taxi
(10) train
(09) subway / metro / street car / city train / tram
(12) ship / boat
(11) air-plane
(9998) don't want to say
(9000) other
(9999) don't know

| $\mathbf{1 1 . 0 2 8}$ v11028 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: mob2 = 1 and v11021 = 1 and v11022 = 1 and v11025 $\geq 2$ |
| ... And the second means of transportation ...? |
| [Do not read out - just mark.] |
| [If the respondent answers "car":] "By car" means you drive yourself, is that right? |
| [If clarification is necessary:] Are you participating in a car pool or do you have a driver? |
| (01) walking (02) bicycle <br> (03) motorcycle / moped / motor-assisted bicycle  <br> (04) car: driving yourself (05) car: in a car pool <br> (06) car: with driver (07) taxi <br> (08) public bus (09) subway / metro / street car / city train / tram <br> (10) train (11) air-plane <br> (12) ship / boat (9000) other <br> (9001) no second means of transportation  <br> (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know |

## $11.029 \quad$ v11029

Filter rules: $\mathrm{mob} 2=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11021=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11022=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11028 \neq 9001$ and $\mathrm{v} 11025 \geq 3$
... And the third means of transportation ...?
[Do not read out - just mark.]
[If the respondent answers "car":] "By car" means you drive yourself, is that right?
[If clarification is necessary:] Are you participating in a car pool or do you have a driver?
(01) walking
(02) bicycle
(03) motorcycle / moped / motor-assisted bicycle
(04) car: driving yourself
(05) car: in a car pool
(06) car: with driver
(07) taxi
(08) public bus
(09) subway / metro / street car / city train / tram
(10) train
(11) air-plane
(12) ship / boat
(9000) other
(9001) no third means of transportation
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.030 \quad v 11030$

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and v11021 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11022=1$
Since which year do you stay regularly overnight near your workplace?
$\qquad$ (year)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.031 \quad$ v11031

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11021=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11022=1$ and
( $\mathrm{v} 11030=2006$ or $\mathrm{v} 11030=2007$ )
And since which month?
$\qquad$ (month)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## Vari-Mobiles (Overnighters II)

$11.032 \quad v 11032$

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and ( v11021 $\neq 1$ or v11022 $=0$ or v11022>1)
Are your trips mostly on ...
(1) the regional level
(2) the national level
(3) the European level ... or ...
(4) worldwide?
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.033 \quad v 1103301 / \mathrm{v} 1103302$ / v1103303 / ... / v1103310

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and ( v11021 $\neq 1$ or v11022 $=0$ or v11022 > 1 )
How are you usually accommodated when you spend nights away from home for you job?
[Multiple answers possible] [Do not read out - just mark.]
[If clarification is necessary:] Where do you sleep?

1. rented house / apartment
(1) applies
(9998) don't want to say
(0) doesn't apply
(9999) don't know
2. relatives and friends (1) applies
(9998) don't want to say
(0) doesn't apply
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
3. own house / apartment
4. in a flat share
5. hotel
6. guest house
7. container
8. barracks
9. I spend the nights in a means of transportation (e.g. truck, airplanes, train, ship)
10. others

## $11.034 \quad$ v11034

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and ( v11021 $\neq 1$ or v11022 $=0$ or v11022>1)
Do you mostly go back to your home after your stay at one of your working places or do you travel sometimes from one working place directly to the next one?
(1) I travel mostly back to my residence
(2) I mostly travel to several locations in a row
(3) It varies.
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.035 \quad$ v11035

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and ( v11021 $\neq 1$ or v11022 $=0$ or v11022>1) and v01019 = 1
How often does your partner visit you at your different working places or comes with you?
(1) never
(2) once in a while
(3) regularly
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.036 \quad v 11036$

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and ( v11021 $\neq 1$ or v11022 $=0$ or v11022 > 1 ) and v06002 $=1$
How often does your child visit you at your different working places or come with you?
(1) never
(2) once in a while
(3) regularly
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.037 \quad$ v11037

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and ( v11021 $\neq 1$ or v11022 $=0$ or v11022 >1) and v06002>1
How often do your children visit you at your different working places or come with you?
(1) never
(2) once in a while
(3) regularly
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.038 \quad \mathrm{v} 11038$

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and ( v11021 $\neq 1$ or v11022 $=0$ or v11022>1)
Since which year are you working in this style of frequently travelling?
$\qquad$ (year)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.039 \quad$ v11039

Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and ( v11021 $\neq 1$ or v11022 $=0$ or v11022>1) and ( $\mathrm{v} 11038=2006$ or $\mathrm{v} 11038=2007$ )
And since which month?
(month)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## Long-Distance Relationships

## Filter rules: mob4 = 1

In the beginning you said that you and your partner do not live together. ..
$11.040 \quad \mathrm{v} 11040$

Filter rules: mob4 $=1$ and v09001 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 09002=2$
For you, is it your first or your second job that hinders you from moving in with your partner?
(1) first job
(2) second job
(9) both jobs
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.041 \quad \mathrm{v} 11041$

Filter rules: mob4 $=1$ and v09001 $=1$ and v09002 > 2
For you, which of your jobs is it that hinders you from moving in with your partner?
(1) first job
(2) second job
(3) third job
(4) fourth job
(9) to two or more jobs
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.042 \quad \mathrm{v} 11042$

Filter rules: mob4 = 1
Have you ever lived together with your partner in one household?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

### 11.043 <br> v11043

Filter rules: mob4 = 1 and v11042 = 1
Since which year do you live apart?
$\qquad$ (year)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

### 11.044 <br> v11044

Filter rules: mob4 $=1$ and v11042 $=1$ and $(\mathrm{v} 11043=2006$ or v11043 $=2007$ )
And since which month?
(month)
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.045 \quad$ v11045

Filter rules: mob4 $=1$
Can you estimate the kilometres between your households?
[If the respondent doesn't know precisely:] Maybe you can just give a rough estimate?
$\qquad$ km
(9000) $1,000 \mathrm{~km}$ or more
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$11.046 \quad$ v11046
Filter rules: mob4 = 1
Does your Partner live in [survey country] ?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.047 \quad$ v11047 / v11047a / v11047b

Filter rules: mob4 $=1$ and v11046 $=0$
In which country does he/she live?
[Do not read out - just mark:]
(01) Albania
(02) Austria
(03) Belarus
(04) Belgium
(05) Bosnia/Herzegovina
(06) Bulgaria
(07) Croatia
(08) Czech Republic
(09) Denmark
(10) Estonia
(11) Finland
(12) France
(13) Germany
(15) Greece
(18) Ireland
(21) Lithuania
(24) Moldavia
(27) Poland
(14) German Democratic Republic
(16) Hungary
(17) Iceland
(19) Italy
(20) Latvia
(22) Luxembourg
(23) Macedonia
(25) the Netherlands
(26) Norway
(28) Portugal
(29) Rumania
(30) Russia
(31) Serbia
(32) Slovakia
(33) Slovenia
(34) Spain
(35) Sweden
(36) Switzerland
(37) Soviet Union (USSR)
(38) Turkey
(39) Ukraine
(40) United Kingdom
(41) Yugoslavia
(50) other European: $\qquad$ (v11047a)
(60) other Non-European: $\qquad$ (v11047b)
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.048 \quad$ v11048

Filter rules: mob4 $=1$ and mob2 $=0$
As you and your partner are not living together for job-related reasons, in which way do you communicate? Please, start with the means of communication you use most. You can name three.
[Do not read out - just mark:]
(01) landline telephone (02) mobile phone / mobile-fix hybrid (e.g. Genion)
(03) internet telephone (e.g. "skype") (04) e-mail
(05) ICQ, MSN (or similar)
(06) chat rooms in the internet
(07) web blog
(08) other internet-based medium
(09) post mail / regular mail / "snail mail"
(9000) other (9006) doesn't apply / We do not communicate.
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| 11.049 v11049 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Filter rules: mob4 $=1$ and mob2 $=0$ and v11048<9001 |  |
| ... And the second means of communication...? |  |
| [Do not read out - just mark:] |  |
| (01) landline telephone | (02) mobile phone / mobile-fix hybrid (e.g. Genion) |
| (03) internet telephone (e.g. "skype") | (04) e-mail |
| (05) ICQ, MSN (or similar) | (06) chat rooms in the internet |
| (07) web blog | (08) other internet-based medium |
| (09) post mail / regular mail / "snail mail" |  |
| (9000) other | (9001) no further means of communication |
| (9998) don't want to say | (9999) don't know |

## $11.050 \quad \mathrm{v} 11050$

Filter rules: mob4 $=1$ and $\operatorname{mob} 2=0$ and v11049 $<9001$ and v11048 $<9001$
... And the third means of communication...?
[Do not read out - just mark:]
(01) landline telephone

| (03) internet telephone (e.g. "skype") | $(02)$ mobile phone / mobile-fix hybrid (e.g. Genion) |
| :--- | :--- |
| (05) ICQ, MSN (or similar) | $(06)$ chat rooms in the internet |
| (07) web blog | $(08)$ other internet-based medium |
| (09) post mail / regular mail / "snail mail" |  |


| (9000) other | $(9001)$ no further means of communication |
| :--- | :--- |
| (9998) don't want to say | $(9999)$ don't know |

## $11.051 \quad v 11051$

Filter rules: $\operatorname{mob} 4=1$ and $\operatorname{mob} 2=0$
How often do you communicate?
(1) several times per day
(2) about once a day
(3) a few times per week
(4) less frequently
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| $11.052 \quad \mathrm{v} 11052$ |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: $\operatorname{mob} 4=1$ |

Who visits whom most often? Do you visit mostly your partner or vice versa?
(1) you visit mostly her/ him
(2) he/she visits mostly you
(3) you alternate
(4) there is no rule in general, how it fits best at a time
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

### 11.053 <br> v11053

Filter rules: mob4 = 1
How many means of transportation do you use, in order to get to your partner's household, on a typical trip?
_ (number) (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

| 11.054 v11054 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Filter rules: mob4 = 1 and v11053 = 1 |  |
| Which one would that be? |  |
| [Do not read out - just mark.] |  |
| [If the respondent answers "car":] "By car" means you drive yourself, is that right? |  |
| [If clarification is necessary:] Are you participating in a car pool or do you have a driver? |  |
| (01) walking | (02) bicycle |
| (03) motorcycle / moped / motor-assisted bicycle |  |
| (04) car: driving yourself | (05) car: in a car pool |
| (06) car: with driver | (07) taxi |
| (08) public bus | (09) subway / metro / street car / city train / tram |
| (10) train | (11) air-plane |
| (12) ship / boat | (9000) other |
| (9998) don't want to say | (9999) don't know |
| 11.055 v11055 |  |
| Filter rules: mob4 = 1 and v11053 $\geq 2$ |  |
| Please tell me which ones these would be. Please, start with the one with which you are bridging the most kilometres. <br> [Do not read out - just mark.] |  |
|  |  |
| [If the respondent answers "car":] "By car" means you drive yourself, is that right? |  |
| [If clarification is necessary:] Are you participating in a car pool or do you have a driver? |  |
| (01) walking | (02) bicycle |
| (03) motorcycle / moped / motor-assisted bicycle |  |
| (04) car: driving yourself | (05) car: in a car pool |
| (06) car: with driver | (07) taxi |
| (08) public bus | (09) subway / metro / street car / city train / tram |
| (10) train | (11) air-plane |
| (12) ship / boat | (9000) other |
| (9998) don't want to say | (9999) don't know |
| 11.056 v11056 |  |
| Filter rules: mob4 = 1 and v11053 $\geq 2$ |  |
| ... And the second means of transportation ...? |  |
| [Do not read out - just mark.] |  |
| [If the respondent answers "car":] "By car" means you drive yourself, is that right? |  |
| [If clarification is necessary:] Are you participating in a car pool or do you have a driver? |  |
| (01) walking | (02) bicycle |
| (03) motorcycle / moped / motor-assisted bicycle |  |
| (04) car: driving yourself | (05) car: in a car pool |
| (06) car: with driver | (07) taxi |
| (08) public bus | (09) subway / metro / street car / city train / tram |
| (10) train | (11) air-plane |
| (12) ship / boat | (9000) other |
| (9001) no second means of transportation |  |
| (9998) don't want to say | (9999) don't know |Filter rules: mob4 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11053 \geq 2$[Do not read out - just mark.][If clarification is necessary:] Are you participating in a car pool or do you have a driver?

(01) walkingbicycle
(04) car: driving yourself
(05) car: in a car pool
(07) taxi
(09) subway / metro / street car / city train / tram
(11) air-plane
(9000) other
(9999) don't know

| 11.057 $\mathbf{v 1 1 0 5 7}$ |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: mob4 $=1$ and v11056 $\neq 9001$ and v11053 $\geq 3$ |
| ... And the third means of transportation ...? |
| [Do not read out - just mark.] |
| [If the respondent answers "car":] "By car" means you drive yourself, is that right? |
| [If clarification is necessary:] Are you participating in a car pool or do you have a driver? |
| (01) walking |
| (03) motorcycle / moped / motor-assisted bicycle  <br> (04) car: driving yourself (05) car: in a car pool <br> (06) car: with driver (07) taxi <br> (08) public bus (09) subway / metro / street car / city train / tram <br> (10) train (11) air-plane <br> (12) ship / boat  <br> (9001) no third means of transportation  <br> (9998) don't want to say  |

## Recent Relocators

## Filter rules: mob3 $=1$

We talked already about your past moves. I would like to ask now some additional questions about your last move over at least 50 km for job-related reasons. ...
$11.058 \quad \mathrm{v} 11058$

Filter rules: mob3 $=1$ and v09001 $\neq 1$
Did you move because of your current job or because of a job you don't have anymore?
(1) current job
(8) because of a former job
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$11.059 \quad \mathrm{v} 11059$
Filter rules: mob3 = 1 and v09001 = 1 and v09002 = 2
Did you move because of your first or because your second job, or because of a job you don't have anymore?
(1) first job
(2) second job
(8) because of a former job
(9) because of two or more jobs
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| 11.060 v11060 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: mob3 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 09001=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 09002>2$ |
| Bet |

Because of which of your jobs did you move?
(1) first job
(2) second job
(3) third job
(4) fourth job
(8) because of a former job
(9) because of two or more jobs
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.061 \quad$ v11061

Filter rules: mob3 $=1$
Have you ever before lived in this region or town where you moved?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.062 \quad$ v11062

Filter rules: mob3 $=1$
Did you already have friends and/or relatives in the new place before you moved?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.063 \quad \mathrm{v} 11063$

Filter rules: mob3 $=1$
Please tell me how important it is for you to maintain relationships at your previous location. Is it not important at all, not important, important or very important?
(1) not important at all
(2) not important
(3) important
(4) very important
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.064 \quad$ v11064

Filter rules: mob3 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 04001 \leq$ mob3year and ( v06001 = 0 or v06006 > mob3year )
Did your partner move directly with you or later on?
(1) moved directly
(2) came later on
(3) partner or family have already been there
(4) has not come yet / does not come at all
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don’t know

### 11.065 <br> v11065

Filter rules: mob3 $=1$ and ( v01019 $=0$ or v04001 $>$ mob3year $)$ and ( v06001 $=0$ or v06006 $>$ mob3year )
Did your partner at that time move directly with you or later on?
(1) moved directly
(2) came later on
(3) partner or family have already been there
(4) has not come yet / does not come at all
(9996) doesn't apply / There was no partner at that time.
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.066 \quad$ v11066

Filter rules: mob3 = 1 and v06001 = 1 and v06006 $\leq$ mob3year
Did your family move directly with you or later on?
(1) moved directly
(2) came later on
(3) partner or family have already been there
(4) has not come yet / does not come at all
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

### 11.067 v11067

Filter rules: mob3 $=1$ and ( v11064 $=2$ or v11065 = 2 )
How much time passed after you moved until your partner came?
$\qquad$ months
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$11.068 \quad \mathrm{v} 11068$

Filter rules: $\operatorname{mob} 3=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11066=2$
How much time passed after you moved until your family came?
$\qquad$ months
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.069 \quad$ v11069

Filter rules: mob3 = 1
Did you rent or own the place you lived in before your move?
(1) own
[incl. owned by partner]
(2) rent
(3) place was owned by the parents
(4) lived rent-free [e.g. in a place owned by other relatives or friends or the employer]
(9000) other (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.070 \quad$ v11070

Filter rules: $\operatorname{mob} 3=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11069=1$
Did you sell it when you moved?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.071 \quad v 11071$

Filter rules: $\operatorname{mob} 3=1$ and $v 11069=1$ and $v 11070 \neq 1$
Do you use it at the moment for your own purposes or do you rent it out?
(1) use it for your own purpose
(9998) don't want to say
(2) rent it out
(3) neither nor
(9999) don't know

## $11.072 \quad$ v11072

Filter rules: $\mathrm{mob} 3=1$ and $\mathrm{mob} 3 \mathrm{mig}=0$
Please tell me the name of the town where you have been living before the move?
(999999998) don't want to say
(LAU2 code, 8 digits)

## $11.073 \quad$ v11073

Filter rules: only in Switzerland and Belgium / mob3 = 1
When you moved, did you cross a language barrier?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9995) question was not asked
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $11.074 \quad$ v11074a / v11074b / v11074c / v11074d / v11074e / v11074f

Filter rules: mob3 = 1 and mob3mig $=1$

## From which to which country did you move?

[Do not read out - just mark:]
from a. $\qquad$ (emigration country) ...
(01) Albania
(04) Belgium
(07) Croatia
(10) Estonia
(13) Germany
(15) Greece
(18) Ireland
(21) Lithuania
(24) Moldavia
(27) Poland
(30) Russia
(33) Slovenia
(36) Switzerland
(39) Ukraine
(50) other European: $\qquad$
(02) Austria
(05) Bosnia/Herzegovina
(08) Czech Republic
(11) Finland
(14) German Democratic Republic
(16) Hungary
(19) Italy
(22) Luxembourg
(25) the Netherlands
(28) Portugal
(31) Serbia
(34) Spain
(37) Soviet Union (USSR)
(40) United Kingdom
(60) other Non-European:
(9998) don't want to say
(03) Belarus
(06) Bulgaria
(09) Denmark
(12) France
... to d. $\qquad$ (immigration country)
(01) Albania
(04) Belgium
(07) Croatia
(10) Estonia
(13) Germany
(15) Greece
(18) Ireland
(21) Lithuania
(24) Moldavia
(27) Poland
(30) Russia
(33) Slovenia
(36) Switzerland
(39) Ukraine
(50) other European:
(60) other Non-European:
(9998) don't want to say
(02) Austria
(05) Bosnia/Herzegovina
(08) Czech Republic
(11) Finland
(14) German Democratic Republic
(16) Hungary (17) Iceland
(19) Italy
(22) Luxembourg
(25) the Netherlands
(28) Portugal
(31) Serbia
(34) Spain
(37) Soviet Union (USSR)
(40) United Kingdom
(03) Belarus
(06) Bulgaria
(09) Denmark
(12) France
(20) Latvia
(23) Macedonia
(26) Norway
(29) Rumania
(32) Slovakia
(35) Sweden
(38) Turkey
(41) Yugoslavia

## $11.075 \quad$ v11075

Filter rules: mob3 $=1$
Did this move involve changing employers?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $11.076 \quad$ v11076

Filter rules: mob3 $=1$ and v11075 $\neq 1$
Was this move a return from a previous assignment?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
11.077 v11077

Filter rules: $\mathrm{mob} 3=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11075 \neq 1$
Did your employer send you to the new location?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$11.078 \quad$ v11078
Filter rules: mob3 $=1$ and v11076 $\neq 1$
When you moved, was your initial plan that you stay?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$11.079 \quad \mathrm{v} 11079$
Filter rules: mob3 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 11078=1$
Is that still the plan?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$11.080 \quad$ v11080
Filter rules: mob3 $=1$ and v11078 $\neq 1$
Do you have current plans to return?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know


## 12) Circumstances of Job Mobility

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
Please think about the decision to become mobile for your job in the current way. ...
Filter rules: mob3 = 1
Please think about the decision to relocate. ...
12.001 v1200101 / v1200102 / v1200103 / ... / v1200109

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
Were there persons who actively encouraged or discouraged you to become mobile?
Please tell me first the persons who encouraged you.
[Multiple answers possible, maximum three answers] [Do not read out - just mark:]

1. no one
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
2. children
(1) applies (0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
3. partner
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
4. parents
5. other family members
6. colleagues
7. friends
8. employer
9. others
12.002 v 1200201 / v1200202 / v1200203 / ... / v1200209

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
Who were the people who actively discouraged you?
[Multiple answers possible, maximum three answers] [Do not read out - just mark:]

1. no one
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
2. children
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
3. partner
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
[Analogue:]
4. parents
5. other family members
6. colleagues
7. friends
8. employer
9. others

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
In the following I will read out some statements concerning this decision. Please tell me whether you agree.

## $12.003 \quad \mathrm{v} 12003$

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
Making this decision was very difficult. Please tell me whether you fully disagree, somewhat disagree, somewhat agree, or fully agree.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
12.004 v12004

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
You were completely free in making the decision to become mobile for your job.
[If clarification is necessary:] Do you fully disagree, somewhat disagree, somewhat agree, or fully agree?
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
12.005 v12005

Filter rules: mob1 = 1 or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
You would make the same decision today again?
Is that definitely not, probably not, probably, or definitely?
(1) definitely not
(2) probably not
(3) probably
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
(4) definitely
12.006
v12006
Filter rules: mob1 = 1 or mob2 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
When you started to be mobile for your job, was it foreseeable for you that you would still be doing this today?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
12.007 v12007

Filter rules: mob3 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 02016>2$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 02020+\mathrm{v} 02020+\mathrm{v} 02020+\mathrm{v} 02020+$ $\mathrm{v} 02020+\mathrm{v} 02020+\mathrm{v} 02020+\mathrm{v} 02020+\mathrm{v} 02020+\mathrm{v} 02020+\mathrm{v} 02020+\mathrm{v} 02020+\mathrm{v} 02020+$ $\mathrm{v} 02020+\mathrm{v} 02020>2$ )
At the time of your first job-related move, was it foreseeable for you that you would be moving repeatedly?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

### 12.008 v12008

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
Will you be taking concrete steps to reduce or stop being mobile for your job in the next 12 months?
(1) yes, to reduce it
(2) yes, to stop it
(3) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
12.009 v12009

Filter rules: mob1 =1 or mob2 = 1 or mob3 = 1 or mob4 $=1$
Thinking about your personal experiences, would you say that other people usually perceive this kind of mobile life you live as ...
(1) something good and positive
(2) something neutral and normal
(3) something problematic and negative
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don’t know

## $12.010 \quad$ v12010

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
How about you yourself: As what do you perceive this kind of mobile life?
(1) something good and positive
(2) something neutral and normal
(3) something problematic and negative
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don’t know
$12.011 \quad \mathrm{v} 12011$
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
Do you think of your job-related mobility more as of a temporary solution or more as of a permanent way of life?
(1) More as of a temporary solution
(2) More as of a permanent way of life
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$12.012 \quad \mathrm{v} 12012$
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
Do you think of your job-related mobility rather as a ...
(1) opportunity
(2) need
(3) coercion
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## 13) Consequences of Job Mobility

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
I will read out now some possible advantages of job-related mobility. Please tell me whether these advantages apply to you. ...

### 13.001 v13001

Filter rules: $(\operatorname{mob} 1=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1)$ and $\mathrm{v} 01021=1$
It is the only chance for you and your partner to both work in your jobs.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $13.002 \quad v 13002$

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
It is the only chance for you to work for pay.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
13.003 v13003

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
It improves your career opportunities.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
13.004
v13004
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
You are able to earn more money.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

### 13.005 v13005

Filter rules: $(\mathrm{mob} 1=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1)$ and $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$
Your children can or could stay in their familiar environment.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
13.006
v13006

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
You do not have to give up your house or apartment.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$13.007 \quad$ v13007
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
You can stay close to your friends and relatives.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$13.008 \quad$ v13008
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
It is just fun to be mobile.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
13.009 $\mathbf{v 1 3 0 0 9}$

You are more independent.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$13.010 \quad$ v13010
Filter rules: ( mob1 = 1 or mob2 = 1 or mob3 = 1 or mob4 = 1 ) and v01019 = 1
The time you and your partner spend together is more intensive.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$13.011 \quad \mathrm{v} 13011$
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
You can live in a nice area.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $13.012 \quad \mathrm{v} 13012$

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
There are no advantages.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don’t know

Filter rules: mob1 = 1 or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
Now I will read out possible disadvantages you face with your job-related mobility? Please tell me whether these advantages apply to you. ...

## $13.013 \quad \mathrm{v} 13013$

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
You are often under time pressure.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don’t know

### 13.014 v13014

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
You are often exhausted.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$13.015 \quad$ v13015
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
You do not feel really at home anywhere.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$13.016 \quad$ v13016
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
You are not able to engage in housework as much as necessary.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$13.017 \quad$ v13017
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
You are less efficient at work.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$13.018 \quad \mathrm{v} 13018$
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
You neglect contacts to people who are important to you.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
13.019
v13019
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
Mobility causes you high financial costs.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$13.020 \quad$ v13020
Filter rules: ( mob1 = 1 or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$ ) and v01019 = 1
You have too little time for your partner.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
13.021 v13021

Filter rules: ( mob1 = 1 or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$ ) and v06001 = 1
You have too little time for your children.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $13.022 \quad \mathrm{v} 13022$

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
You hardly have any leisure time.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $13.023 \quad v 13023$

Filter rules: $(\operatorname{mob} 1=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1)$ and $\mathrm{v} 01019 \neq 1$
It is difficult to build up a partnership.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

### 13.024 v13024

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
There are no disadvantages.
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don’t know
$13.025 \quad$ v13025
Filter rules: ( mob1 =1 or mob2 = 1 or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$ ) and v09010 > 1
How well do you feel supported by your employer? Is that not at all, a little, reasonably well, or very well?
(1) not at all
(2) a little
(3) reasonably well
(4) very well
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

Filter rules: ( mob1 = 1 or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 = 1) and v09010 > 1
Does your company support you by providing you with any of the following things:

| 13.026 $\quad$ v13026 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: ( mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$ ) and v09010 $>1$ |
| providing means of communication for private use <br> [If clarification is necessary:] e.g. a cell phone, an office phone or an e-mail account for you to use freely for <br> private purposes |

(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
13.027 v13027

Filter rules: ( mob1 =1 or mob2 = 1 or mob4 =1) and v09010 > 1
refunding or co-financing travel costs between home and workplace
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
13.028
v13028
Filter rules: mob2 $=1$ and v09010 $>1$
refunding or co-financing costs for extra rent or overnights away from home
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$13.029 \quad v 13029$
Filter rules: mob3 $=1$ and v09010 $>1$
refunding or co-financing costs for moving
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$13.030 \quad$ v13030
Filter rules: mob3 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 04001 \leq$ mob3year and $\mathrm{v} 09010>1$
help to find a job for your partner at the new place
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$13.031 \quad$ v13031
Filter rules: mob3 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06006 \leq$ mob3year and $\mathrm{v} 09010>1$
help to find a kindergarten or school for your [ child / children ]
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$13.032 \quad v 13032$
Filter rules: mob3 $=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 09010>1$
help with managing formal procedures
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$

In the following I will read out possibilities to support somebody who is mobile for the job. Please tell me whether they would improve your situation not at all, slightly or considerably.

## $13.033 \quad v 13033$

Filter rules: $($ mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1)$ and $\mathrm{v} 09010>1$
a financial or a bigger financial support from your employer
(1) improve not at all
(2) slightly improve
(3) considerably improve
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$13.034 \quad$ v13034
Filter rules: mob1 = 1 or mob2 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
a better infrastructure of transport
(1) improve not at all
(2) slightly improve
(3) considerably improve
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$13.035 \quad$ v13035
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
more flexible working hours
(1) improve not at all
(2) slightly improve
(3) considerably improve
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$13.036 \quad$ v13036
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
more possibility to work at home
(1) improve not at all
(2) slightly improve
(3) considerably improve
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
13.037 v13037

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
tax incentives regarding the costs of mobility
(1) improve not at all
(2) slightly improve
(3) considerably improve
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $13.038 \quad$ v13038

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
more personal services provided by the employer
[If clarification is necessary:] ... for example a concierge or an assistant
(1) improve not at all
(2) slightly improve
(3) considerably improve
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$13.039 \quad$ v13039
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
more affordable or available services in your environment, like child care or longer opening hours in shops and in government offices
(1) improve not at all
(2) slightly improve
(3) considerably improve
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$13.040 \quad v 13040$
Filter rules: $(\mathrm{mob} 1=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1)$ and $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 06001=0$ more support from your partner
(1) improve not at all
(2) slightly improve
(3) considerably improve
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$13.041 \quad v 13041$
Filter rules: $($ mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1)$ and $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$
more support from your family
(1) improve not at all
(2) slightly improve
(3) considerably improve
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $13.042 \quad$ v13042

Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
more understanding for your situation from your friends
(1) improve not at all
(2) slightly improve
(3) considerably improve
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob3 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$

Please tell me whether you fully disagree, somewhat disagree, somewhat agree or fully agree with the following statement: ...

## $13.043 \quad$ v13043

Filter rules: mob1 =1 or mob2 = 1 or mob4 $=1$
You have developed good strategies to manage your mobile way of life.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

### 13.044 v13044

Filter rules: mob3 $=1$
You have developed good strategies to integrate yourself and settle into your new location.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$13.045 \quad v 1304501 /$ v1304502 / v1304503 / v1304504 / v1304505 / v1304506
Filter rules: mob1 $=1$ or mob2 $=1$ or mob4 $=1$
How do you consider your time during job related travelling? Is it for you primarily a waste of time, a time to relax or rest, a time to do some leisure activities, or a time to work?
[Multiple answers possible] [Read out answer categories:]

1. a waste of time
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
2. time to relax, rest, sleep
(1) applies
(0) doesn't apply
[Analogue:]
3. time to do leisure activities [like reading, playing games, talking, etc.]
4. time to work
5. don't want to say
6. don't know

## F) Work II

## 14) Readiness to Become Job Mobile

$14.001 \quad$ v14001
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01001=0$ and $\mathrm{v} 06066 \neq 1$ and $\mathrm{v} 1000104=0$ and $\mathrm{v} 1000105=0$ and v1000106 $=0$
Would you like to have a job?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$14.002 \quad$ v14002
Filter rules: v14001 = 1
In order to get a job, would you be willing to move to another region?
[If clarification is necessary:] to a region far enough that you wouldn't return on a weekly basis, to meet the old friends, visit the same church ...
(1) Yes, I would do that.
(9998) don't want to say
(2) under certain circumstances.
(3) No, I would not do that.
14.003 v 14003

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or v06066 $=1$
In order to get a better job or a promotion, would you be willing to move to another region?
[If clarification is necessary:] to a region far enough that you wouldn't return on a weekly basis, to meet the old friends, visit the same church ...
[If the respondent answers "I am doing this already" add:] Would you be willing to do this again, also for the next job?
(1) Yes, I would do that.
(2) under certain circumstances.
(3) No, I would not do that.
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$14.004 \quad \mathrm{~V} 14004$
Filter rules: v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1 or v14001 = 1
Would you be willing to move to a foreign country for this purpose?
[If the respondent answers "I am doing this already" add:] Would you be willing to do this again, also for the next job?
(1) Yes, I would do that.
(2) under certain circumstances.
(3) No, I would not do that. (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $14.005 \quad \mathrm{v} 14005$

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or v06066 $=1$ or v14001 $=1$
Would you be willing to travel one hour or more one way each day to get to the job? [If the respondent answers "I am doing this already" add:] Would you be willing to do this again, also for the next job?
(1) Yes, I would do that.
(9998) don't want to say
(2) under certain circumstances.
(3) No, I would not do that.
(9999) don't know
$14.006 \quad \mathrm{v} 14006$
Filter rules: v01001 $=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 06066=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 14001=1$
What about travelling once a week someplace where you stay overnight and return only on weekends?
[If the respondent answers "I am doing this already" add:] Would you be willing to do this again, also for the next job?
(1) Yes, I would do that.
(9998) don't want to say
(2) under certain circumstances.
(3) No, I would not do that.
$14.007 \quad \mathrm{v} 14007$
Filter rules: v01001 $=1$ or v06066 $=1$ or v14001 $=1$
What about going frequently on business trips that require overnights away from home? [If the respondent answers "I am doing this already" add:] Would you be willing to do this again, also for the next job?
(1) Yes, I would do that.
(2) under certain circumstances.
(3) No, I would not do that.
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

* Compare section 8 in the documentation!
$14.008 \quad$ v14008
Filter rules: v01001 = 1 or v06066 $=1$ or v01002 $=1$
Did you ever refuse a job because it would have meant moving, commuting a long distance, or travelling a lot?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know


## G) Individual Characteristics

## 15) Attitudes Regarding Job, Job Mobility and Family

## Filter rules:

I will read a few statements. Please tell me whether you fully disagree, somewhat disagree, somewhat agree, or fully agree:
15.001 v15001

Filter rules: v01001 = 1 or v06066 = 1
If you lost your job today, it would be really hard for you to find an equivalent job.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$15.002 \quad$ v15002
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01001=0$ and $\mathrm{v} 06066 \neq 1$ and $\mathrm{v} 1000102=1$
It is really hard for you to find a decent job.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$15.003 \quad v 15003$
Filter rules: v01001 $=0$ and $\mathrm{v} 06066 \neq 1$ and $\mathrm{v} 1000102 \neq 1$
If you were looking for a job now, it would be really hard for you to find a decent job.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$15.004 \quad v 15004$
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or v06066 $=1$ and v09010 $=1$
You are very worried not to have enough business.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$15.005 \quad$ v15005
Filter rules: v01001 $=1$ or v06066 $=1$ and v09010 > 1
You are very worried to lose your job.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$15.006 \quad$ v15006
Filter rules: v01001 = 1 or v06066 $=1$ and v09010 > 1
To promote your job career at your current employer it is necessary to be willing to be mobile.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| 15.007 | $\mathbf{v 1 5 0 0 7}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: - |  |

In your opinion, it is acceptable that employers expect mobility from their workers.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$15.008 \quad \mathrm{v15008}$
Filter rules: -

Your job career could have been more successful if you had had fewer responsibilities for housework and care-giving.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| 15.009 | $\mathrm{v15009}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: - |  |

In your opinion it is usually better for the children if the man is the main provider and the woman takes care of the home and the family.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$15.010 \quad$ v15010
Filter rules: -
You can always manage to solve difficult problems if you try hard enough.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
15.011 v15011

Filter rules: -
You are very good in reading maps and finding your way.
(1) fully disagree
(2) somewhat disagree
(3) somewhat agree
(4) fully agree
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
15.012 v 15012

Filter rules: -
If you think about relocating to a new region, do you rather think about the opportunities and advantages that are awaiting you in the new place or about giving up your current life?
[Do not read out - just mark:]
(1) think about the opportunities and advantages that are awaiting you in the new place?
(2) think about giving up your current life?
(3) both equally
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

### 15.013 v15013

Filter rules: -
Do you consider yourself to be more family-oriented or more career-oriented?
[If clarification is necessary:] Independent from the hours you actually spend with paid work or with housework family, with which of the two would you like to spend the bigger share of the day with if you could choose?
[Do not read out - just mark:]
(1) more family-oriented
(2) more career-oriented
(3) both equally
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $15.014 \quad$ v15014

Filter rules: v06001 $=0$ and ( v01001 $=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 01002=1$ )
When taking care for family members, did you ever have to stop or interrupt your job for more than one year?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$15.015 \quad$ v15015
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and ( $\mathrm{v} 01001=1$ or $\mathrm{v} 01002=1$ )
When taking care for your children or for other family members, did you ever stop or interrupt your job for more than one year? [including maternal or parental leave]
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$15.016 \quad v 15016$
Filter rules: v01001 $=1$ or v01002 $=1$
Did you ever reduce your work hours or work load for this reason?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
15.017 v15017

Filter rules: v01019 = 1 and v06001 $=0$
When taking care for family members, did your partner ever stop or interrupt his/her job for more than one year?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$15.018 \quad \mathrm{v} 15018$
Filter rules: v01019 = 1 and v06001 = 1
When taking care for your children or for other family members, did your partner ever stop or interrupt [ his/her ] job for more than one year? [including maternal or parental leave]
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$15.019 \quad \mathrm{v} 15019$
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 15017=1$ or v15018 $=1$
Was that in the past or is it currently the case?
(1) past
(2) currently
(3) both
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$15.020 \quad$ v15020
Filter rules: v01019 = 1
Did [ he/she ] ever reduce [ his/her ] work hours or work load for this reason?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

### 15.021 v15021

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 15020=1$
Was that in the past or is it currently the case?
(1) past
(2) currently
(3) both
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

Filter rules: v06001 = 1
Which of the following statements applies to you: ...
$15.022 \quad v 15022$
Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 06001=1$ and v02001 $\leq 1966$
You have fewer children than initially planned because of your job career.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$15.023 \quad$ v15023
Filter rules: v06001 = 1
Your [ child was / children were ] born later than initially planned because of your job career.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$15.024 \quad v 15024$
Filter rules: v06001 = 1 and v02001 > 1966
You are currently postponing having more children because of your job career.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## 16) Health, Stress and Satisfaction

Now I'd like to ask some questions about your health and well-being:

| $16.001 \quad$ v16001 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: - |  |

In general, would you say your health is poor, fair, good, or excellent?
(1) poor
(2) fair
(3) good
(4) very good
(5) excellent
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## Filter rules:

I am going to read a series of statements. Please tell me how much of the time in the past 3 months the statement was true for you, whether never, seldom, sometimes, often, or very often.
16.002 v16002

Filter rules: -
You felt pressed for time. Was that true for you seldom, sometimes, often, or very often in the last 3 months?
(1) never
(2) seldom
(3) sometimes
(4) often
(5) very often
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| 16.003 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: - |
| You felt tired and exhausted. Was that never, seldom, sometimes, often, or very often? |
| (1) never (2) seldom (3) sometimes (4) often |
| (9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know very often |


| 16.004 | v16004 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: - |  |
| You fet |  |

## You felt full of energy and pep.

[If clarification is necessary:] Was that never, seldom, sometimes, often, or very often?
(1) never
(2) seldom
(3) sometimes
(4) often
(5) very often
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
16.005 v16005

Filter rules: -
You felt in low spirits or depressed.
[If clarification is necessary:] Was that never, seldom, sometimes, often, or very often?
(1) never
(2) seldom
(3) sometimes
(4) often
(5) very often
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
16.006 v16006

Filter rules: -
You felt good (comfortable) and well-balanced.
[If clarification is necessary:] Was that never, seldom, sometimes, often, or very often?
(1) never
(2) seldom
(3) sometimes
(4) often
(5) very often
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
16.007 v16007

Filter rules:
You felt lonesome.
[If clarification is necessary:] Was that never, seldom, sometimes, often, or very often?
(1) never
(2) seldom
(3) sometimes
(4) often
(5) very often
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## Filter rules: -

Now I want to ask about stress. ...

| $16.008 \quad \mathrm{~V} 16008$ |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: -- |
| Wine |

Within the last three months, how often did you feel stressed because you had too many duties to fulfil? Was that never, seldom, sometimes, often or very often?
(1) never
(2) seldom
(3) sometimes
(4) often
(5) very often
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$16.009 \quad$ v16009

Filter rules: v01001 $=1$ or v06066 $=1$
How about because of your daily work situation, how often did you feel stressed?
[If clarification is necessary:] Was that never, seldom, sometimes, often, or very often?
(1) never
(2) seldom
(3) sometimes
(4) often
(5) very often
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$16.010 \quad \mathrm{v} 16010$
Filter rules: v01019 = 1
And how often did you feel stressed because of conflicts with your partner?
[If clarification is necessary:] Was that never, seldom, sometimes, often, or very often?
(1) never
(2) seldom
(3) sometimes
(4) often
(5) very often
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $16.011 \quad \mathrm{v} 16011$

Filter rules: v06001 = 1
And what about because of difficulties or worries concerning your children?
[If clarification is necessary:] Was that never, seldom, sometimes, often, or very often?
(1) never
(2) seldom
(3) sometimes
(4) often
(5) very often
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

### 16.012 v16012

Filter rules: -
If you think about all aspects of your life: How stressful was your life all in all within the last 3 months? This time please answer on a scale of 1 to 10 , where 1 is not stressful at all, and 10 is very stressful.
(1) not stressful at all
(2) (3)
(4) (5)
(6) (7) (8) (9)
(10) very stressful
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## Filter rules: -

Now I want to ask you about your satisfaction with aspects of life recently, in the last three months.
16.013 v 16013

Filter rules: -
How satisfied are you with the availability of public transport in your region?
Are you very dissatisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, somewhat satisfied, or very satisfied?
(1) very dissatisfied
(2) somewhat dissatisfied
(3) somewhat satisfied (4) very satisfied (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$16.014 \quad \mathrm{v} 16014$

## Filter rules:

And what about your financial situation? Would that be very dissatisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, somewhat satisfied, or very satisfied?
(1) very dissatisfied
(2) s
(9999) don't know


## $16.016 \quad \mathrm{v} 16016$

Filter rules: v06001 = 1
How satisfied are you with your relationship to your children?
[If clarification is necessary:] Are you very dissatisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, somewhat satisfied, or very satisfied?
(1) very dissatisfied (2) somewhat dissatisfied
(3) somewhat satisfied
(4) very satisfied (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$16.017 \quad \mathrm{v} 16017$
Filter rules: $\mathbf{v} 01001=1$ or v06066 $=1$
And with your job situation, how satisfied are you?
[If clarification is necessary:] Are you very dissatisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, somewhat satisfied, or very satisfied?
(1) very dissatisfied
(2) somewhat dissatisfied
(3) somewhat satisfied
(4) very satisfied (9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| 16.018 | v 16018 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter rules: - |  |
| All |  |

All things considered, how satisfied would you say are you with your life within the last 3 months? Please tell me on a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 means very dissatisfied and 10 means very satisfied.
(1) very dissatisfied
(2)
(3)
(4)
(5)
(6) (7)
(8) (9)
(10) very satisfied
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## 17) Socio Demographics

## We're almost finished, just a few questions more ...

## $17.001 \quad v 1700101 / v 1700101 a / v 1700102 /$... / v1700106 / v1700106a

Filter rules: -
Which languages do you speak? Please start with the language you speak best including [ interview language ] .
[If clarification is necessary:] Count every language in which you could have a conversation if necessary.
[Do not read out - just mark:]

1. (01) English
(02) French
(03) German
(04) Spanish
(07) Greek
(05) Italian
(06) Polish
(08) Serbo-Croatian
(09) Dutch
(10) Russian
(11) Turkish
(12) Arabian
(13) Chinese
(14) Japanese
(15) other: $\qquad$ (v1700101a)
(9998) don’t want to say
2. (01) English

| (02) French | $(03)$ German |
| :--- | :--- |
| (05) Italian | (06) Polish |
| (08) Serbo-Croatian | (09) Dutch |
| (11) Turkish | (12) Arabian |
| (14) Japanese |  |

(04) Spanish
(07) Greek
(08) Serbo-Croatian
(09) Dutch
(10) Russian
(14) Japanese
(13) Chinese
(15) other: $\qquad$ (v1700102a)
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
03. (01) English
(02) French
(03) German
(04) Spanish
(05) Italian
(06) Polish
(07) Greek
(08) Serbo-Croatian
(09) Dutch
(10) Russian
(11) Turkish
(12) Arabian
(13) Chinese
(14) Japanese
(15) other: $\qquad$
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
04. (01) English
(02) French
(03) German
(04) Spanish
(05) Italian
(07) Greek
(08) Serbo-Croatian
(06) Polish
(10) Russian
(11) Turkish
(09) Dutch
(13) Chinese
(14) Japanese
(15) other: $\qquad$
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don’t know
05. (01) English
(02) French
(03) German
(04) Spanish
(05) Italian
(06) Polish
(07) Greek
(08) Serbo-Croatian
(09) Dutch
(10) Russian
(11) Turkish
(13) Chinese
(14) Japanese
(15) other: $\qquad$
(12) Arabian
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
06. (01) English
(04) Spanish
(07) Greek
(10) Russian
(13) Chinese
(15) other:
(02) French
(05) Italian
(08) Serbo-Croatian
(03) German
(06) Polish
(09) Dutch
(12) Arabian
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
(11) Turkish
(14) Japanese

### 17.002 v17002

Filter rules: -
Do you personally have a laptop?
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

| $17.003 \quad$ v17003 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: - |

How about having web access in your home?
[If clarification is necessary:] We mean only the access, not whether a computer is always available to plug it in.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don’t want to say
(9999) don't know
$17.004 \quad$ v17004

Filter rules:
Do you personally have a car or motorcycle for your own use?
[Motorcycle does not include mopeds, scooters or similar.]
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know
$17.005 \quad$ v17005
Filter rules: v17004 = 1
On average during the last twelve months how frequently did you use it?
(1) daily or nearly daily
(2) weekly
(3) a few times a month
(4) more seldom
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

### 17.006 v17006

Filter rules: -
And do you have motorway access within 20 minutes of your home?
[If clarification is necessary:] We mean your main residence, where your centre of life is situated.
We do not mean secondary residences, which you might use only work-related or for holidays.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| $17.007 \quad$ v17007 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: - |

From your (main) place of living, can you reach railway station with regional trains within 20 minutes?
[If clarification is necessary:] From your main residence.
[If clarification is necessary:] With any means of transportation available to you.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$17.008 \quad$ v17008
Filter rules: -
What about a railway station with other trains (High speed and inter-city trains), do you have such a station within $\mathbf{2 0}$ minutes?
[If clarification is necessary:] From your main residence.
[If clarification is necessary:] With any means of transportation available to you.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know
$17.009 \quad$ v17009
Filter rules: -
Can you reach an airport within 45 minutes?
[If clarification is necessary:] From your main residence.
[If clarification is necessary:] With any means of transportation available to you.
(1) yes
(0) no
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

| 17.010 $\quad$ v17010 |
| :--- |
| Filter rules: - |
| On average during the last twelve months how frequently did you use public transport of |
| any kind? |

[If clarification is necessary:] busses, street cars, subways, trains of all kinds
(1) daily or nearly daily
(2) weekly
(3) a few times a month
(4) more seldom / never
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know

## $17.011 \quad v 17011 a / v 17011 b$

## Filter rules: in all countries, except in Spain

What is your total net household income, from all sources?
You can tell me either per month or per year.
[If clarification is necessary:] We mean all sources of income that are available to you and the people you earlier counted as members of your household. Deduct all taxes and payments for social security.
[If the respondent has difficulties to answer:] It is fine if you give estimate as well as possible.
[If the respondent doesn't want to answer:] Would you tell us in which of a number of categories it lies?
a. monthly: $\qquad$ [Euro ${ }^{*}$ ] (9999998) don't want to say
b. yearly: $\qquad$ [Euro ${ }^{*}$ ] (9999998) don't want to say
(9000001) prefer to give a category
(9999999) don't know
(9000001) prefer to give a category
(9999999) don't know

* In the survey each national questionnaire used the respective survey country's currency.

In the comprehensive data set the currencies of Poland and Switzerland were converted into Euro.

## $17.012 \quad$ v17012

Filter rules: in Spain: always / in all other countries: if v17011 $=9000001$
Do you want me to read out amounts per month or per year?
(1) per month
(2) per year
(9998) don't want to say (9999) don't know

## $17.013 \quad$ v17013

Filter rules: v17012 $=2$
Is your total monthly net household income, ...
(1) not more than [median - 50\%]
(3) more than $[\mathrm{m}-30 \%]$, up to $[\mathrm{m}-15 \%]$
(5) more than [median], up to [ $\mathrm{m}+15 \%$ ]
(7) more than $[m+30 \%]$, up to $[m+50 \%]$
(9) more than $[\mathrm{m}+80 \%]$
(9998) don't want to say

|  | $-50 \%$ | $-30 \%$ | $-\mathbf{- 1 5 \%}$ | Median | $+15 \%$ | $+30 \%$ | $+50 \%$ | $+80 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Germany | $1,600 €$ | $2,200 €$ | $2,600 €$ | $3,100 €$ | $3,600 €$ | $4,000 €$ | $4,700 €$ | 5,600 |
| Spain | $900 €$ | $1,300 €$ | $1,500 €$ | $1,800 €$ | $2,100 €$ | $2,400 €$ | $2,700 €$ | 3,300 |
| France | $1,700 €$ | $2,300 €$ | $2,800 €$ | $3,300 €$ | $3,900 €$ | $4,400 €$ | $5,000 €$ | 6,000 |
| Netherlands | $1,400 €$ | $1,900 €$ | $2,400 €$ | $2,800 €$ | $3,200 €$ | $3,600 €$ | $4,100 €$ | 5,000 |
| Belgium | $1,700 €$ | $2,400 €$ | $2,900 €$ | $3,500 €$ | $4,000 €$ | $4,500 €$ | $5,200 €$ | 6,200 |
| Switzerland | $1,800 €$ | $2,500 €$ | $3,100 €$ | $3,600 €$ | $4,200 €$ | $4,700 €$ | $5,500 €$ | 6,500 |
| Poland | $700 €$ | $1,000 €$ | $1,200 €$ | $1,400 €$ | $1,700 €$ | $1,900 €$ | $2,200 €$ | 2,600 |

## $17.014 \quad \mathrm{v} 17014$

Filter rules: v17012=2
Is your total yearly net household income, ...

| (1) not more than $[$ median $-50 \%]$ | (2) more than $[\mathrm{m}-50 \%]$, up to $[\mathrm{m}-30 \%]$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| (3) more than $[\mathrm{m}-30 \%]$, up to $[\mathrm{m}-15 \%]$ | (4) more than $[\mathrm{m}-15 \%]$, up to $[\mathrm{median}]$ |
| (5) more than $[\mathrm{median}]$, up to $[\mathrm{m}+15 \%]$ | (6) more than $[\mathrm{m}+15 \%]$, up to $[\mathrm{m}+30 \%]$ |
| (7) more than $[\mathrm{m}+30 \%]$, up to $[\mathrm{m}+50 \%]$ | (8) more than $[\mathrm{m}+50 \%]$, up to $[\mathrm{m}+80 \%]$ |
| (9) more than $[\mathrm{m}+80 \%]$ |  |
| (9998) don't want to say | (9999) don't know |


|  | $-\mathbf{- 5 0 \%}$ | $-\mathbf{- 3 0 \%}$ | $-\mathbf{- 1 5 \%}$ | Median | $+\mathbf{1 5 \%}$ | $+\mathbf{+ 3 0 \%}$ | $+\mathbf{+ 5 0 \%}$ | $+80 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Germany | $19,000 €$ | $26,000 €$ | $32,000 €$ | $37,000 €$ | $43,000 €$ | $49,000 €$ | $56,000 €$ | 67,000 |
| Spain | $11,000 €$ | $15,000 €$ | $19,000 €$ | $22,000 €$ | $25,000 €$ | $28,000 €$ | $33,000 €$ | 39,000 |
| France | $20,000 €$ | $28,000 €$ | $34,000 €$ | $40,000 €$ | $46,000 €$ | $52,000 €$ | $60,000 €$ | 72,000 |
| Netherlands | $17,000 €$ | $23,000 €$ | $28,000 €$ | $33,000 €$ | $38,000 €$ | $43,000 €$ | $50,000 €$ | 60,000 |
| Belgium | $21,000 €$ | $29,000 €$ | $35,000 €$ | $41,000 €$ | $48,000 €$ | $54,000 €$ | $62,000 €$ | 75,000 |
| Switzerland | $22,000 €$ | $31,000 €$ | $37,000 €$ | $44,000 €$ | $50,000 €$ | $57,000 €$ | $65,000 €$ | 79,000 |
| Poland | $9,000 €$ | $12,000 €$ | $15,000 €$ | $17,000 €$ | $20,000 €$ | $23,000 €$ | $26,000 €$ | 31,000 |

### 17.015 v17015

Filter rules: $\mathrm{v} 01019=1$ and $\mathrm{v} 01020=1$
Thinking about the contribution to your total household income, who contributes most, you, your partner, or both of you equally?
(1) you
(2) your partner
(3) both of you equally
(9998) don't want to say
(9999) don't know


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Today, Norbert F. Schneider is director of the Federal Institute for Population Research (BiB) in Wiesbaden, Germany. BiB, in the meantime, coordinates a second panel wave of the Job Mobilities and Family Lives data set.
    ${ }^{2}$ Schneider, Norbert F./Meil, Gerardo (eds.): Mobile Living across Europe. Volume I. Relevance and Diversity of Job-Related Spatial Mobility in Six European Countries. Opladen: Barbara Budrich.
    Schneider, Norbert F./Collet, Beate (eds.): Mobile Living Across Europe. Volume II. Causes and Consequences of Job-Related Spatial Mobility in Cross-National Perspective. Opladen: Barbara Budrich.
    cp. especially Limmer, Ruth/Schneider, Norbert F. (2008): Studying Job-Related Spatial Mobility in Europe. in: Schneider, Norbert F./Meil, Gerardo (eds.): Mobile Living across Europe. Volume I, pp. 13-45.
    ${ }^{3}$ Huynen, Philippe/Montulet, Bertrand/Hubert, Michel/Lück, Detlev/Orain, Renaud (2008): Survey Design and Methods. in: Schneider, Norbert F./Meil, Gerardo (eds.): Mobile Living across Europe. Volume I, pp. 47-63. Huynen, Philippe/Hubert, Michel/Lück, Detlev (2010): Research Design. in: Schneider, Norbert F./Collet, Beate (eds.): Mobile Living Across Europe. Volume II, pp. 25-36.

[^1]:    Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.

[^2]:    ${ }^{4}$ Theoretically, the best way to draw a random sample is to select randomly from a "sampling base" that contains all individuals in the target population. National population registers - as far as they exist and are maintained adequately - would be ideal sampling bases. However, recent legislative developments concerning privacy have restricted access to these data more and more. Until recently, phone books were another interesting sampling base. In Western European countries their coverage used to be good enough. However, an increasing number of unlisted landline phone numbers, in combination with the spread of people who have mobile phones only but no landline, meanwhile makes it problematic to use phone directories.
    5 Häder, Sabine/Gabler, Siegfried (1998): Ein neues Stichprobendesign für telefonische Umfragen in Deutschland. in: Gabler, Siegfried/Häder, Sabine/Hoffmeyer-Zlotnik, Jürgen H. P. (eds.): Telefonstichproben in Deutschland. Opladen: Westdeutscher Verlag, pp. 69-88.

[^3]:    ${ }^{6}$ European Commission (2008): E-Communications. Haushaltsumfrage. Eurobarometer Spezial 293 / Welle 68.2.

[^4]:    ${ }^{7}$ Alwin, Duane F./Braun, Michael/Harkness, Janet/Scott, Jacqueline (1994): Measurement in Multi-National Surveys. in: Borg, Ingwer/Mohler, Peter Ph. (eds.): Trends and Perspectives in Empirical Social Research. Berlin: Walter de Gruyter, pp. 26-39.

[^5]:    ${ }^{8}$ The exact income brackets used in each country are documented in the questionnaire in the appendix.

[^6]:    Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.

[^7]:    Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.

[^8]:    ${ }^{9}$ The category of Overnighters was chosen because people in a Long Distance Relationship are in a quite similar situation as Shuttlers or weekend commuters - who are a sub form of Overnighters (cp. the indicator mobility02 described below): Weekend commuters also mostly have a partner, whom they meet only on weekends. The only major difference is that weekend commuters define one of the two households as a secondary household.

[^9]:    Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.

[^10]:    ${ }^{10}$ For more detailed information about the ISCED-97 classification visit: http://www.unesco.org/education/information/nfsunesco/doc/isced_1997.htm

[^11]:    ${ }^{11}$ ISCO-88 is an adaptation of the older ISCO-68 code. Meanwhile a new adaptation, ISCO-08, is available that better fits to the current range of occupations in Europe. However, at the time of the post-coding (autumn 2007) ISCO-08 was not available yet. And until today (early 2011) there are no tables or instructions how to translate ISCO-08 codes into a job prestige scale (cp. section 6.5 below). For these reasons ISCO- 88 is still the most established classification available and practicable. It has been used in most large cross-national studies, and it is the basis for the most established job prestige scales (see section 6.5 below). For more detailed information about the ISCO-88 classification visit: http://www.ilo.org/public/english/bureau/stat/isco/isco88/index.htm

[^12]:    ${ }^{12}$ For more detailed information about the SOC classification - meanwhile available in the adjusted version SOC-2010 - visit: http://www.bls.gov/soc/
    ${ }_{13}^{13} \mathrm{http}: / /$ www.esds.ac.uk/government/themes/labour/
    ${ }^{14}$ The tables used here are provided by the Dutch researcher Harry B. G. Ganzeboom on his personal website: http://home.fsw.vu.nl/hbg.ganzeboom/isco08/
    ${ }^{15}$ Treiman, Donald J. (1977): Occupational Prestige in Comparative Perspective. New York: Academic Press. Treiman, Donald J. (1976): A Standard Occupational Prestige Scale for Use with Historical Data. in: Journal of Interdisciplinary History 7, pp. 283-304.

[^13]:    ${ }^{16}$ Ganzeboom, Harry B. G./De Graaf, Paul M./Treiman, Donald J./de Leeuw, Jan (1992): A standard international socio-economic index of occupational status. in: Social Science Research 21, pp. 1-56.

[^14]:    ${ }^{17}$ You can find more detailed information on the NUTS and LAU codes as well as tables listing regions for all EU countries and mentioning the number of regions that are distinguished on each level under:
    $\mathrm{http}: / / \mathrm{ec}$. europa.eu/comm/eurostat/ramon/nuts/introannex_regions_en.html
    http://ec.europa.eu/comm/eurostat/ramon/nuts/lau_en.html http://ec.europa.eu/comm/eurostat/ramon/nuts/splash_regions.html
    Lück, Detlev/Knors, Nathalie (2007): The LAU2 Code. How to Analyse Regional Differences. JobMob and FamLives Working-Paper (JFW), No. 2007-01, http://www.jobmob-and-famlives.eu (retrieved Dec 10, 2007).

[^15]:    Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.

[^16]:    ${ }^{18}$ Deville, Jean-Claude/Särndal, Carl-Erik/Sautory, Oliver (1993): Generalized Raking Procedures in Survey Sampling. in: Journal of the American Statistical Association, 88, 423, pp. 1013-1020.
    Deville, Jean-Claude/Särndal Carl-Erik (1992): Calibration Estimators in Survey Sampling. in: Journal of the American Statistical Association, 87, 418, pp. 376-382.
    Deming, W. Edwards/Stephan, Frederick F. (1940): On a Least Squares Adjustment of a Sampled Frequency Table when the Expected Marginal Totals are Known. in: Annals of Mathematical Statistics, 11, 4, pp. 427-444.

[^17]:    Source: Job Mobilities and Family Lives in Europe.
    ${ }^{A}$ The bias is corrected by adjusting national subsample sizes according to the relative size of the national target population in the six country target population.
    ${ }^{B}$ The bias is corrected by equalising the national subsample sizes.

